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Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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Regd. No. B 1065

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TURKEY REPELS NAZI MACHINATIONS

No Fear Of Attack On Her Independence

PREMIER'S PLAIN HINT TO VON PAPEN

Country Won't Take Dictation From Others, Says Saydam

ANKARA, July 12.

"Turkey's only answer to any threat to her independence will be to take up arms and defend the country to the last," declared Dr. Saydam, Prime Minister, in a speech in Parliament this afternoon.

NAZI INTRIGUES

Dr. Saydam made a bitter attack on German intrigues in Turkey. The speech was a direct reply to efforts by Herr von Papen, the German Ambassador, both to secure the resignation of M. Sarajoglu, Turkish Foreign Miniter, and disturb Russo-Turkish relations.

TURKEY WON'T TAKE DICTATION

No Longer The Dead Ottoman Empire

Dr. Saydam said: "The measures we are taking to ensure Turkey's security and the nation's well-being are proceeding without difficulty and the Turkish citizen is fulfilling his duty with pride, happiness and confidence. The first thing to remember in attempting to influence Turkey is that she is no longer the dead and gone Ottoman Empire. The maintenance, departure or replacement of Turkish statesmen can only take place by a decision of the Turkish National Assembly and with its approval."

ONLY ONE PROGRAMME

Dr. Saydam proceeded: "The men now directing Turkey have only one programme—security of the Turkish Republic—and alongside that are cherishing friendships appropriate to Turkish interests and security.

Faithful to her friendship and resolute to defend her Independence and liberty, Turkey, united like a single body, awaits events. We do not attempt either to provoke or attack our neighbours. We note with satisfaction evident proof that the same sentiments are shared by them.

NO FEAR OF ATTACK

The only response which the Turkish people will make to any action threatening the Independence of the Turkish Republic or integrity of its territory will consist in taking up arms and defending the country to the last. In spite of the world's unstable situation, our country does not seem exposed to any imminent danger and continues to be animated by the will to maintain good relations with all States, particularly with her neighbours."

NAZI DIPLOMACY FAILS

Herr Von Papen has now returned to Ankara to keep in touch with political developments here.

The Turks have become thoroughly exasperated by the intrigues of German diplomatic circles, who during the past week have been spreading fantastic suggestions about what the Soviet was going to demand from Turkey including formal abrogation of the pact with Britain, application for German "protection" and cession of Istanbul to Russia. such suggestions doubtless account for the increasingly sharp tone of the Turkish press and irritating official circles here.

To-day's Soviet denial and Dr. Saydam's speech are likely to make clear—even to German diplomatists—how signally they have failed to intimidate Turkey.—**Reuter.**

TURKEY CALLS UP 17 CLASSES OF CAVALRY

Cables from Ankara state:

Events in Turkey began to move at a quickening pace to-day. First came the news that the military authorities in Istanbul area were calling up seventeen classes of cavalry from the age of 22 to 23 on Monday while all Turkish soldiers who, through ill-health, have been given leave, are being recalled to-morrow. Then came the announcement that members of the People's (Government) Party were summoned at 10 G.M.T. today.

A Communique issued this afternoon states: Mr. Saydam made a long, detailed declaration on the situation and the political events of the past few days.

The Parliamentary group approved unanimously and amid applause the Premier's review, today's meeting apparently centred on Turko-Russian relations.

Although official circles still discount all talk of Russian "ultimatum" to Turkey, the relations between the two countries now appear to be crystalising, especially as regards the long-standing Russian desire for a free passage to her warships through the Dardanelles.

It would not be surprising in view of the recent press campaign if the Russians at once sought a revision of the Treaty of Montreaux, which gave Turkey the power to forbid passage of warships through the Straits.

Turkey's own attitude is likely to be made known in an official declaration which may be issued to-morrow.

Soviet Denies Ultimatum Story

The Moscow radio denied reports that Russia had presented an ultimatum to Turkey. "The reports are an invention which do not in the least correspond with facts", said the announcer.—Reuter.

AXIS POWERS' NEW GAME

LONDON, July 11.

Exasperation appears to be growing in Turkey at German interference in her affairs.

As seen here the Axis powers appears to be concentrating on distracting Russia's attention from the Balkans and seeking to interest her in Turkey and the Near-East instead.

The Turkish press comments with increasing bitterness on German attempts to sow discord between the eTurks and the Russians.

BERLIN-BALTIC COMMUNICATIONS CUT OFF

BASLE, July 12.

According to a Berlin report to the "National Zeitung", telephonic and telegraphic communications between Berlin and Latvia, Lithuania and Estonia are interrupted.

The report adds there has been no news from these countries since 8 p. m. on Wednesday.—Reuter.

ROOSEVELT KEEPS MUM

Evade Questions Regarding Presidential Elections

WASHINGTON, July 12.

President Roosevelt stated definitely to-day that he will not go to Chicago to attend the Democratic Convention.

At a Press Conference, however, he again evaded questions regarding his intentions, should he be nominated for a third term of office.

President Roosevelt stated that he was conferring to-day with Mr. Stimson regarding the mobilisation of the National Guard for training.

NAVAL CONTRACTS

The Navy Department has awarded record peacetime contracts totalling 137 million dollars as part of the programme to build up Pacific and Atlantic Fleets.—Reuter.

"WILL ROOSEVELT BE PRESIDENT THIRD TIME?

WASHINGTON, July 12.

Mr. Ickes, Secretary for the Interior, announced to-night that he had not the slightest doubt that President Roosevelt would run for a third term of office.—Reuter.

Nazi Shipping Losses

LONDON, July 12.

Authoritative quarters in London state that Germany has lost about 877,000 tons of merchant shipping and Italy about 244,000 tons since the war began. This total of 1,121,000 tons is more than the total British shipping losses upto July 1.—Reuter.

Party Feud In Mexico

Camacho-Almazan Fight Over Presidential Election Result

Will Cardenas Intervene And Avert Civil War?

MEXICO CITY, July 12.

An extraordinary situation has arisen out of the presidential election. As a result of the scrutiny of votes cast, General Avila Camacho claims an overwhelming majority throughout the Republic, while his opponent General Juan Almazan is equally convinced he is victorious. In the ordinary course the official result would be announced on September 11 in the Chamber of Deputies.

Almazan's Claim

An advertisement, however, is published by the entire press to the effect that General Almazan is convinced that he has been legally elected and intends to establish his own Congress and has already issued credentials for Deputies.

Summons Congress

The notice adds the Congress will meet at a place to be announced in order to declare General Almazan as President. He will then take the Oath of Office regardless of what the Camacho party may do in Official Chamber.

Will Cardenas Step In?

The situation has fearsome possibilities and unless President Cardenas finds a way of straightening the matter out, Mexico may have a return of the old upheavals.—Reuter.

SHEER NAZI INVENTION

British Denial Of Story Of Secret Pact For Jewish State In Palestine

LONDON, July 12.

The Ministry of Information state: "Statements recently made in German broadcasts in Arabic with regard to British-Jewish Pact about Palestine are completely false. There have been no negotiations before or since the Franco-German Armistice with regard to a Jewish State in Palestine, evacuation of Arabs or any such schemes and, in spite of the wealth of detail given by German broadcasts, these have no foundation in fact.

It is, of course, well-known that Jews of Palestine, like great many Arabs there, are working and fighting on the side of Great Britain against Nazi domination, but any story of a "secret pact" between Great Britain and the Jewish Agency is sheer invention.—Reuter.

'Champlain' Carried Planes From France

NEW YORK, July 12.

The French 28,000 ton liner "Champlain" sunk off the French coast last month carried a cargo of American aeroplanes according to American eyewitness, who arrived here by steamer from Lisbon. He states the liner was sunk in Larochelle harbour on June 27 by a magnetic mine dropped from an aeroplane and disappeared in twenty minutes, all crew being saved.—Reuter.

Jinnah Repels Azad's Approach

AMAZING REPLY TO HIS COURTEOUS INQUIRY

Calls Congress President Names Refuses To Discuss With Him Political Issues

In reply to Maulana Abul Kalam Azad's inquiry if it is the position of the Muslim League that it cannot agree to any provisional arrangements not based on the two nation scheme, Mr. Jinnah, the Quaid-e-Azam of the League, repels the Congress President's approach.

"I refuse to discuss with you by correspondence or otherwise, as you have completely forfeited the confidence of Muslim India," says Mr. Jinnah.

JINNAH REFUSES TO DISCUSS WITH AZAD

BOMBAY, July 12.

After the Working Committee meeting, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad sent the following wire to Mr. Jinnah:—

"Your 9th July statement. The Delhi resolution of the Congress definitely means by a National Government a composite Cabinet not limited to any single party.

"Your telegram. Cannot reciprocate confidence. I refuse to discuss with you by correspondence or otherwise, as you have completely forfeited the confidence of Muslim India." Can't you realise that you are made a Muslim Show by Congress President to give it a colour that it is national and deceive foreign countries? You neither represent Mussalmans nor Hindus. If you have self-respect, resign at once. You have done your worst against the League so far. You know you have hopelessly failed. Give it up."—United Press.

Sweeping Powers For Petain

VICHY, July 12.

Marshal Petain has been granted sweeping powers under three laws setting up the new French Constitution.

The laws are published in the Official Journal under which Marshal Petain can appoint and dismiss Ministers and Secretaries of State; negotiate and ratify treaties; and declare a state of siege.

He cannot declare war without obtaining the assent of the Legislative Assemblies.—Reuter.

(Petain Proclaims Himself Dictator. **See page 14)**

Curfew In North-East England

Craigie Meets Arita

TOKYO, July 12.

Sir Robert Craigie had a further two-hour interview with Mr. Arita this afternoon.

A Foreign Office Spokesman declared that satisfactory progress was made.—Reuter.

No Prospect Of Anglo-French Battle At Martinique

WASHINGTON, July 12.

A settlement for removing any threat of Franco-British Naval hostilities near Martinique appears to be in prospect.

It is understood that Mr. Cordell Hull has intervened to seek a solution. While details of the prospective arrangement are not discussed it is expected that it will involve an arrangement by the French not to keep any warships or planes at Martinique or permit them to be interned in some neutral port.—Reuter.

Rajen Babu In Patna

PATNA, July 12.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad, who had gone to Lahore after attending the meeting of the Congress Working Committee, returned here this morning via Benares.

Dr. Prasad, it is understood, will stay here for some time before proceeding to his village home, Ziradai, in Sarna district.—A. P.

Coastal Ship Asked To Immobilise Or Made Incapable For Use

LONDON, July 12.

The Regional Commissioner for North-eastern Civil Defence Region has imposed curfew along the coast of the Region, which will come into force on the night of July 15.

The curfew area includes towns of Filey, Bridlington, Hornsea and Withernsea.

The curfew will last from one hour after sunset to one hour before sunrise.

IMMOBILISE OR DISMANTLE

Admiralty On Order On Ships Along Coasts

The Admiralty has made an order requiring vessels along the coasts of the United Kingdom either to be immobilised entirely or else rendered incapable of use if left unattended.

Pleasure Craft

On the East and South Coasts from Berwick to the boundary of Dorset and Devonshire, small passengers and all private and pleasure craft are, wherever possible, to be beached and removed a distance from water.

Make Them Unusable

In the same area all other vessels, wherever they are left unattended, are either to be dismantled or else fitted with locking device sufficiently to render the craft incapable of use.

This rule applies to all vessels whatsoever over the remaining part of the coasts, whenever they are left unattended.—Reuter.

Inflation-War On Spain

Nazis Flood Currency With Spurious Notes: Payment For Sabotage

LONDON, July 12.

According to the B.B.C. reports received in London show that Spain is now confronted with a situation in which they find a number of duplicates of Spanish currency notes of the value of 1,000 pesetas of which the printing has been done by the German Government.

The printing had been done efficiently and the notes went into circulation but later on Spanish bankers found that notes bearing the same number were in circulation. It was difficult to spot the genuine from the spurious.

The belief is widespread in Spain that the duplicates were also printed on the same machine as the original notes and put into circulation in Spain to pay for espionage, sabotage and other intelligence work.—Reuter.

Rumania Seeks Hitler's Intervention

BUCHAREST, July 12.

It is understood that the Foreign Minister, M. Manoilescu, when he visits Munich to discuss with Nazi leaders the political problems of South-east Europe will ask Germany to approach the Soviet for return to Rumania of that part of the ceded territory, which never belonged to Russia.

All indications are that Germany is doing her utmost to prevent hostilities in the Balkans. The Nazis are anxious to see demobilisation of troops and mobilisation of workers to deal with harvest in this region. Germany is also concerned over garnering her own crops as shown by the importation of temporary Bulgarian labour for that purpose; but Soviet Russia remains an unknown factor and Hitler cannot afford to ask the Balkan countries to demobilise, while further surprise moves are possible from that quarter.—Reuter.

Hungary's Demands On Rumania

BUDAPEST, July 12.

M. Teleki has reported on the conversations to the regent M. Horthy. Although there is genuine satisfaction at the invitation of Hungarian Statesmen to discussions, there, nevertheless, was some anxiety, which would be relieved when the public know that M. Teleki has not returned empty handed.

It appears likely that Rumania would eventually be asked to yield Hungary a comparatively small trip of territory along the Western Frontier including Magyar towns of Arad and Szatmar.—Reuter.

OPPOSITION LEADER REFUSES M. KING'S OFFER

OTTAWA, July 12.

The opposition leader Mr. Hanson has rejected the proposal made by Mr. Mackenzie King that Mr. Hanson should become a member of the Advisory Committee to the War Cabinet.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

ROOSEVELT'S CHANCES.

WASHINGTON, July 12.

If President Roosevelt is a candidate his only opponents for Democratic nomination will be Vice-President Garner and possibly Postmaster-General Farley, neither of whom are believed to have the slightest chance against him.—Reuter.

ADEN'S BAG OF ITALIAN PLANES

ADEN, July 12.

During the first month's operations of aircraft of the Aden Command flew over Italian territory on over seventy separate occasions with the loss of only one plane. Italian losses amount at least to twenty planes.—Reuter.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE", if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

A Foreign returned, Govt. professional post holder, learned, very social, fond of world-wide tour and relation, young Hindu bachelor with assets and life policy, wants a suitable match of a wealthy or highly educated family. Apply with full particulars. Box No. 13417, "Bombay Chronicle."

Suitable match for a well-cultured beautiful Punjabi Saraswat Brahmin girl aged about 19 who appeared in B.A. Examination this year and knows music also. She is well-versed in household affairs too. Full particulars on application. Apply Box 13325, "Bombay Chronicle."

Muslim I.C.S. or I.P.S. for a sweet-sixteen in B.A. and expert in fine arts. High family. Apply 13378 "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

The Civil Engineering School, Lucknow. Wanted a graduate in Engineering (Civil) to work as an Assistant Lecturer to the Subordinate classes. Salary from Rs. 75|- to Rs. 100|- according to merit. Apply to the Principal. (2950)

Wanted a Physical Culture Instructress for Municipal Girls' Schools, Surat, on a pay of Rs. 50|- p. m. The post is temporary and liable to terminate without any notice. The selected candidate will be appointed temporarily on probation in the first instance. Applications should be made to the undersigned on or before 15th August, 1940, stating age, caste and qualifications—both academic and Physical. R. P. Desai, Chairman, Municipal School Board, Surat, Surat, 8th July, 1940. (2947)

Applications are invited for the post of Manager of the Swastik Oil Mills, Bombay, from (a) qualified and experienced men who have held responsible posts in Oil Mills, (b) those holding good degree preferably of a reputed Foreign University with or without commercial or industrial experience. Salary according to merit. Applications will be regarded as confidential if so desired. Write with full particulars, references, terms, enclosing copies of testimonials and recent photograph to Suhrid A. Sarabhai, Post Box No. 28, Ahmedabad. (2952)

Wanted a qualified L.S.G.D. and experienced Sanitary Inspector for Bhavnagar Municipality. The post is permanent and graded 40-2|5-60. Applicants must state clearly their age, native place, qualifications, experience, etc. in their application with copies of Certificates which must reach the undersigned before the 15th July, 1940. K. V. Thakkar, President, Bhavnagar City Municipality. (2887)

42. SITUATONS VACANT

Wanted A Physical Culture (Tutor) for Matunga Youngmen's Club, Matunga to take morning and evening classes. For Particulars apply to the Secretary of the Club. (13421)

Wanted A Tanner to take charge of our Curriery Section. Those having practical experience in Curriery, Dyeing and Finishing need only apply. Applications stating terms should be addressed to:—Superintendent, Dayalbagh Tanneries, Dayalbagh, Agra. (13427)

62. TO BE LET

To Let—at Cambata Building, Church-Gate Reclamation, most up-to-date airy and commodious flats for residence and offices, special, single and double bachelors' rooms, furnished or unfurnished and shops. Unique situation. Apply Manager on premises. (13410)

At 40, Ridge Road. Terrace room above garages, all sides open, seaview, garden, including light Rs. 25|-. Also garage Rs. 15|- Phone 44245. (13424)

To Be Let.—Blocks of 2 Room Tenement, decent and airy, to Vegetarian first class Hindus only, at Chira Bazar, Girgaum Road, at moderate rent. Apply to:—Lakhmidas Gordhandas, 454-56, Chira Bazar, Girgaum Road, Bombay. (13428A)

68. FLATS TO LET

"Gool Villa", Laburnum Road, Gamdevi, ground floor flat. Very commodious, with electric fans. Apply Krishna Premji, 31, Forbes Street, 'Phone 25650 & 40703. (13422)

78. OFFICE PREMISES TO LET

At 16, Elphinstone Circle, Zoroastrian Association Building, 3rd floor, two magnificent office rooms, overlooking garden; also one godown on ground floor. Phone 21691. (13425)

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Khalsa College Technical Institute recently reorganised and re-equipped with new apparatus and qualified staff, offers special facilities to train quickly technicians for war emergency in Electrical Engineering, Radio Communication and Service and Wireless Telegraphy. Apply for terms and admission to Principal, Khalsa College Technical Institute, Bombay 19. (2942)

College of Dentistry—Intensely practical dental training. Excellent facilities. Efficient staff. Modern buildings and equipment. Sessions begins 15th July. For illustrated Prospectus apply Principal, Dr. M. K. Patel, D. D. S. Hospital Road, Karachi (2677)

MOTOR DRIVING TUITION

People wishing to learn motor-driving in fortnight. Individual systematic instructions. Experienced teacher. Charges moderate. Apply Box No. 13418, "Bombay Chronicle."

802. MACHINERY FOR SALE

Sale.—One Ice Plant of 43 tons complete with Boiler Steam Engine and Building excluding land is for sale at Rutlam. For further particulars please refer to the Oriental Trading Coy. Bazar Charat Singh, Jullundur City. (13412)

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents throughout India, Burma and Colombo to secure orders for our Pictorial Calendars of 1941. Decent Art Press, 152|2, Manicktola Street, Calcutta. (2937)

336. BUSINESSES FOR SALE.

Photographers and amateurs' Opportunity. A running Studio for sale with good-will. Also surplus photographic appliances for sale in single lots. Genuine investors only need apply Box No. 13414 "Bombay Chronicle."

651. MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Manufacturers Agent selling off stocks very cheap invites inquiries. Littell, 9, Aundh Road, Kirkee. (13426)

652. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For Sale—Old Structure of a house at 2nd Koliwada Lane, No. 3, Colaba, (close to the temple of Shree Ram). Write to Lakshmidas Gordhandas. 454-56. Chira Bazar, Girgaum Road, Bombay. (13428)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

NOTIFICATION.

No. 20.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the SIXTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Bank will be held on MONDAY, the 5th August, 1940, at the RESERVE BANK OF INDIA, MINT ROAD, BOMBAY AT 3 P.M. (STANDARD TIME). The following business will be transacted.

(a) The balance sheet as on the 30th June 1940 and the Profit and Loss Account of the Bank for the half year together with the Auditors' Report will be read and considered.

(b) The Auditors will be elected and their remuneration fixed.

In this connection it is also hereby notified, in accordance with Election Regulation 20A (1), that a notice has been received to the effect that the following proposition will be moved at the Meeting viz.,

"That Messrs. Gupta & Mitra, Chartered Accountants and Registered Accountants of Windsor House, Mission Row Extension, Calcutta, be appointed as Auditor of the Bank for the year 1940-41."

J. B. TAYLOR,
Governor.

Central Office, Calcutta,
9th July, 1940. (2955)

THE SURAT ELECTRICITY COMPANY, LTD.

NEW ISSUE OF 5,000 ORDINARY SHARES OF RS. 100|- EACH AT PAR.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that for the purposes of the above issue of shares the TRANSFER BOOKS of the above Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 22nd July to SATURDAY, 27th July 1940, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board.
KILLICK, NIXON & CO.,
Agents.

Home Street, Fort,
Bombay, 12th July, 1940. (2957)

TENDER NOTICE.

THE CONTROLLER OF PURCHASE, Indian Stores Department, Bombay, invites tenders for the stores detailed below:—

Asbestos yarn and packing, hooks, meat, split pins, mortar pans, brackets iron, bolts tower, rim locks, emery cloth, wire gauze, bolts and nuts iron, copper rivets, wood screws, staples galvanised, expanded metal, thimbles galvanised, wire iron, cans watering, basins, cisterns and closets flushing, urinals, ball, stop, bib cocks, semirotary pumps, chains crane, slugs chains, tackles differential, bath tubs, pressphan sheets wall plugs, acetylene lights glue marine, aluminium ingots, and sheets, brass fails and sheets, brass and copper rounds, spelter brass and copper, zinc, mica sheets, water meters, barrows hand steel, carts hand steel, hose leather, hose couplings and nozzles, fire hydrants, caulking yarn, cranes mobile truck etc.

The price of tender form (BN. 674) is Rs. 10|- per set of 2 copies and is not refundable. Payment should be made in cash or by money order only quoting tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon. Cheques and stamps are not accepted. Omission to follow these instructions will result in delay in the issue of tender forms.

Tenders will be received up to 12 noon on the 25th July, 1940 and opened at 12 noon on the 26th July, 1940. (2961)

Public Notices

"RELEASE OF DRUGS AND MEDICINES OF SCHERING INDIA, LTD."

The public are advised that certain drugs and medicines of Schering India, Ltd., at Bombay have been released to the trade for consumption in the Bombay Presidency. The maximum retail prices have been fixed for this area by the Bombay Government at the rate given in Schering's price list No. 1, dated 20th June, 1940. The purchasers in this area are advised to compare the prices quoted to them with those in the price list, dated 20th June, 1940, a copy of which should be produced by the retailer on demand. In case of difficulty in obtaining supplies from the trade, the public should report the matter to the local price controlling authority.

B. C. A. COOK,
Custodian of Enemy Property.
Bombay, 13th July, 1940. (2956)

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 1091 of 1940.

MISTRY ABDULGAFOOR KHUDABUX, of Bombay Mahomedan Inhabitant, carrying on business at 477, Duncan Road, without the Fort of Bombay, for himself and on behalf of all others the creditors or the deceased Syed Maqbulalli Akbaralli ..... Plaintiff.

V/s.

(1) REHAMATBAI, widow of Syed Maqbulalli; (2) NOORALLI SYED MAQBULALLI; (3) SHAMSHERALLI SYED MAQBULALLI; (4) KULSUMBAI, daughter of Syed Maqbulalli the last two minors, under the age of 18 years by their guardian-ad-litem Rehmatbai, widow of Syed Maqbulalli the 1st defendant abovenamed all of Bombay Mahomedan Inhabitants residing at Cadell Road Mahim without the Fort of Bombay. ..... Defendants.

To

The Creditors of the estate of the late
Syed Maqbulalli Akberalli deceased.

PURSUANT to the order made by the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Wadia on the 28th day of June, 1940, Notice is hereby given under Order 1, Rule 8, of the Code of Civil Procedure that the above suit has been filed in this Hon'ble Court by the Plaintiff abovenamed against the Defendants herein on behalf of himself and all the other creditors of the estate of the deceased Syed Maqbulalli Akberalli praying:—

(a) That it may be declared that a sum of Rs. 1558-1-3 is due and payable to the plaintiff by the Defendants as representing the estate of the said deceased Syed Maqbulalli Akberalli.

(b) That the estate of the said deceased may be administered by and under the directions of this Hon'ble Court and that the amount due to the Plaintiff as aforesaid may be ordered to be paid out of the estate of the said deceased with interest thereon at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from the date of the suit till judgment.

(c) That pending the hearing and final disposal of this suit some fit and proper person may be appointed Receiver of the estate of the said deceased with all powers under O.40 of the Civil Procedure Code.

(d) That for the aforesaid purposes all accounts may be taken, inquiries made, directions given and orders passed as to this Hon'ble Court may appear just.

(e) For costs of the suit and interest on judgment at the rate of 6 per cent per annum till payment.

(f) For further and other reliefs.

And Take Further Notice that the hearing of the suit has been fixed for the 7th day of August 1940.

Dated this 11th day of July, 1940.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

R. B. PATEL.
Prothonotary & Senior Master.

TAHIR ALI.

This 11th day of July, 1940.
Messrs. MATUBHAI JAMIETRAM & MADAN.
Plaintiff's Attorneys. 2953.

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 2035 of 1937.

THE NEW EAST INDIA PRESS CO., LTD. and Anr. .... Plaintiffs.

versus.

KISSONLAL, son of Sitaram Agarwal and Anr. ..Defendants.

PURSUANT to Decree Absolute for Sale, dated 6th October, 1938, the following immovable properties will be sold in 11 lots by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on FRIDAY, 26th July, 1940, at 3 P.M. (S.T.).

PARTICULARS.

LOT NO. 1.—Roofed house in Mouje Arvi, Taluka Arvi, Zilla Wardha Mowji No. 11, in Ganpati Moholla, admeasuring from North to South 41 ft. and East to West 56 ft.

LOT NO. 2.—Field at Mowje Rajni Mowji No. 383, Taluka Arvi, Zilla Wardha, Patta 1 of which Malgujari Hissa is 6 pies Area 20 acres 31 1|2 gunthas.

LOT NO. 3.—Fields in Mowji Rajni, Taluka Arvi, Zilla Wardha, bearing Field Nos. 38, 39, 44. Area. 73.

LOT NO. 4.—Field in Mowje Pulgaon Mowje No. 108, Taluka and Zilla Wardha, within the limits of the Municipality Field No. 253|2 Area 1.50 and ginning factory in the name of Ramratan Sitaram.

LOT NO. 5.—Plot of land at Mowje Pulgaon Taluka and Zilla Wardha, Municipal Plot No. 2, Survey Nos. 226, 229, admeasuring in depth 413 X 200 sq. ft.

LOT NO. 6.—Building at Mowje Pulgaon Taluka Zilla Wardha, Survey No. 64, admeasuring 2765 sq. ft.

LOT NO. 7.—Factory at Malkapur Taluka Malkapur, Zilla Buldan, Survey No. 143, area 6-10 in which the share is 3|16.

LOT NO. 8.—Field at Mowje, Dehgaon, Pragna Vadner, Taluka Akot Zilla Akola:—

Survey Nos. 101|1, 125, 155, 198.

Acre Gun. 4-30, 5-31, 37-32, 10-19 equal 58-32.

LOT NO. 9.—Field at Mowje Khakat Pragna and Taluka Akot, Zilla Akola, Survey No. 25, 21 Acres, 29 Gunthas.

LOT NO. 10.—Field in Mowje Meer, Pragna and Taluka Akot, Zilla Akola, Survey No. 22, 26 acres 32 Gunthas.

LOT NO. 11.—Field at Mowje Umbharked, Pragna Punchgaon, Taluka Akot, Zilla Akola, Survey No. 47, 13 Acres, 34 Gunthas.

For further Particulars and Conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. DALLAS & CO. Attorneys for the Plaintiffs abovenamed at No. 116-120, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 10th day of May, 1940.
(Sd.) ARMAUND F. SEQUEIRA,
Offg. Commissioner. (2875)

Public Notices

THE M. & S. M. RY. CO., LTD.
STAFF SELECTION BOARD.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for 20 Permanent Way Sub-Inspectors on Rs. 50|- per mensem. After satisfactory completion of one year's apprenticeship, if vacancies arise, they will be eligible for appointment as Assistant Permanent Way Inspectors, on Rs. 55-2½-70 per mensem.

2. MINIMUM QUALIFICATION. Passed S.S.L.C. (with Physics or Mathematics as optional subject) or its equivalent.

3. AGE. Between 18 and 21 on 1st September, 1940. The age may be relaxed in the case of candidates with Engineering Qualifications (Lower or Upper Subordinate) up to 24.

4. PROCEDURE. Write to the address below by POST for an application form enclosing a stamped addressed envelope and a Crossed Indian Postal Order for One Rupee payable to the Paymaster and Cashier, M. and S M. Railway at Madras. No request for an application form will be complied with unless the above instructions are observed. Money Orders or Cash will not be accepted. The application form must be completed and forwarded by POST to reach the address below not later than the 31st July, 1940.

5. GENERAL. Applications will not be considered unless they are accompanied by copies of certificates regarding Education, Character, Sporting activities, etc. Originals must not be sent. Candidates who are called for interview will be required to produce the original certificates.

Secretary,
Staff Selection Board,
M. & S. M. Ry. P. T. Madras. (2946)

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 2035 of 1937.

THE NEW EAST INDIA PRESS CO., LTD. and Anr. .... Plaintiffs.

versus.

KISSONLAL, son of Sitaram Agarwal and Anr. ..Defendants.

PURSUANT to Decree Absolute for Sale, dated 6th October, 1938, the following immovable properties will be sold in 11 lots by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on FRIDAY, 26th July, 1940, at 3 P.M. (S.T.).

PARTICULARS.

LOT NO. 1.—Roofed house in Mouje Arvi, Taluka Arvi, Zilla Wardha Mowji No. 11, in Ganpati Moholla, admeasuring from North to South 41 ft. and East to West 56 ft.

LOT NO. 2.—Field at Mowje Rajni Mowji No. 383, Taluka Arvi, Zilla Wardha, Patta 1 of which Malgujari Hissa is 6 pies Area 20 acres 31 1|2 gunthas.

LOT NO. 3.—Fields in Mowji Rajni, Taluka Arvi, Zilla Wardha, bearing Field Nos. 38, 39, 44. Area. 73.

LOT NO. 4.—Field in Mowje Pulgaon Mowje No. 108, Taluka and Zilla Wardha, within the limits of the Municipality Field No. 253|2 Area 1.50 and ginning factory in the name of Ramratan Sitaram.

LOT NO. 5.—Plot of land at Mowje Pulgaon Taluka and Zilla Wardha, Municipal Plot No. 2, Survey Nos. 226, 229, admeasuring in depth 413 X 200 sq. ft.

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Survey Nos. 101|1, 125, 155, 198.

Acre Gun. 4-30, 5-31, 37-32, 10-19 equal 58-32.

LOT NO. 9.—Field at Mowje Khakat Pragna and Taluka Akot, Zilla Akola, Survey No. 25, 21 Acres, 29 Gunthas.

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LOT NO. 11.—Field at Mowje Umbharked, Pragna Punchgaon, Taluka Akot, Zilla Akola, Survey No. 47, 13 Acres, 34 Gunthas.

For further Particulars and Conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. DALLAS & CO. Attorneys for the Plaintiffs abovenamed at No. 116-120, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 10th day of May, 1940.
(Sd.) ARMAUND F. SEQUEIRA,
Offg. Commissioner. (2875)

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that BHICAJI GOVIND GADGIL, VIBHAKER BHICAJI GADGIL and SUDHA BHICAJI GADGIL, the last two being minors by their father and guardian the said Bhicaji Govind Gadgil all of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our clients subject to the claim for maintenance of Satyabhamabai, widow of Damoder Govind Gadgil and also subject to her right of residence in two rooms on the top floor of the said premises.

ALL persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Hammam House, Hammam Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY ABOVE REFERRED TO.

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground since redeemed Together with the messuages tenements and buildings standing thereon situate, lying and being at Dubash Lane, Girgaum Back Road and now known as Vithalbhai Patel Road, outside the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 234 (two hundred and thirty-four) Square Yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 140, New No. E/1214, Old Survey No. 6, New Survey No. 5/7410 and Cadastral Survey No. 621 of Girgaum Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D. Ward No. 1833 (7) Street No. 5 which said property bears Plot No. 10 and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the East by the property belonging to Gangadhar Narayen Moghe, on or towards the West by the Public Road known as Dubash Lane on or towards the North by the property of Laxman Narayan Limaye and or towards the South by Dubash Lane.

Dated this 11th day of July, 1940.

AMIN DESAI & NANAVATI.
Purchasers' Attorneys.

2954.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Messrs. DHUNJI WAGHJI and VIRJI RAISEY have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

Any person having any claim or interest in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office in Spinner Building, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay and to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof; otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be deemed to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of vacant land or ground of Pension and Tax Tenure now redeemed from payment of cess, situate on the west side of Gokhale Road North, Dadar, within the City and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1265 square yards or thereabouts and being Plot No. 2 and forming portion of a larger piece of land registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 1|1587 and Cadastral Survey No. 323 of Mahim Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under 'G' Ward No. 4424 and Street No. 783 and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the East by Gokhale Road—North, on or towards the West by a proposed 20 feet private passage, on or towards the North by the property of Gopinath Janardhan Mhatre and on or towards the South by a 40 feet public road.

Dated this 12th day of July, 1940.

SOLOMON & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

(2960)

Auction Sales

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF PROPERTY SITUATE AT 2ND BHOIWADA, BHULESHWAR.

By order of the Official Assignee of Bombay and Assignee of the estate and effects of the insolvent Hiralal Chunilal, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, 19th July, 1940 at 3-0 P.M. (S.T.) at their rooms at 152, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, the right, title and interest of the insolvent abovenamed subject to the charge under a writing dated 8th September, 1939 on the undermentioned property.

All that piece of perpetual Fazandari land with dwelling house standing thereon situate at 2nd Bhoiwada, Bhuleshwar, Bombay, admeasuring about 74 sq. yds. and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 2417 of Bhuleshwar Division, Municipal 'C' Ward No. 5328, Old Street Nos. 25-27 and New Street No. 61.

For further particulars apply to

CRAWFORD & Co.

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT GHATKOPER.

Under instructions from Messrs. Mulla and Mulla, Attorneys for Joshi Vallabhdas Kalianji the 1st defendant and with the consent of Messrs. Bhaishanker Kanga and Girdharlal, Attorneys for Joshi Haridas Bhimji and Joshi Mathuradas Kalianji, the Plaintiff and the 2nd defendant respectively in Suit No. 1181 of 1937 (Joshi Haridas Bhimji v's Joshi Vallabhdas Kalianji and anr.) and pursuant to the consent decree dated 21st November, 1938 made in the said suit, Messrs. Bennett and Co. will sell by public auction on the premises on Sunday the 28th July, 1940 at 9 A.M. (S. T.) the undermentioned property.

All that piece of Gavthan land with dwelling house on it situate partly at Ghatkopar and partly at Kirol Sub-District of Bandra and Taluka Salsette admeasuring about 752 sq. yds. and bounded as follows—on the East by the property of Mohunji Valji, on the West by Chembur Road, on the North by private road of Haji Abdulla Haji Sumar and on the South by Plot B allotted to Goculdas Jeram.

For particulars and conditions of sale apply to the above mentioned Solicitors or the undersigned.

BENNETT & Co.

VORA & CO.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (Sunday) at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) at Babulal Mansion, Chowpatty sea face, near Italian Restaurant, of complete Bungalow furniture, Gramophone, Singer Machine, Remington Typewriter, Godrej Steel Cabinet, Safes, Piano, Chesterfield sets, Corona Portable Typewriter, etc.

3 Third Thrilling Week!
ROMANCE in the Midst of PERIL!
JOYOUS MUSIC in the midst of Despair!!
SEE! HEAR!
★ PUNKAJ MULLICK SING &
★ MOLINA DANCE!!
A DRAMA OF GREAT LOVE & GREATER FRIENDSHIP
Associated Productions Ltd's Maiden MUSICAL HIT
'ANDHI'
(THE TEMPEST)
with
Shreelekha Muzamil
K. C. Dey
Nemo, etc.
Drawing Packed Houses at
KRISHNA
Talkies, Dubash Theatre
Time: 4-45, 7-15 & 10 p.m
Sat., Sun. & Mon. at 2 p.m.
Also SEE WAR NEWS in HINDI

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Take WATERBURY'S COMPOUND

FOR GOOD RECOVERY after illness

When you are convalescing after malaria, typhoid or other energy-wasting diseases, remember Waterbury's Compound is a tonic food which helps you to recover perfect health, regain lost energy.

Waterbury's Compound is rich in iron, copper with malt and liver extracts, vital elements which build strength, vigour and vitality. It tones up the entire system, helps to put you on your feet once again.

Begin taking Waterbury's Compound today. Ensure future health and happiness. Two sizes —8 oz. and 16 oz. bottles.

WATERBURY'S COMPOUND TO KEEP YOU FIT

On The Air

SATURDAY, JULY 13.

Bombay I & II Programmes

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)
41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. News in Marathi. 7-40 News in Gujarati. 7-50 Indian music. 8 Keep fit! 8-10 to 8-40 As in Bombay 1. 8-40 News in Hindustani. 8-50 News in English. 9 to 9-30 As in Delhi 2.

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

12 noon to 12-57 p.m. As in Delhi 2. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 to 1-30 As in Delhi 2. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 to 2 As in Delhi 2.

51.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

5 p.m. Indian music. 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-30 News in Gujarati. 5-35 Indian music. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 A variety programme. 7 to 7-30 As in Delhi 2. 7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 Indian music. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 To-morrow. 8-30 to 9 As in Delhi 2. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-50 to 10-30 As in Delhi 2.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

5 p.m. A classical duet. 5-20 Instrumental duet. 5-30 Mohammad Shafi. 5-45 G. A. Khan Gwaliori. 6-15 Geet, grave and gay. 7 Mahboob Jan. 7-20 Kirdar. 7-45 March of time. 8 Duet. 8-15 For villagers only. 10 It has happened or a Nsghma on Sarinda. 10-5 Gauhar Sultan. 10-30 Persian music. 11 Persian music.

Delhi II—Programme

60.48 metres (4,960 kc/s)

5 to 8-15 p.m. As in Delhi 1. 8-15 Mohammad Shafi. 8-30 G. A. Khan Gwaliori. 8-45 Gauhar Sultan. 9 to 9-30 As in Delhi 1. 9-30 Ramzan Khan. 9-45 B. S. Rawat. 10 to 10-5 As in Delhi 1. 10-5 A classical concert.

Calcutta I—Programme

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time.)

5 p.m. Football relay. 6-5 Rajeshwari Bai. 6-30 Rajeshwari Bai. 6-55 Jatadhar Pyne. 7-20 Shaila Devi. 7-45 Landmarks in the history of Calcutta, 3. 8 Praan-o-Pratima. 8-25 N. N. Mazumder. 9 Poor polly. 9-55 Dance music.

Calcutta II—Programme

61.98 metres (4,840 kc/s)

5 to 9-30 p.m. As in Calcutta 1. 9-40 Bisweswar Bhattacharya. 9-55 to 10-30 As in Calcutta 1.

LET US GIVE YOU A HAND

BONUS SINCE INCEPTION

INDIA EQUITABLE INSURANCE CO. LTD.

Bombay Branch:
MHERWAN BUILDING,
Sir Phirozshah Mehta Road, Fort.
BOMBAY.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

Statement of the affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department, as on the 5th July, 1940 :—

LIABILITIES.	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits :—	
(a) Government	
(1) Central Govt. of India	4,48,66,000
(2) Govt. of Burma	1,02,91,000
(3) Other Govt. Accounts	4,88,35,000
(b) Banks	23,96,69,000
(c) Others	1,54,96,000
Bills Payable	12,25,000
Other Liabilities	93,78,000
Rupees	46,97,60,000

ASSETS.	Rs.
Notes :—	
(a) Legal Tender in India	9,52,50,000
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	17,61,000
Rupee Coin	7,86,000
Subsidiary Coin	3,66,000
Bills Purchased and Discounted :—	
(a) Internal	
(b) External	
(c) Govt. Treasury Bills	4,60,59,000
Balances held abroad*	17,00,80,000
Loans and Advances to Govts.	5,85,00,000
Other Loans and Advances	11,45,000
Investments	7,70,85,000
Other Assets	1,87,28,000
Rupees	46,97,60,000

*Includes Cash and Short Term Securities.

Dated the 10th day of July, 1940.

An account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 5th day of July 1940 :—

ISSUE DEPARTMENT		
LIABILITIES.	Rs.	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Dept.	9,70,11,000	
Notes in circulation :—		
(a) Legal tender in India	234,99,78,000	
(b) Legal tender in Burma only	12,92,85,000	
Total Notes issued		257,62,74,000
Total Liabilities		257,62,74,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities 68.283 per cent.

ASSETS.	Rs.	Rs.
A. Gold Coin and Bullion :—		
(a) Held in India	44,41,45,000	
(b) Held outside India		
Sterling Securities	131,50,11,000	
Total of A.		175,91,54,000
B. Rupee Coin		32,11,24,000
Govt. of India Rupee Securities		49,59,66,000
Internal Bills of Exchange and other commercial paper		
Total Assets		257,62,74,000

Dated the 5th day of July, 1940

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Calcutta Mail (via Chheoki)	9-35	20-15
Madras Mail	6-00	22-00
Peshawar-Lucknow (Express)	6-15	22-45
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	9-05	18-05
Madras Express	10-15	14-30
Poona Mail	10-30	17-30
Punjab Mail	12-30	17-40
Nagpur Express	15-00	21-00
Poona Fast Passenger	15-50	11-50
Poona Express	19-32	8-05

B. B. and C. I. Railway

ARRIVALS AT AND DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY CENTRAL FROM JULY 1.)

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	8-36	13-00
Delhi Express	6-00	22-15
Kathiawar Mail	6-45	21-30
Gujarat Mail	7-25	22-00
Frontier Mail	8-15	21-15
	*(Mon.)	(Sat.)
The Flying Ranee Surat	9-48	15-16
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Monday)	10-58	
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Saturday)		18-05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14-15	22-30
Kathiawar Express	18-45	8-45
Baroda Passenger	20-37	9-0

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, this train will run on Tuesday.

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA LTD.
HEAD OFFICE APOLLO STREET, FORT BOMBAY.
BRANCHES, 1. COTTON EXCHANGE BLDG. KALBADEVI RD., BOMBAY. BAZAR, MANDVI BOMBAY. CHOWPATTY (CIVIL STATION)

Directors

Mr. M. S. CAPTAIN, (Chairman).

Lachhmandas Harkhchand Daga, Esq., K. R. P. Shroff, Esq., Vithaldas Kanji, Esq., B. N. Karanjia, Esq., Ramdeo Anandilal Podar, Esq., Haridas Madhavdas, Esq., and Dinshaw D. Romer, Esq.

Capital Paid Up ..... Rs. 39,90,000
Reserve Fund ..... Rs. 8,75,000
Dividend Equalisation Fund ..... Rs. 60,000
Deposits on 31-12 '39 : Rs 1,44,00,000

Current Deposit Accounts opened and Interest allowed at 1 PER CENT., per annum on daily balances upto Rupees one lakh.

Fixed Deposits for LONG and SHORT periods received on favourable terms.

Savings Bank Accounts Interest allowed at 1 1|2 PER CENT. per annum on minimum monthly balances upto Rs. 10,000 withdrawals allowed twice a week. Operations by cheques allowed.

Advances made on approved securities.

All kinds of Banking business transacted.

SAFE DEPOSIT VAULT.
Cotton Exchange Building, Kalbadevi Road.
Annual Rent Rs. 4 only.
B. M. BHARGAVA
Secretary.

New York Cotton Market Steady On Firm Bombay Advices

INCREASED SPECULATIVE BUYING IN DISTANTS

Near Months Quiet On Liquidation

Bombay : July 12.

The New York cotton market was mainly influenced by firmness of Bombay Cotton prices and steadiness of Liverpool on Thursday. There was increased speculative buying on official forecast of showers. The last weekly weather report was unfavourable for the progress of the American cotton crop owing to frequent unwanted rains.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton market opened steady on Thursday. There was trade short covering along with speculative buying by Wall-Street and local operators. There was July liquidation and small hedging and spot house selling.

The huge defence programme announced by President Roosevelt discouraged sellers, but there was less inclination to buy scale up. Professional operators are keenly watching Washington and European developments.

At the opening July was quoted 2 pts up at 9.75 and immediately declined to 9.70, which was the lowest level. There was some buying and by noon prices advanced to 9.79 but again eased off to 9.70. Distant months were well supported by speculative buying and the session closed irregular at a decline of 3 pts. to a rise of 6 pts. Spot cotton prices closed unchanged at 10.58c per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was also irregular with liquidation in near months. The market closed at a decline of 5 points to a rise of 5 pts. Spot cotton prices closed unchanged at 10-50c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of 2 pts with October quoted 7.17. There was scarcity of contracts. The market improved in sympathy with Bombay trade calling absorbed light liquidation. The market closed at a rise of 7 to 5 points. Middling American spot cotton prices closed 10 pts up at 7.95d per lb.

Egyptian cotton was very steady. Uppers futures closed 16 to 13 pts up and Giza futures gained 8 pts.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York July highest 7.79+06 (12-50 p.m.) lowest 9.70—03 (10 a.m.)

Liverpool July highest 7.52+09; lowest 7.46

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends :—

New York.—Market steady on foreign advices.

NEW YORK COTTON	New York : July 11.
July	9.70—03
Middling Spot	10.58

NEW CONTRACT	
July	9.95—02
October	9.48+0b
December	9.33+06
January	9.23+06
March	9.08+03
May	8.93+04

NEW ORLEANS COTTON	New York : July 11
July	9.68—05
Middling Spot	10.50

NEW CONTRACT	
July	9.78
October	9.50+02
December	9.36+05

	11 a.m. Ranges.	Noon Call.
July	9.75/9.70	9.77
October	9.49/9.48	9.48
December	9.33/9.32	9.32

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS	New York : July 11.
Day's receipts at all U S Ports	1,000 bales
Day's exports to Great Britain	4,000 bales
Day's exports to the Continent	Nil.
Day's exports to China and Japan	Nil.

LIVERPOOL COTTON	Liverpool : July 11.
July	7.50+07
August	7.38+06
September	7.29+05
October	7.20+05
November	7.07+05
December	6.98+06
January	6.93+05
February	6.88+05
March	6.84+05
April	6.79+05
May	6.75+06
June	6.70+05
July	6.66+05
Middling Spot	7.95+10
10 a.m. QUOTATIONS	
October	7.17
January	6.90

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay : July 12.

Yesterday London Gold was unchanged at £8/8/0. Dollar Sterling cross rate was 4.02⅜ to 4.03 1/2 at London and 3.68 at New York.

London spot Silver price declined 1/8d at 21 13/16d and forward quotation was also reduced 1/8d at 21 5/8d. There was little speculative selling and the market was quietly steady. New York spot silver was unchanged at 34 3/4 cents and Shanghai T T on London was quoted 3 3/4. London Bombay spot silver parity was Rs. 57/13/6 and forward parity was Rs. 57/6/9. In the local market there was tired long liquidation and both Gold and Silver prices declined. Silver opened at Rs. 61/12 and declined to Rs. 61/6, but later steadied at Rs. 61/8. Gold was also quiet at Rs. 41/12. The market was dull and quotations were as under :—

Ready : Gold Rs. 41/10; Silver Rs. 61/9
Asked : Gold Rs. 41/11; Silver Rs. 61/5

BANK OF ENGLAND WEEKLY RETURNS.

London : July 11.

	This week.
Total Bullion	£ 1,500,000
Public Deposits	£ 22,200,000
(a) Other deposits	£154,800,000
Government Securities	£146,700,000
(b) Other Securities	£ 27,000,000
Notes and Coin	£ 21,200,000
Notes in circulation	£610,400,000
Ratio of reserve to liabilities 11.99 per cent	
(a) Other deposits include bankers £107,000,000	
(b) Other securities include discount	£ 3,900,000
Total Deposits	£177,000,000
Total securities	£173,700,000

COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay : July 12.

	Extra Spr.	fine.	Sup.	Fine.	F.G.	Good
M G Bengal U P		138	135	132		129
M G Punjab		138	135	132		129
M G Rajputana		145	142	139		136
M G Oomra No. 3		165	163	160		157
M G C. P. No. 1		176	174	171		168
M G C. P. No. 2		169	167	164		161
M G Broach No. 2		174	172	170		167
M G Punjab-Ame.		205	203	201		198
M G Surat		228	226	224		221
M G Rajpipla		222	220	218		215
M G Navsari		233	231	229		226

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

In full-pressed bales.

	Yesterday.	This year.	Since 1st Septmbr. Last year
Khandesh		55,579	38,689
Central India		109,361	224,139
Barsi and Nagar		114,118	92,347
Hyderabad-Gaorani		47,970	4,474
Berar		318,400	162,254
Central Provinces		76,962	38,096
Total Oomras		722,390	559,999
Dholera		89,297	276,665
N.-W. Provinces		26,048	8,721
Rajputana		35,228	74,764
Sind-Punjab	484	361,278	326,980
Broach		407,930	414,469
Coompta and Dharwar		48,907	144,271
Westerns-Northerns	66	34,796	98,365
Cocoanada		86	98
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		1,390	2,631
Persian			
American			
Egyptian, African and Sudan			
Comilla, Burma and other sorts			
Total		550 1,727,350	1,900,963

Arrived by road to 4th July, 1940 339,387

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATION

HEDGE CONTRACT RATES

Bombay : July 12.

Yarn No.	August	October	Decmbr.
6 1/2s.	122	124	126
10 1/2s.	140	143	146
20 1/2s.	172	178	182
40s.	242	245	248

GROUNDNUTS & SEEDS

Bombay : July 12.

	Rs.	as.	ps.
Castorseeds September—			
Opening	39	4	0
Highest	39	8	0
Lowest	38	12	0
Closing	39	4	0
Groundnuts August—			
Opening	31	5	0
Highest	31	12	0
Lowest	30	15	3
Closing	31	6	0
Cottonseeds September—			
Opening	26	0	0
Highest	26	0	0
Lowest	26	0	0
Closing	26	0	0

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay : July 12.

Yesterday afternoon prices declined in the local cotton market on increased selling by a prominent operator on the following report issued by the freight allotment of the Japanese Cotton Spinners' Association :—

"Shippers are hereby informed that owing to unusually heavy scarcity of tonnage available for shipment of cotton to Shanghai and Japan, freight will be allotted in the meantime on the following basis :—

(1) Freight will be allotted strictly according to the shippers' individual percentage to the total shipment in the last season ended 31st October 1939.

(2) But even those shippers who have according to the first condition their share in the last season's percentage will not be given any allotment if they have made business on and after 1st June 1940. Only those who have made business up to 31st May 1940 will be considered eligible for allotment provided they can produce their contracts to me for my satisfaction. This procedure comes into force with effect from to-morrow, the 12th July, 1940."

The local market was expected to open today at Rs. 194 for Broach A/M delivery in sympathy with a rise of 5 points in New York cotton futures, but the market opened quiet at Rs. 193/8.

At the start there was scattered selling and prices declined to Rs. 191/8, but lower levels attracted increased support and price improved to Rs. 194. The market again turned quiet on scattered selling and Broach A/M was quoted at Rs. 192.

At the decline there appeared active professional buying and prices registered a sharp rise to Rs. 197/8. The tone of the market became firm and it appears that prices will be pushed up above Rs. 200 level.

There was persistent buying and prices nearly reached yesterday's high level of Rs. 198/8 and the market remained firm at Rs. 199 with scarcity of sellers. Liverpool opened one point down and with scattered realising prices in the local market reacted to Rs. 197/8. Liverpool was reported one point up and prices advanced to Rs. 199/8, but again reacted to Rs. 197/8. The tone of the market was steady. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under :—

F G M G Broach July/August ..... Rs. 175/8
F G M G Broach April/May ..... Rs. 198/4
The M G Oomra July ..... Rs. 165/12
The M G Oomra Dec/Jan ..... Rs. 175/4
M G M G Bengal July ..... Rs. 136/12
F G M G Bengal Dec/Jan ..... Rs. 144/12

COTTON PARITY

Broach J/A below Liverpool July 358 penny points at Exch 1/6
Broach A/M below Liverpool May 230 penny points at Exch 1/6
Broach J/A below New York July 312 cent points at Exch 331
Broach A/M below New York May 145 cent points at Exch 331

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay : July 11.

	Highest	Lowest	Closing at 5 p.m.
Broach J/A	176	166 3/4	170 3/4
Broach A/M	198 1/2	189 1/4	194
Oomra July	164 1/2	157 1/2	160
Oomra D/J	175 1/2	166	170 1/2
Bengal July	134 1/2	126	129
Bengal D/J	145 1/2	137	140 1/4

TEJI MANDI PREMIUMS

Bombay : July 12.

	Rs.	as.	ps.
Wheat September	0	6	0
Silver Ashad	0	14	0
Gold Ashad	0	8	0

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay : July 12.

Bengal Fine	133/35
C. P. 1	166/69
C. P. 2	160/62
Berar	169/61
Khandesh	154/56
Jalna/Sailu	156/57
Ahmednagar	152/55
Broach	165/69

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F. P. Bales.	1939-40	1938-39
Receipts to date 11-7-40	7628000	3926000
Receipts yesterday 11-7-40	1000	7000
Export to date 11-7-40	6335000	3491000
Stock at Ports 5-7-40	2463000	1917000
Stock at interior towns do.	2087000	2489000
Stock at Liverpool 5-7-40	400000	693000
Visible Supply 5-7-40		4922000
Quantity in sight do.	13587000	9355000
Quantity out of sight 5-7-40	10068000	

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay : July 12.

There were no appreciable price movements on the Exchange to-day. Tata Ordinaries were transacted upto 338 while Deferreds closed slightly higher at 1757/8. Textiles were quietly steady with Bombay Dyeings ruling around 907/8. Indian Irons were quoted at 26/2 and Bengal Steels at 15/8.

The following are the important quotations on the Exchange to day :—

Tata Deferreds (1755) 1755 1752/8 1755 1757/8
Tata Ordinaries (337) 337 338 337 338.
Tata Ordinary 338; Tata Deferred 1757/8; Indian Iron 26/4; Bombay Dyeing 910; Century 257/8; Central India 251/4; Kohinoor 347/8; Associated Cement 113; Bombay Burma 532/8; Scindia Steam 18/14; Tata Hydro 155; Reserve Bank 99/8; Imperial Bank F P 1440; Central Bank 33/4; Bank of India 133/8 3 1/2 per cent Paper 87/12.

CONSIDERABLE AMOUNT OF COTTON ENTERS FOR SHIPMENT

Weekly Reviews

Bombay : July 11.

Messrs. P. Chrystal and Co. have issued the following weekly report :—

We have had another week of moderate fluctuations in the New York market, except in the near position where cleaning up operations have been taking place. The market generally has been small and price alterations in the New Crop months have been unimportant. The preliminary estimate of acreage under cotton this season was published three days ago. This figure is 25,077,000 and is slightly in excess of the corresponding figure last year. It is much too early in the season to give any reliable crop estimate although we note some attempts have been made in this direction. In view of the large defence schemes undertaken by the American Government, it is believed that there will be an increase in the internal use of cotton during the coming year, which should leave a small balance available for export. With the extension of the War zone many export outlets have been lost, so that later on when we have a better idea of the size of this year's crop, the future course of prices will largely be determined by the ratio of probable exports to the balance available. Growing conditions so far have been poorer than normal so there is a possibility that export demand might exceed the exportable surplus in which case there would have to be further withdrawals from Loan stocks, and in this eventuality higher prices would result. The growing crop is now entering upon the critical period.

Liverpool has again been a thin market but prices have remained quietly steady just above the minimum prices fixed some time ago.

In Bombay we have had the best market experienced for some considerable time. The Bombay Port has again been opened for outgoing traffic and during the last few day a considerable amount of cotton has been entered for shipment. There has been a very steady demand for spot cotton of most styles. The basis of all stapled varieties has continued to advance owing to the scarcity of such qualities. There has also been an improved demand for Broach cotton from both consumers and investors and the basis of anything with a little better than normal staple has been hardening. This better demand has caused a big falling off in the number of tenders, the total for the last two tender days not having amounted to two thousand bales. Total Broach tenders to date are 19,400. The steadiness of the prices of all Oomra cotton has also drawn the attention of dealers to the cheapness of Broach cotton. Whilst confidence in values cannot yet be said to be fully regained, there is little doubt that bears are not now so confident. We look for a continuation of recent steady markets. It must be remembered that most of the stocks in this market are hedged and as the cotton is taken up, these hedges will be lifted. Stocks in the interior are small and with the next crop still very far off the supply of floating contracts must certainly diminish during the next few months. Conditions in the cloth market are still poor but here again stocks in the interior must be very low. Once confidence in cotton values has been restored dealers in cloth should soon come out of their present condition of fright. After all cotton cloth imports have been practically cut off from Europe and much of the production of Indian Mills is being taken care of through export demand and Government orders. Actually the cloth market ought to be in a very healthy condition.

TIME FOR PAYMENTS OF HUNDIS

Move By Local Associations

The Hon. Secretary, Sarafi Joint Conference has sent the following statement :—

In view of the imposition of severe lighting restrictions in the city as an A.R.P. measure and the risk involved in sending large amounts of money in payment of Hundis upto 6-30 p.m. particularly during the rainy season, a conference of Associations interested in indigenous banking was recently held at the office of the Marwari Chamber of Commerce in the Chamber's Building at Kalbadevi Road, Bombay, at which the representatives of the Marwari Chamber of Commerce, Bombay Shroff Association, Grain Merchants' Association, Hindustani Native Merchants' Association, Memon Chamber of Commerce and the Bombay Commission Agents' Association were present, to consider the question of altering the hours for the presentation and payment of Hundis.

After carefully considering all the aspects of the question, the conference has unanimously decided that instead of the hours for the presentation and payment of Hundis at present in force (Viz : Presentation 11 a.m. to 4 p.m.; Payment 11 a.m. to 5-30 p.m.) the following reduced hours shall be observed with effect from Tuesday, the 16th July, 1940 :

Presentation 11 a.m. to 3 p.m.
Payment 11 a.m. to 5-30 p.m.

These altered hours are to remain in force during the continuance of the war emergency.

This resolution is going to be submitted for adoption and confirmation by the above-mentioned Associations as well as others interested in indigenous banking at their general meetings to be held before the 16th of July. It is believed that the Associations concerned will undoubtedly adopt the altered working hours for Sarafi business. A fresh announcement will, however, be again made in due course for the information of the mercantile public in Bombay and elsewhere.

PEPPER AND GINGER PRICES

Bombay : July 12.

(The Pepper and Ginger Merchants' Association, Ltd.)

	Rs.	as.	ps.
Pepper ready Alleppey per candy	82	0	0
Pepper Bhadarwa Sud 15 per candy	83	4	0
Pepper Maha Sud 12 per candy	87	0	0
Ginger Ready bleached per cwt	16	0	0
Ginger Maha Sud 15 per cwt	13	4	0

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay : July 12.

Yellow Metal Sheet	Rs. 56
Copper Sheets	Rs. 69

Tone :—Steady.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, July 12.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52	93-8
3 per cent 1941 Bonds	100-6
3 per cent 1951/54 Bonds	94-12
3 1/2 per cent G P Notes	87-14
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan	101-6
4 per cent 1943 Bonds	103-2
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan	99-4
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan	105
5 per cent 1940/43 Bonds	100-6
3 per cent 1963/65 Loans	86-8
TAX-FREE LOANS	
3 per cent 1945/55 Loan	108-6
4 per cent 1953/65 Mysore	105
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	117-8
CORPORATION DEBENTURES	
4 per cent B P T 1947	99-8
4 per cent M Deb. 1947	98
5 per cent M. Deb. 1959	106
6 per cent M Deb. 1954	114
6 per cent K P T 1956	114

Tone : Steady to firm.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay : July 12.

B. C. RATES :—
T T D D 1/5 15/16 to 12th January
LONDON :—
Banks selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 to 12th January
Bank's buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 12th January
Bank's buying D D 1/6 3/32 One month
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32 One month.
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 1/4 Two months.
NEW YORK :—
Banks selling T T 333 1/2
Bank's buying T T 330
Bank's buying D D 328
PARIS :—
Bank's selling T T not quoted
Bank's buying T T not quoted
JAPAN :—
Banks selling T T 89 1/8 nominal
Banks buying T T 84 1/8 nominal
Banks buying 60 days 83 3/8 nominal
JAVA—
Banks selling D D 55 3/4
HONGKONG—
Banks selling D D 84 3/4
SHANGHAI—
Banks selling D D 24
SINGAPORE—
Banks selling D D 157 3/4
CROSS RATES—
Hongkong/London 1/3 1/32 12th inst.
Shanghai/London 0/4 3/32 12th inst.
New York/London 3.66 1/2 11th inst.
London/Java 7.58/62 11th inst.
London/New York 4.02 1/2-3 1/2 11th inst.
London/Switzerland 17.75/85 11th inst.
London/Stockholm 16.85/95 11th inst.
London/Japan 1/3 7/8 11th inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange :—Quiet
Gold £8/8/0 10th inst.
Gold £8/8/0 11th inst.
Silver London Ready 21 15/16 10th inst.
Silver London Ready 21 13/16 11th inst.
Silver London Forward 21 3/4 10th inst.
Silver London Forward 21 5/8 11th inst.
Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 10th inst.
Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 11th inst.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 10th inst.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 11th inst.
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 10th inst.
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 11th inst.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money :—Call 1/2 per cent.
3 months 1 1/4 per cent.
6 months 1 1/2 per cent.
Tone :—Very easy

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London : July 11.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS—	
3 per cent	79
3 1/2 per cent	91 1/2
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	100
4 per cent 1948/53	104
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	107
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	109
5 per cent 1942/47	103 3/4
3 per cent 1949/52	96
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	72 1/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	99 1/4
4 per cent Funding Loan 1960/90	110 5/8
Indian Iron and Steel New Ordinary	37/6

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York : July 11.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following New York Stock Exchange report :—

	Dollars
Amer For Pow 7 per cent Pfd	15
Amer For Pow 5 per cent Debentures	50
Amer Pow and Lt 5 per cent Pfd	44 1/4
Electric Pow and Lt 7 per cent Pfd	29 1/4
Electric Bond and Share Common	6 1/2
Electric Bond and Share Dol.5 Pfd	62
American Telephone and Telegram	158 3/4
Sun Life of Canada	175
Western Union Telegraph	18 1/4
New York Central R R	11 3/4
Great Northern Preferred	22 5/8
Union Pacific	82
Chesapeake and Ohio	36 7/8
Australian 5 per cent 1965	45
Columbia Gas	6
Int Telephone and Telegraph	2 5/8
United States Steel	51 3/8
Bethlehem Steel	75
National Steel	57
Crucible Steel	29 7/8
Alleghany Ludlum Steel	21 3/4
Republic Steel	16 5/8
U S Smelting	50
Int Nickel of Canada	23 3/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	19 1/2
Chrysler Motors	64
General Motors	43 1/4
Socony	8 3/4
Consolidated Oil	6 3/8
St Oil of N J	34 3/4
Texas Corporation	38 3/8
National City Bank of N Y	24 1/2

Turnover 3,30,000 shares.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool : July 11.

	UPPERS.	GIZA
Spot	11.80+10	11.28+6
July	11.24+15	10.75+7
October	10.81+15	10.53+8
December	10.71+15	Nov. 10.53+8
January	10.50+13	10.35+7
March	10.34+13	10.20—2
May	10.27+13	10.12—3

LONDON SEEDS

London : July 11.

Rozario Santa Fe unquoted
Barletta Russo 29 July quoted
South Australian 26/9 July quoted

LONDON RUBBER

London : July 11.

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb. 12 5/8 sellers

LONDON EXCHANGES

T T London on New York 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2; Madrid 37.70; Montreal 4.43/4.47; Berne 17.75/17.85; Stockholm 16.85/16.95.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London : July 11.

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£ 62 1/2
Indian Stocks—	
3 per cent 1948	£ 79
3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£ 91 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£107
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£ 73 1/4
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£ 99 3/4
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent	£ 99 1/4
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£110 5/8
Victory Bonds	£109 1/4
Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China	£ 5 7/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, London Register	£ 64
National Bank of India	£ 25 1/2

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay : July 12.

The local Share Bazar was fairly steady with a moderate business. There was some selective buying and market leaders failed to show any marked change in quotation.

There was slightly increased activity in cotton mills shares and there was a slightly improved buying following the steady rise in cotton prices. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 912/8 and after declining to Rs. 910 improved to Rs. 912/8, while Jury closed at Rs. 922/8. Century shares were quoted at Rs. 261 and Central India shares were quoted at Rs. 257. Kohinoors were steady and Swadeshi Mill shares improved to Rs. 224.

Associated Cement shares were quietly steady at Rs. 113/4. Tata Hydro shares opened at Rs. 158 and hardened to Rs. 160. Tata Powers were quoted at Rs. 1,300.

Tata Steel Defds opened at Rs. 1760 and declined to Rs. 1747. At this level there was active buying and prices advanced to Rs. 1770 but reacted to Rs. 1762. July quotation after advancing to Rs. 1790 closed at Rs. 1780. Ordinary shares closed at Rs. 339 and July was placed at Rs. 340. Bombay Burmas were quiet at Rs. 530 and Bellapurs improved to Rs. 207. Government Securities opened firm and 3 1/2 per cent Paper was quoted at Rs. 88, but owing to absence of buyers price declined to Rs. 87/12.

Yesterday the Wall-Street market was singlish though sentiment was somewhat better owing to the pushing of the Defence programme. U. S. Steel shares improved 1/8 at 51 3/8. Anaconda Copper Mining shares gained 1/8 at 19 3/8 dollars.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay : July 12.

Bombay Dyeing (907/8) 912/8 910 912/8; July 922/8 925 920 927/8 922/8
Century (260) 260 261; July 265
Central India (253) 255 253 252 257; July 256 254 255
Kohinoor (345) 350 345 349; July 350 352
New Great (311) 311
Simplex (90)

NEW YORK COTTON THREE POINTS DOWN

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1940
New York, July 12

Previous closing	9.48
To-day's opening	9.47
Difference	—01
To-day's closing	9.45
Difference	—03

BROACH EXPECTATION

Broach July/August ..... Rs. 174
Broach April/May ..... Rs. 197

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1940
Liverpool, July 12

Previous closing	7.20
To-day's opening	7.19
Difference	—01
To-day's closing	7.24
Difference	+04

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, July 12

New York cotton was quietly steady with nothing in day's news to stimulate enquiry consequently movements were small. The trading in October began at 9.47 i.e. one point lower than the last closing. Prices eased under scattered hedging and liquidation but pressure was not heavy and price was hovering around opening level.

The following were opening ranges on New York Cotton Exchange :—

July Old (9.75/70) 9.75/75
October (9.49/48) 9.47/47
December (9.33/32) 9.32/32

LONDON COMMODITIES

SEEDS.
London, July 12

Castorseeds July/August (£18 1/6) £18 1/8
Linseed Bombay Calcutta July/August (£16 7/6) £16 7/6
Linseed La Plata July/August (£15) £15
Groundnuts Coromandal July (£16) £16

JUTES.

Dundee August (£34 3/4) £34 3/4
Lightning August (£30 1/2) £30 1/2

RUBBER.

Spot (12 1/2d paid and buyers) 12 3/8d paid and buyers
Forward October December (11 3/4d paid and value) 11 5/8d paid and value

METALS.

Tin (£ 267 1/2 buyers; £268 sellers. Firmer; £266 1/8 buyers; £266 3/8 sellers. Easier.
Electrolytic Copper (£62) £62
Lead Foreign Cash (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 3 (123 sh.) 123 sh.

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

KARACHI, July 12

To-day's closing quotations: Cotton Sind July 16/2; January 17/10; Punjab July 13/13/6 January 15; American July 21/7; January 21/15; Tone: quiet. Steady. Wheat July 7/3/3; September 27/12/3. Tone: sellers. Gram July 28/10; September 29/6; Toria July 36/11; September 35/5. Cottonseed July 22/13; September 23/3.

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES

T. T NEW YORK ON LONDON
New York, July 12

Previous closing	3.68
To-day's opening	3.66 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK
London, July 12

Previous closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS
London, July 12

Previous closing	176 1/2 to 176 3/4
To-day's opening	Not quoted
To-day's closing	Not quoted

LONDON SILVER CABLE

London, July 12

The following cable was received from London :—

Market quiet.

LONDON SILVER
London, July 12

Spot (21 15/16d) 21 3/4d —1/16
Forward (21 5/8d) 21 1/2d —1/8

LONDON GOLD
London, July 12

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, July 12

London Exchange opened with the sterling dollar at 4.02.50 to 4.03.50 which is officially fixed rate

Franc was officially fixed at 175.50 to 176.75

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1 6) 1-6
Paris on Bombay (unquoted) unquoted
New York on Bombay (30.32) 30.32
New York on Milan (unquoted) unquoted
London on Shanghai (0-3 11/16 to 0-4 3/32) 0-3 11/16 to 0-4 1/8
London on Kobe (1-3 to 1-3 1/2) 1-3 3/8 to 1-3 7/8

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent
4 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent
6 months (1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent

BULLION AND SEEDS

Bombay, July 12

There was no trading during the night session.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, July 12

The following are the opening quotations :—

General Motors (dol 43 1/2) dol 43 1/4
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 19 1/2) dol 19 5/8
U S Steel Common (dol 52 1/8) dol 51 1/4
U S Steel Preference (unquoted) unquoted

COLOMBO MARKET

COLOMBO, July 12

Rubber 54 3/4, sheet 50 3/4 crepe. Yesterday's closing rates were same. Copra 25.00, Cocoanut oil f.o.b 182.50 nominal.

3 1|2 P.C. STERLING LOAN

London, July 12

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed unchanged at £91 1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, July 12

The London Stock Exchange was quiet and irregular.

INDIAN LOANS
London, July 12

3 per cent Indian Stocks (£96) £96
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1950/55 (£107) £107
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1958/68 (£109) £109
4 per cent Indian Stocks 1948/53 (£104) £104
5 per cent Indian Stocks 1942/47 (£103 3/4) £103 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1954/58 (£100) £100

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent 1958/68 (£102) £102

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£72 1/4) £72 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£99 3/4) £99 3/4
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£98 1/2) £98 1/2
4 per cent Funding Loan (£110 5/8) £110 5/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£99 1/4) £99 1/4
New War Loan (£100) £100
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds (£109 1/4) £109 1/4

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (8-6) 8-6
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (31-3) 31-9
Hydro Electric (No dealings) No dealings
Electric Music Industry (5-0) 5-4 1/2
Princhin Johnson (15-7 1/2) 15-7 1/2
Imperial Chemicals (23-7 1/2) 23-7 1/2
Woolsworth New Ordinary (48-6) 48-6
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1939 (£31) £31
Dundee Rubber (24-10 1/2) 25-1 1/2
Unilever Ordinary (20-0) 18-9
Ford Motors (15-7 1/2) 15-7 1/2
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£34) £34
British American Tobacco Ordinary (65-0) 65-0
Carreas 'A' (£3 5/8) £3 3/4
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (85-0) 84-4 1/2
P and O Def (14-6) 14-9
Distillers (55-6) 54-9
Bredfords Dye (3-1 1/2) 3-1 1/2
British Celanese (3-1 1/2) 3-1 1/2
J and P Coates Ordinary (26-3) 26-10 1/2
Courtaulds Ordinary (24-10 1/2) 24-10 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners (3-3) 2-10 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (12-9) 12-9
Inter Nickel Ordinary (No dealings) No dealings
Indian Iron (37-6) 37-6

TEA SHARES

Assam (13-1 1/2) 13-1 1/2
Donaro Tea (25-0) 25-0
Empire of India (16-10 1/2) 16-10 1/2

JUTE

Barnagore (£8 1/2) £8 1/2

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (15-0) 14-9
Gula Kelampong (15-0) 15-0
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (22-3) 22-3

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (22-6) 22-6
Burma Corporation (7-0) 7-0
Rio Tintos (£5 1/2) £5 1/2
East Rand Properties (30-0) 30-0
Rand Mines (£5 3/4) £6 1/2

MINE SHARES

Crown (£12) £12
Associated Portland Cement (46-3) 48-1 1/2
Trinidad Leaseholds (56-3) 55-7 1/2
Sub Nigel (£7 1/4) £7 1/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (16-10 1/2) 16-10 1/2
Union Corporation (£5 1/2) £5 1/2

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (19-4 1/2) 20-0
Anglo India (32-6) 32-6
Burma Oil (42-6) 43-1 1/2
Mexican Eagle (3-6) 3-6
Shell Transport (33-9) 33-1 1/2
Royal Dutch (No dealings) No dealings

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£28) £28
London Midland Ordinary (£11 1/4) £11
London North Eastern Def (£1 5/8) £1 5/8
London Southern Def (£9 1/4) £9
London Transport 5 per cent (£112 1/2) £113
London Transport 'C' (£29 1/2) £29 1/2

MRS. HAMID ALI SUGGESTS:

Satyagraha For Equal Rights To Fair Sex!

And Opportunities For Progress And Development

DEHRA DUN, July 10.

"Now the time has come that we, women, should resort to Satyagraha for securing our equal rights from our fellow men," observed Begun Hamid Ali in the course of her Presidential address at the first session of the Dehra Dun Branch of the All-India Women's Conference held here last evening. About one thousand women of the District, belonging to all classes, creeds and communities were present.

She added: "We do not demand these rights because we are human beings, but because we have equal, if not more, ability, intelligence and moral force. We had no opportunities for their full play.

"We should stand on our own legs and fight for our rights. Opportunities for progress and development should be available not only to our sons but to our daughters also, if the nation, as a whole, is to make solid and abiding progress in all spheres of life."

Mrs. Parmanand Khanna, Chairwoman of the reception committee, welcomed the President and the delegates.

Concluding she pleaded for the adoption of Hindustani as the common language of the bulk of the people. Adoption of a common language would go a great way in solving problems of unity and organisation.

Resolutions were passed demanding the introduction of free and compulsory primary education among boys and girls, and urging the Government to introduce legislation conferring upon women equal rights of inheritance along with the other male heirs.

INHERITANCE LAW.

The Conference adopted a resolution characterising the recent amendments to the law of inheritance as "wholly inadequate" and urging the Government to introduce legislation conferring upon women an equal right of inheritance along with male heirs. The Conference also protested against legislation in the Punjab and U.P., depriving women of agricultural inheritance.

AGAINST POLYGAMY.

Another resolution passed by the Conference reads—"This Conference is of the opinion that no man should marry more than one woman at a time and that women should not marry, nor parents consent to give their daughters in marriage to any man who already has a wife living. This Conference, therefore, supports the bill moved by Mrs. Subbaroyan in the Central Assembly for legislation against polygamy and urges the Government to provide legislation for the prevention of polygamy in India and to compel those men who already have more than one wife to provide alimony, sufficient and adequate to their social status, to their previous wife or wives.

The Conference also passed resolutions stressing the importance of Hindu-Muslim unity and patronising and popularising of Swadeshi goods.—A. P.

MORE LICENCES FOR IMPORT TRADE

SIMLA, July 12.

Two further open general licences under the "Import Trade Control" are announced. One of them gives general permission to all persons to import rubber-lined hose from any country.

The second open general licence gives general permission to all persons to import until further notice (A) from Burma any of the goods specified in the schedule to the notification, dated May 20 (not being goods previously imported into Burma from places outside the British Empire or in the case of goods excepted from part (B) of this licence from outside Burma (B) from any other place in the British Empire, including Mandated territories, except Honkong, any of the goods specified in the notification dated May 20 (not being goods previously imported into such place outside the British Empire) except jams, etc., proprietory and patent medicines, rubber goods and motor cars.—A. P.

Registration Of Trade Marks

SIMLA, July 12.

Procedure for the deposit of trade marks at the Patent Office, under the Trade Marks Act is published.

It "inter-alia" requires any person, claiming to be the proprietor of a trade mark used in British India and intending to apply for its registration under Trade Marks Act, 1940, to apply not earlier than October 1, 1940, and not later than March 31, 1941, for its deposit at the Patent Office. The application shall be forwarded by registered post to the Registrar of Trade Marks, Calcutta.

If Trade Mark to be deposited is in respect of certain specified goods the application may at the option of the depositor be forwarded by registered post to the deputy registrar of trade marks, Bombay.—A. P.

Army Life Film At Metro, Eros And Roxy

The Bombay Talkies' documentary film of Indian army life, "A Day with the Indian Army," will be shown for a week at the Metro, Eros and Roxy theatres along with their feature programmes from to-day onward. The English version of the film is released at the Metro and the Eros, and the Hindustani version at the Roxy.

KHAIRGARH—His Excellency the Crown Representative has beee pleased to admit Raja Sahib of Khairgarh as a member of the Chamber of Princes in his own right.

Hitler's Next Move

By SIR GEORGE DUFF-SUTHERLAND DUNBAR

(By Special Cable from London).

France is virtually wiped off the map of Europe and her Colonial Empire is no longer a formidable bar to Nazi-Fascist ambitions. A false complacency founded on a ferro-concrete mentality destroyed her; her High Command ignored the tactical lessons written on the face of Poland.

The small states of North-Western Europe stood on the quicksands of neutrality until they were engulfed. Neutral states from the Balkans to the East, with this lesson before them, stand in peril of a destructive force unparalleled since Chengiz Khan, some of them hypnotised by the power of Hitler, or hoping for the support of the unpredictable Stalin, enervated perhaps by insidious propaganda.

* * * *

Hitler has the initiative and he is the master of surprise but it is reasonable to expect that he will make the British Isles his next objective rather than attempt an eastward drive in his bid for world domination.

Considering Hitler's undisguised eastern ambitions, Stalin's move in the Balkans was not altogether unexpected. By the Nazi-Soviet pact the U. S. S. R. set her frontier approximately on the Curzon Line in Poland and followed this up by obtaining a military hold on the Eastern Baltic States and by the conquest of the Karelian Peninsula Stalin has now seized the opportunity provided by German pre-occupation to pounce on Bessarabia and Bukovina. Russia has thus consistently pursued a policy of building up the strongest possible strategic position on her western frontier, a course of action quickened by the French debacle.

* * * *

It would, however, be wrong to assume that a conflict is impending between the Soviet and Germany either on account of Russian aggression or because of future developments in the Balkans. But while Stalin now has his finger on one of the routes by which Rumanian oil can reach Germany in addition to holding the oilwells of Southern Poland, Germany may be expected to draw oil from Rumania as before. These supplies are limited by the transport available. The greatest amount she could thus obtain in twelve months is estimated at a million tons, including Diesel oil.

The German view of the Russian move may well be that whatever the Soviet may do now she can be dealt with later. Italy's acquiescence in the Russian advance, which some months ago Mussolini would have thought intolerable, shows the extent of Italy's vassalage to Germany.

The Italian armistice terms were obviously framed to avoid pressure heavy enough to inspire the French colonial authorities to fight on with General de Gaulle. The likelihood of any important co-operation has faded.

* * * *

Franco's policy is to keep Spain neutral for he sees clearly the necessity for a long peace. But German forces are now on the Spanish frontier to add external pressure to that exerted by the numerous Nazis in the country. The prognosis is unfavourable.

The position in the Eastern Mediterranean is firmly held by the British fleet and General Wavell's forces. It has been made clear by a statement of the British Government that no hostile Power would be allowed to keep Syria or Lebanon and to use them as bases against those eastern countries which Britain is pledged to defend.

This follows the lines of the declaration made by Turkey and will no doubt meet with that country's approval.

Operations in the Mediterranean are bound to intensify. And sooner or later the Nazi-Fascist combine may be expected to strike at the Suez Canal in an attempt to secure Haifa and the Syrian and Tripoli terminals of the Iraq pipe-line. The oil blockade is the strongest weapon in British economic warfare and, when German and Italian stocks begin to run dry, they must break the blockade or become paralysed.

But while Britain has command of the sea-power which keeps the oil routes open to her, she denies them to her enemies.

* * * *

In the Far East Japan has now shown her hand. She has requested the British Government to stop the transit of goods to China by the Burma route and through Hongkong and this is now under consideration in London. At the same time she has made similar demands of the French authorities in Indo-China, who have also been supplying the Chungking Government, and has sent a Commission to see that this is complied with. It is possible that the French Commander-in-Chief might resist should it come to armed aggression, but the position is complicated as this officer may not be retained by the Petain Government.

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220.V. and 1.5 K.W.
I. Horizontal Four Stroke cold starting "Deutz" Crude oil engine type MIH 328, 18 H.P. for Electrical drive complete with Elmo Pump for cooling water supply.
I. Switch Board consisting 3 panels.
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Virol is inside protection. For what your child needs most of all to fight a trying climate is the full-blooded, vigorous health which comes from Virol, containing as it does, not only the vitamins, but all the essentials for growth and protection.

Doctors strongly recommend Virol for building up children in trying climates. Improvement begins at once and it lasts for life.

GIVE YOUR CHILD A

VIROL

CONSTITUTION

Weather Report

POONA, July 12

The following is the maximum and the minimum temperature and rainfall figures recorded at the various stations during the 24 hours ending 8 a.m. to-day :—

STATIONS.	Maximum.	Minimum.	Rainfall: Past 24 hours.	Rainfall: Total since June 1	Departure from normal.
Chittagong	81	75	0.2	33.7	+4.2
Calcutta	91	78	0.9	14.2	—2.6
Cuttack	89	77	4.4	27.0	+12.8
Ranchi	81	72	—	14.2	—1.5
Patna	96	83	—	5.5	—7.2
Gorakhpur	95	87	—	7.2	—5.1
Benares	95	84	—	7.5	—1.6
Allahabad	96	84	—	5.3	
Cawnpore	100	84	—	2.3	—3.9
Lucknow	98	83	—	2.5	—6.2
Jhansi	98	86	—	5.2	—4.1
Agra	103	86	—	1.7	—4.4
Bareilly	93	82	0.8	1.7	—2.0
Dehra Dun	84	73	1.9	21.2	+3.2
Delhi	102	82	0.2	0.7	—5.6
Ambala	95	83	—	5.7	—1.1
Lahore	100	77	0.9	4.1	+0.3
Rawalpindi	96	72	0.5	6.7	+2.2
Lyallpur	106	85	—	0.5	—1.9
Srinagar	91	65	—	3.5	+1.4
Peshawar	102	85	—	0.8	+0.1
Rangoon	91	77	0.4	33.5	+7.7
Khandwa	96	76	—	14.8	+6.3
Jubbulpore	88	76	0.3	12.3	—1.5
Nagpur	88	74	0.1	28.7	+14.4
BOMBAY	88	81	T	31.7	+2.2
Ratnagiri	86	78	0.2	29.9	—13.6
Ahmednagar	89	71	—	11.1	+4.9
POONA	85	72	T	6.0	—1.2
Sholapur	96	73	—	3.0	—3.3
Hyderabad (Dn.)	92	75	—	4.8	—2.2
Bangalore	84	68	—	4.7	+0.1
Mysore	83	69	0.1	6.7	+2.7
Calicut	86	75	1.5	43.1	—3.5
Madras	99	84	—	1.5	—1.9
Shillong	74	64	0.4	14.1	—8.8
Simla	67	61	0.1	13.4	—0.7
Panchmarhi	78	70	1.2	36.3	+18.6
Kodaikanal	66	55	—	5.8	—0.3
Colombo	85	80	—	9.6	—0.4
Jacobabad	106	85	—	0.1	—0.4
Hyderabad (Sind)	100	81	—	0.7	—0.7
Karachi	91	82	—	0.4	—1.2
Jaipur	102	81	—	2.1	—3.3
Ajmer	99	75	0.9	2.2	—2.7
Deesa	98	80	0.1	4.3	—0.8
Rajkot	97	80	—	4.8	—3.5
Ahmedabad	95	83	—	3.6	—4.7
Bhopal	91	76	—	14.3	
Akola	86	76	—	12.3	+3.8
Amraoti	83	74	0.3	19.1	+9.1
Indore	84	74	0.1	13.5	+4.0
Marmagoa	85	76	0.3	31.6	
Malegaon	90	75	—	5.7	—0.4
Mussoorie	67	61	0.4	18.5	+6.2
Mahableshwa	—	54	0.5	66.0	—13.5
Baroda	92	80	—	4.8	
Bahawalpur	109	90	—	0.3	—1.0
Belgaum	77	69	0.1	16.8	+3.0
Murree	76	58	1.2	10.2	+2.1
Cherrapunji	69	64	0.8	96.1	—44.3
Bijapur	91	74	—	3.3	—0.9
Khandalla	—	—	0.1	44.6	
Mount Abu	81	67	T	3.4	—9.0
Ootacamund	63	55	—	13.1	+3.1
Jodhpur	102	80	0.1	0.5	—2.0
Gwalior	100	85	—	—	

ALL-INDIA WEATHER REPORT

POONA, July 12

The monsoon has been active in Orissa, Central Provinces, north Hyderabad and Malabar. Fairly widespread light rain occurred in Konkan and local rain in Assam, Bengal, east and north Punjab, west Central India, Berar, east Rajputana and Mysore, while a few falls are reported in west United Provinces, northwest Frontier Province, northeast Baluchistan, west Rajputana, Gujarat, south Hyderabad, southeast Madras and north Madras Coast.

Heavy rainfall warning: Locally heavy rain is likely in Orissa, east Central Provinces and Malabar Coast during the next thirty-six hours.—A. P.

Temperature Two Degrees Above Normal

BOMBAY. Friday.

The continued absence of rain is fast diminishing the lead obtained earlier in the monsoon and also driving the mercury higher in the thermometer.

Only the southern half of the city had any appreciable showers during Thursday. The Colaba gauge recorded 0.03 of an inch and the one at St. George's Hospital 0.08 of an inch. The total recorded at Colaba since 1st June is 31.65 inches which is just 2.17 inches above normal.

This explanation does not however help to make the weather pleasant. The maximum temperature recorded on Thursday was 88 degrees which is 2.4 degrees above normal, the minimum stood at 80.7 degrees which is 4.7 above normal.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological observations during 24 hours ending at 8 a.m. of 17th of July, 1940 :—

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hrs. +.031 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 82.8 deg.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 78.9 deg.

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs. 88.0 deg. (2.4 above normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs. 80.7 deg. (4.0 above normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 83 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. W-S-W.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 10 miles per hr

Total movement of wind in 24 hrs. 157 mls

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hrs. 27 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m (the whole sky cloudy equal to 10) 7.

Rainfall in 24 hours 0.03 inches.

Total rainfall during the month 1.67 inches

Total rainfall during the year 33.04 inches.

Weather remarks: Rain.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 12/7/1940

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 85.0 deg. R. a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.93 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.72 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

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PERFUMED TONIC HAIR OIL
Coty Hair Oil is the outstanding Hair Tonic which stimulates and nourishes the hair and scalp. To this is added the best natural perfumes, which have a lasting effect adding to your natural beauty.
Prepared in four delightful perfumes Chypre, Rose, Gardenia and Jasmin.
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KARACHI

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If you have sympathy for motherless pups, then, why not for those orphans—?"

—Says Clever NARMADA

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The Year's Outstanding Production

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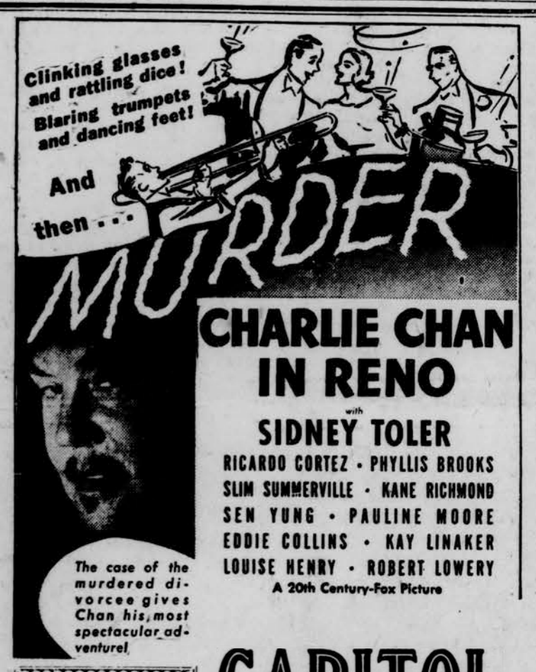
ITS PRABHAT

PRABHAT'S Film Biography **Dnyaneshwar**

Starring: YESHWANT, SHAHU MODAK & SUMATI GUPTE

9th WEEK AT CENTRAL

MARATHI: Daily 4, 7 p.m. Sat., Sun., Mon., 1-30, 4 p.m.
HINDI: Daily 9-45 p.m. Sat., Sun., Mon. 7, 9-45 p.m.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Blaring trumpets and dancing feet!
And then . . .
MURDER
The case of the murdered divorcee gives Chan his most spectacular adventure!

CHARLIE CHAN IN RENO

with

SIDNEY TOLER

RICARDO CORTEZ · PHYLLIS BROOKS
SLIM SUMMERVILLE · KANE RICHMOND
SEN YUNG · PAULINE MOORE
EDDIE COLLINS · KAY LINAKER
LOUISE HENRY · ROBERT LOWERY

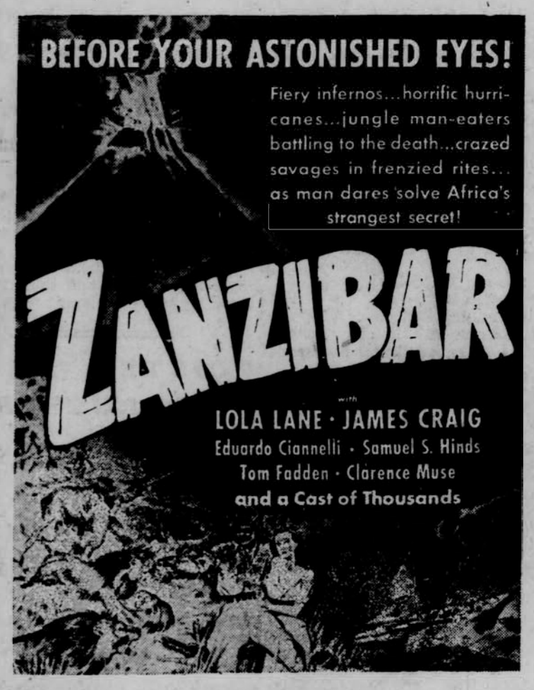
A 20th Century-Fox Picture

Sun. 10-30 a.m. "FIREFLY" with Jeanette MacDonald

CAPITOL

Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

REGAL Daily: at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.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Fiery infernos...horrific hurricanes...jungle man-eaters battling to the death...crazed savages in frenzied rites... as man dares solve Africa's strangest secret!
ZANZIBAR
with
LOLA LANE · JAMES CRAIG
Eduardo Ciannelli · Samuel S. Hinds
Tom Fadden · Clarence Muse
and a Cast of Thousands

EXTRAS— "FOLIES PARISIENNE" A sparkling musical!

"HE'S IN THE NAVY" Wadia Movietone Documentary

BOMBAY and SUBURBS

Local Engagements

To-day

Hindu : Ashad Sud 9, 1996
Muslim : Jamadi-ul-Akhar 7, 1359
Parsi : Bahman 12, 1309
Hightide : 6-24, 11-6
Lowtide : 12-11 23-59
Sunrise : 6h. 9m.
Sunset : 7h. 20m.
Municipal Corporation at 3-40 p.m.

MR. AND MRS. V. D. RISHI BACK IN BOMBAY

After an extensive tour in North India and Bengal for the spread of Spiritualism, Mr. and Mrs. V. D. Rishi returned to Bombay on Thursday. During the tour, they visited Delhi, Lahore, Calcutta and Benares for the spread of this knowledge.

SARASWAT CO-OPERATIVE BANK LTD.

The third quarterly social meeting of the members of the Bank will be held to-day (Saturday) at 5 p.m. (S.T.) at the Saraswat Brahmin Samaj Griha, 264 Charni Road, Girgaon, Bombay 4. All members are cordially invited to attend and participate in the function.

BOMBAY NORTH & SUBURBAN SECONDARY TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION

The annual meeting of the Association will be held to-day (Saturday) at 4-30 p.m. in C. L. Boys' High School, Dadar.

PASSENGERS & TRAFFIC RELIEF ASSOCIATION

A conference of Suburban Railway passengers under the auspices of the Passengers & Traffic Relief Association, Bombay, will be held to-day (Saturday) at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at the Lalji Naranji Indian Merchants' Chamber Memorial Hall, near Churchgate Station, when resolutions pertaining to suburban train service, railway timings and general questions affecting railway service will be discussed and passed. All Institutions and individuals in the Suburbs interested in Railway questions are requested to participate in the Conference and help to make it a success. Institutions are requested to communicate the names of their representatives (if not so far communicated) to the Jt. Hon. Secretaries, the Passengers & Traffic Relief Association, Hornby Road, Fort, as early as possible.

BAI LILAVANTI ALIAS KAKUBAI LALJI DAYAL HINDU HIGH SCHOOL

Mr. J. H. Trivedi, Principal, M. K. N. Bhatia High School, Bombay, will speak on "School Discipline", with special reference to local conditions at 2-30 p.m. to-day (Saturday) in the hall of the above school.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE

The Voluntary Social Workers' Training Class will meet to-day (Saturday) at the League's Head Office, Sandhurst Road, Girgaon. Two lectures will be delivered this day, the first by Dr. H. D. Khote, D.P.H., M.R.C.P., Grant Medical College, on "Hygiene and Medical Relief: Prevention of Common Infectious Diseases" from 5 to 6 p.m. (S.T.), and the second by Mr. R. M. Talpade, Superintendent, Provincial Co-operative Institute, on "The Co-operative Movement" from 6 to 7 p.m. (S.T.).

LECTURE ON A. R. P. IN MALAD

Under the auspices of the local A. R. P. Committee for Malad and Kandivli, Mr. D. V. Mahant, B.A., will deliver a lecture on the subject of "Air Raid Precautions" on Sunday, the 14th July at 8-30 a.m. (S.T.) in the Lokmanya Vachanalaya Hall, Malad, when all are cordially requested to attend.

SECONDARY TEACHERS' TRAINING INSTITUTE

Under the auspices of the Institute, Rao Saheb N. D. Abhyankar, B.A., S. T. Cd., Assistant Educational Inspector, B.D., will give a talk on the "Teacher and his Problems" to-day (Saturday) at 5 p.m. in the King George English School, Dadar.

OPENING OF VITHAL SAYANA PAVILION

Hon. Sir J. W. F. Beaumont, Chief Justice of Bombay, will open Vithal Sayana Pavilion to-day at 5-30 p.m. at Kamatipura Bazaar Road.

HINDU MAHA SABHA

The following telegram has been sent by Mr. V. D. Savarkar, the President of the Hindu Maha Sabha to condole the death of Mr. Jagannath Prasad Warma, the General Secretary of the All-India Hindu Maha Sabha :

"Alas Warmaji is dead. One of our bravest soldier fighting actively to the last in the forefront in defence of Hindu Cause. All honours to him who dies thus."

BOMBAY WELFARE SOCIETY

A meeting of the Managing Committee called on 14th instant at 9 a.m. (S.T.) at the residence of Sjt. Mohanlal Pandya will not be held on that day as Mr. Pandya will not be in Bombay on that day on account of the sad demise of his elder brother.

A. R. P. LECTURE IN MAHIM

Mr. Chas. Bigwood will continue his series of lectures at the residence of Mr. H. A. Fazelbhoy "Palmlands", Mahim to-day (Saturday) at 4-30 p.m. The subject of the lectures will be "Methods of attack and types of bombs used."

YOUTHS' PARLIAMENT

That "The Government Is Justified in Repealing Prohibition" will be the subject of a public debate in the Youth Lodge, Blavatsky Lodge, to-day (Saturday) at 6-15 p.m. Mr. B. N. Anklesaria will propose and Swami Acharya will oppose. Mr. H. M. Modi, Advocate, will preside.

CITIZENS' DEFENCE CORPS

Under the joint auspices of Khar Taluka Congress Committee and Residents' Association and C. K. P. Club, a public meeting of the citizens of Khar will be held to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. at the Laxmi-Nagar Hall, 10th Road, to organise a citizens' Volunteer Corps, for Khar and Danda, for rendering assistance in case of emergencies.

The Volunteer Corps will be entirely non-communal open to all, irrespective of caste, creed and community. The citizens of Khar and Danda are requested to attend the meeting and also help in raising the Citizens' Volunteer Corps.

BOMBAY NATIONAL GUARDS

Under the auspices of the Bombay National Guards, a Volunteer's Rally of all the Volunteers Organisations in the city will be held on Sunday, the 14th July at 7 a.m. at the compound of the Robert Money High School, Bombay 4, when the significance of the Emergency Guards and the aims and objects of it will be explained to all the volunteers present. There will be route march of the volunteers at 8 a.m. in the main roads of the city. All the members of B. N. G. are requested to be present in full uniforms at 7 a.m.

Amusements Of The Day

CAPITOL—"Charlie Chan in Reno". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Zanzibar". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Dr. Kildare's Strange Case". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Hitler—Beast of Berlin". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Primrose Path". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Woman". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Saubhagya". Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1 p.m.
WEST END—"Ardhangi". Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-30 p.m.
MINERVA—"Bahurani". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-45 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Andhi". Daily at 4-45, 7-15 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 2 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Dnyaneshwar". Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-30 p.m.

The Vithal Sayana Pavilion at Kamatipura which will be declared open this evening by Sir John Beaumont, Chief Justice of Bombay. Inset is a photograph of the late Mr. Vithal Sayana in whose memory the Pavilion has been erected by his son, Dewan Bahadur Narayan Vithal Sayana.

JUNAGADH'S FORMER MINISTER DISMISSED

JUNAGADH (By Mail)

A message from the Director of Information, Junagadh State, says that Mr. J. X. Sequeira, ex-Revenue Member of Junagadh State Council, has been dismissed from the State Service and his pension confiscated. It is said, Mr. Sequeira failed to produce proper accounts of receipts and disbursements regarding the Sagdi and Raniji Vidis which were under his sole control. Further, it is said, Mr. Sequeira was given opportunity, to clear his conduct by facing a prosecution in a competent Court of Law, but he failed to avail himself of the offer.

Kripalani In Hospital

BOMBAY, July 11.

Mr. J. B. Kripalani, General Secretary of the Congress, has been admitted to the Sir Harkisondas Hospital for treatment for pain on an arm. He will be undergoing treatment for about a week.—A. P.

BOHRA YOUTH LEAGUE

Under the auspices of the above League, Maulana Salamatullah Qureshi will speak on "The Muslim Rulers in India" to-day (Saturday) at the League's Hall, 129 Abdul Rehman Street at 9-30 p.m.

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION ASSOCIATION

Prof. Dixit and Rev. Fr. Duhr will begin their classes in Biology in relation to Man and Italian (Dante) in Podar High School, Santa Cruz, and St. Xavier's College to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. and 6-30 p.m. respectively.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE, BOMBAY

Mother craft, First Aid and Home Nursing Classes for women will be started in Marathi at the Mahila Seva Mandal Industrial School for Women, Sandhurst Road, Girgaum, on Wednesday, the 17th July between 1 p.m. and 2 p.m. (S.T.).

CHANGE IN PROHIBITION POLICY

The Hon. Secretary, B. S. D. C. C. writes :

At an urgent meeting of the Executive Committee of the Suburban District Congress Committee held on Tuesday last, passed a resolution protesting against the modification of the Prohibition policy recently made by the Government of Bombay. The Committee opined that the Government must continue the enforcement of that policy and take all possible steps within their power for that purpose without loss of further time.

The Committee also issued an appeal calling upon suburban residents to join the Citizens' Volunteer Corps.

TO HABITUAL KHADDAR WEARERS IN VILE PARLE

Joint Hon. Secretaries, Vile Parle Congress Committee writes :—

It has been decided that a list of habitual Khaddar wearers in the Bombay Suburban District should be prepared by the respective Congress Committees.

Those citizens of Vile Parle, therefore, who are habitual wearers of hand-woven and hand-spun Khaddar are requested to give in their names and addresses at one of the following places : Khadi Mandir, Juhu Road; Vile Parle; Sjt. Bhide's Shop, opp. Rly. Station, Vile Parle.

SAYANA PAVILION

The Vithal Sayana Pavilion of the Gymkhana will be opened by Hon. Sir John Beaumont, Chief Justice of Bombay to-morrow (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. at Kamatipura Bazaar Road.

SHETH ANANDILAL PODAR HIGH SCHOOL

A public meeting under the auspices of various institutions of Santa Cruz will be held on Sunday, the 14th July at 8-30 a.m. at the Mahadevi Building, Sheth Anandilal Podar High School to express its sense of deep sorrow on the demise of one of the leading citizens Mr. Devidas J. Desai, Solicitor, under the presidentship of Shriman Sheth Ramdevji Podar.

Water Polo Tournament

The first Open Water Polo League matches will begin to-morrow (Sunday) at the Golwala's Victoria Swimming Baths, Back Bay, Fort. They are fixed as under :—

9-30 a.m. Golwala 'A' team v. Golwala Hindu team; 10 a.m. Golwala 'B' team v. Golwala 'C' team; 10-30 a.m. Dharampur Boat Club v. Zionists; 11 a.m. Others v. Cathedral Old Boys.

ACCUSED CREATE ROWDY SCENES

Barkatalli and nine others were sentenced this morning by Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate for offences of trespass under the Railway Act and rioting under the I.P.C. to an aggregate sentence of three months. When the accused heard the conviction they created rowdy scenes in the Court, and when locked up, continued their demonstrations by breaking up the planks and threatening the sentries.

Barkatali and his colleagues were produced before the Chief Presidency Magistrate and were fined Re. 1 to Rs. 25 each for riotous behaviour in the Court under the City Police Act.

Temperance Association On Prohibition

A meeting of the Managing Committee of the Indian Temperance Association was held on July 10 at Dr. T. R. Narvane's dispensary under the presidentship of Dr. M. D. D. Gilder. After a thorough discussion about the position created by the recent decision of the High Court the following resolution was unanimously adopted.

The Indian Temperance Association views with deep concern the effects on "Prohibition" introduced by a previous Popular Government of the decision of the High Court in a recent case.

The Association registers an emphatic protest against the action of the present Government in jettisoning a policy of beneficent social reform started by a former Government responsible to the people.

That the policy of prohibition had and has the support of a very large majority of the public of this province is undoubted. Even in the days of the Montague Chelmsford reforms the elected members of the Legislature had forced the Government to declare the goal of its excise policy to be prohibition. In the presented elected legislatures, the policy of prohibition was accepted without a division and with acclamation.

The Association therefore, urges the Government that on a further review of the legal aspects of the case, means should be found to continue in its entirety the policy laid down by the former responsible Government.

It was also decided that after a reasonable time of waiting to bring further pressure on Government by public propaganda and demonstration.

'F' WARD CONGRESS SATYAGRAHA COMMITTEE

The following three resolutions were adopted at the meeting of the Council of Management of the 'F' Ward D. C. S. C. held on last Wednesday :—

(1) "This Council of Management of the 'F' Ward D. C. S. C. congratulates Deshgaurab Babu Subhas Chandra Bose on his arrest in connection with the Holwell Monument Movement and strongly condemns the action of the Governments concerned."

(2) "This Council of Management of the 'F' Ward D. C. S. C. strongly condemns the action of the Bombay Government in raising Prohibition and demands the immediate reintroduction of Prohibition for the economic betterment of the masses."

(3) "This Council of Management of the 'F' Ward D. C. S. C. condemns the action of the Government for arresting Com. S. G. Tambitkar, one of the Council Members under the Defence of India Act."

Sri. M. R. Jaiwant was co-opted on the Council and Sri. R. A. Mhatre was appointed as the Secretary of the Volunteer Sub-Committee.

Wine Merchants' Representation

With regard to the representation made by the Bombay Wine Merchants' Association that the Government should either waive the tax of Rs. 2 which was being collected since August 1, 1939, on each unit of foreign liquor or extend it to the whole of the province, enquiries show that the Government will postpone consideration of the representation until a final decision is taken regarding the prohibition issue.

'Nabha Day' At Poona

The President, Sri Guru Singh Sabha, Poona, writes :—

A meeting of the Sikhs of Poona held on Tuesday to observe 'Nabha Day' protested against the continued internment of Maharaja Gurcharan Singh for the last 17 years, and urged upon the Government of India to release and reinstate him on the Gadi of Nabha. It further demanded that Pattit Tikka should in no case be installed on the Gadi of Nabha.

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NATIONAL STUDIOS' EPIC
Director: MEHBOOB

10TH WEEK AT PATHE
3-30, 6-30, 10-0 p.m.

Starring: SURENDRA, SARDAR AKHTAR & YAKUB

UNIFORMS FOR CIVIC GUARDS

The Government of Bombay, it is understood, has decided to supply uniforms to the Bombay civic guards.

Bombay Flying Club's Contribution To Indian Air Force

The report of the Bombay Flying Club for June 1940, states 'inter alia' :—

Flying time for the month amounted to 179 hours 10 minutes which is the highest recorded figure for June in Poona.

The Club commenced its monsoon programme from the 1st of June when VT-AIO and VT-AFA were flown to Poona. VT-AEZ and VT-ALI were left in Bombay under the charge of Mr. M. D. Mistry, who was able to put in 26 hours flying in Bombay.

Five new members commenced instruction for the "A" licence in Poona.

AIR FORCE TRAINING

Mr. E. Pinto, who was selected for the Reserve Training has been taken in the Indian Air Force, and has come back for an advanced course of 15 hours. Mr. H. S. Ratnagar has been selected as Pilot for the Indian Air Force and is at present in Risalpur.

Mr. A. P. Kapadia has been offered a Commission in the Indian Air Force as Pilot.

Houses Of Ill-fame In Kamathipura

A demand for the removal of ill-fame houses from Kamatipura has been made on behalf of the citizens residing in that locality. A public meeting is scheduled to be held on Sunday, July 14 at 5-30 p.m. over which Sir Seetaram Patkar, ex-Judge of the Bombay High Court has consented to preside. The meeting will be addressed by prominent citizens including Messrs. S. K. Patil, Jamnadas Mehta, M. M. Killedar and B. G. Horniman.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN)

A daring daylight theft was committed from the residence of Mr. Manekshaw Bicksji, at Turner Road, Bandra.

It appears between the hours of 1 to 2-15 p.m. on July 10, while the occupants of the house were out to Bombay, some unknown persons broke open the lock of the door and robbed diamonds, gold and silver ornaments worth about Rs. 1,000. Bandra Police are investigating.

ROBBED BY FORCE

On the same day in the evening Anwar Hussain Khan, while coming from Danda into Bandra through Khar, on the junction of 1st and 15th Road, was waylaid by four persons and robbed of Rs. 40 in cash, a water proof coat and one fountain pen.

Four persons arrested are Meraj Mohomed, Wizar Abdul Khan, Mammali Dinmohamed and Fazul Abdul Ikehman. Police investigation are in progress.

Five Persons Trampled To Death By Elephant

DHOLPUR, July 12.

The annual car festival at Madonagar near Karauli was marred by a tragedy when five people including a temple priest were trampled to death by the elephant engaged in pulling the temple car.—A. P.

N. R. SARKAR AGAIN ILL.

CALCUTTA, July 12.

Mr. Nalini Ranjan Sarkar, former Minister of Bengal, has had a relapse of fever, and is again lying seriously ill.—United Press.

SCHOOL OF INDIAN MUSIC

The weekly concert of the school will be held to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. at the School Hall, Vithalbhai Patel Road, near Prarthana Samaj, Bombay 4.

Telephone No. 22637
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Telegrams: "Chronicle."
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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JULY 13, 1940

EDUCATION IN BOMBAY

The Report on Public Instruction in the Province of Bombay for the year 1938-39 records appreciable progress in many directions. The total number of pupils under instruction rose by 163,040 to 1,566,441 or by 11.6 per cent. The number of educational institutions increased by 3.689 to 18,729; so that out of the 21,668 towns and villages in the province, 11,862 possessed schools, compared with 9,180 in the preceding year, and the area served by each town or village with a school was 6.5 square miles against 8.4 square miles in the previous year. This improvement was due mainly to the opening of about 2,400 aided primary schools under the scheme of liquidation of mass illiteracy which was launched by the Congress Government during the year. The scheme, whose main object was to stimulate private enterprise has so far worked well and its success has induced Government to extend its scope. But we cannot too often emphasise the point that Government must acknowledge their obligation to increase the number of schools to an adequate extent with or without the assistance of private enterprise.

Education Of Backward Classes

Of special interest are the efforts made by the Government to promote the education of Harijans, and other backward communities. Indigent backward class students were admitted free in Government Secondary Schools. Free studentships granted in the preceding year to the scheduled caste students studying in Government and non-Government Colleges were continued during the year. In addition to the scholarships awarded by the Educational Department, monetary help to the extent of about Rs. 5,000 was given by the Backward Class Department to deserving backward class pupils in Secondary Schools and Colleges. During the year Government sanctioned a sum of about Rs. 30,000 for additional sets of scholarships to backward class students in Secondary Schools and Colleges and in non-Government arts and professional colleges. Grants amounting to Rs. 9,000 were sanctioned to the Harijan Sevak Sangha and to the institutions working for the uplift of the Bhils in the partially excluded areas for carrying on educational activities. Out of 670 teachers admitted to training colleges, 114 belonged to backward classes, including 70 of the Scheduled Class. As a result of these and several other efforts the backward classes showed very encouraging progress. While the increase in the number of pupils of all communities was 11.6 per cent, the corresponding figure for the backward classes was 27.

Relapse Into Illiteracy

Encouraging as the progress was, it still leaves considerable lee-way to be made up. Nearly half the number of villages are without schools of any kind. The percentage of pupils to the total population of the province is still 8.6 whereas it ought to be about 15. The percentage for girl pupils is much lower, being only 4.5. Even as regards the number of boys and girls already at school many continue to stagnate in the lowest classes or, leaving school too early, relapse into illiteracy. The problem of stagnation can be solved only with the aid of more trained teachers, but at present the percentage of trained teachers is only about 50 and many of them are but indifferently trained. Relapse into illiteracy as a result of prematurely leaving school can be prevented mainly by making primary education compulsory. But so far progress in this direction is extremely disappointing and it will not be better unless Government are more generous in their grants. A common device in practicing economy is to maintain a number of one-teacher schools where one teacher has charge of two or more classes simultaneously. This is spurious economy, except as a temporary measure for a few months. Another economy device is the double-shift system under which one teacher is made to do duty for two, with two shifts of three hours each in place of one of five hours. There is certainly economy in this and there will be more with three shifts of two hours each. But considering that the children cannot help themselves and many have no educational atmosphere at home, to cut down by half their hours of instruction is cruel economy and is bound to reduce efficiency and increase stagnation and wastage. Government and local bodies must find more funds and devise fairer means of economy to do justice to the educational needs of the people.

Axis Diplomacy

Mr. R. A. Butler said the other day that Germany's conquests and policies were inexorably adding to serious, perhaps eventually disastrous, difficulties for herself. This is true both in the East and the West. But, in the meantime, German diplomacy is clearly trying to keep them away by all manner of improvised manoeuvres. In the Balkans what the Nazis need is peace and subservience to their interests for the present. They are desperately trying to achieve both and not without success. They have managed to bring Rumania under the Axis hegemony even without a formal guarantee to her. They have thus assured for themselves the rich and valuable resources of that country. Simultaneously, they have managed to reassure Rumania's greatest enemy, Hungary. We had no doubt that the Hungarian statesmen would be persuaded to give up their demands upon Rumania. But how have they done it? The fulsome references to the Fuhrer by Count Teleki are interesting. But interesting is the account by the *Telegrafo*—reliable because it is Count Ciano's organ—of the Munich meeting. Hungary was asked not to press her claims "for the time being" and an assurance was given that "the temporary sacrifice of Hungary would not give any one, and, least of all, *non-Balkan Powers* any advantage whatever" (our italics). Thus the Rumano-Hungarian problem was settled.

But the main triumph of Axis diplomacy is in regard to Russia. The assurances given to Hungary about the *status quo* and against "non-Balkan Powers" relate, of course, to Russia. But they are not so important as the rapidity with which Axis hegemony is being extended and consolidated in Europe. To-day the Axis Octopus spreads either militarily or ideologically practically over an entire Europe from Rumania to Spain and from Spain to Norwaey. It is against this background that the declaration has been repeatedly made to the effect that the new Europe will be created by Italy and Germany and none else. The menacing meaning of all these happening cannot be unknown to the statesmen of the Kremlin. But the triumph of Nazi diplomacy is that that it has successfully diverted their attention from the menace. They believe that a very grave and imminent danger threatens Russia in—Turkey's sovereignty over the Dardanelles and that country's integrity. For, although certain denials have been issued from Moscow, it is not impossible to read between the lines of latest messages and form a rough idea of what is happening. Says a message from Madrid dated Thursday: "The wives and families of most members of the American Embassy in Madrid and the staff of the Compania Telefonica de Espana in which American capital is largely interested have left Spain or are leaving to-day". What does this exodus portend? Does it mean that what was feared a week ago by some observers in London is about to come true, namely, that General Franco has been instructed by the Axis to "come in" now?

CAVALCADE

By D. F. KARAKA

(This is the first of a series of articles narrating some of the events that have led up to the war. It is intended to give in these articles the background of the war and to show how the peoples of Europe have been inevitably led to the Armageddon of 1939).

This cavalcade begins with 1932 when Hitler is first seen on the German horizon, still a party —politics man, and scheming for power. The year is 1932 and winter is at hand. To be more precise it is December and the Grand Old Man of Germany, Field Marshal Von Hindenburg, has beaten the Corporal Adolf Hitler for the Presidency of Reich. The mood is one of despair for Hitler and his Nationalsozialistische Deutsche Arbeiterpartei (NSDAP). All their calculations have gone wrong and their vote has fallen by 5 per cent. Moreover, the unrest in Germany, on which Hitler had hoped to make his desperate bid for power, was gradually declining and if not in the main street, at least around the corners of the little streets were little showers of prosperity. At the same time for Hitler the days were drawing near when his credit would last out no longer. A great party machine like his could not permanently exist on public mercy, when it had no possible hope of securing power. Something had to happen and Hitler frantically paced the floor of his room waiting for some miracle to knock at this door.

★

That miracle came in the shape of Baron Von Papen. He was a comparatively unknown figure till Hindenburg in his own dotage and with his failing powers brought Papen forward as Chancellor of the Reich—a move which stunned Germany and no less surprised the rest of Europe. The old veteran Bruning had been dismissed and Hindenburg had picked on an aristocrat to lead Germany to its destiny.

Von Papen was a failure. His regime was brief and when Hitler refused the President's offer to step into von Papen's shoes on Hindenburg's terms, (which were to command a majority and rule constitutionally) the task fell on Kurt von Schleicher, the Minister of Defence. But Papen was not beaten. The perfect aristocrat planned a 'coup' whereby he could recover office for himself, overthrow Schleicher and use Hitler as a pawn in his hands. So was arranged the fateful dinner party on the evening of Wednesday January 4th 1933 in the Cologne home of Baron von Schroeder, a banker. The man behind the scenes was a man whose position in life was only that of a champagne salesman, but who was later to become one of Germany's well-known Ambassadors. His name was Herr von Ribbentrop. What transpired at that dinner was kept a closely guarded secret, but later events revealed that in return for money and office, Hitler promised Papen the support which Papen needed to control the political strings. So that Papen was playing a two-faced game. He was making out to Hitler that he wanted to give Nazism a chance and to the others that he wanted to keep Hitler and the Nazis under control. In fact he wanted to do both and emerge from it a hero and a man of power. As a result of these Papen-Hitler negotiations the depleted treasury of the NSDAP was enriched by four million marks and in the Cabinet reshuffle which followed the insistence of Schleicher to dissolve the Reichstag and go to the country again for election, Hindenburg was persuaded to appoint Hitler as Chancellor and Von Papen as Vice-Chancellor and Schleicher disappeared from the scene.

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Against Papen's expectations, however Hitler began to set on foot a new move. It was a move to suppress the Communist Party in Germany. This was somewhat of a surprise to Papen who had counted upon the communists as a check on the Nazis. Hitler with his newly acquired fortunes carried an intensive electioneering campaign with the result that when in March 1933 the general elections were held in Germany, the last of their kind, the NSDAP came out on top with 17,277,000 votes and 288 seats. Even so, so long as the communists were there, Hitler did not have a clean majority. Therefore, he insisted all the more on the suppression of Bolshevism and when he got the necessary sanction from the aged President, he was able by arresting the Communist members of the Reichstag to get his clear majority. It was a clever move and Von Papen knew he had brought about his own doom, while Hitler had achieved his end with Papen's brain and Germany's Constitution! Hitler was on his way to power.

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That was the last of the Parliaments of Germany, for soon after came the trumped-up Reichstag fire and it was as if with the actual edifice, the whole structure of Parliamentary and Democratic Government had crumbled to earth. As a further concession to legality, Hitler arranged that Marinus Van der Lubbe, who was arrested in the building and who was half-mad and an ex-Communist, should be tried by the Reich Supreme Court on a charge of high treason. The Dutchman sacrificed himself for the cause of Nazi terrorism, for henceforth the doctrine of the Nazis was to be a doctrine of annihilation—annihilation of the Jews, the Communists, the Catholics—all free-thinkers who would not subscribe to Hitler's idea that Germany should be a nation of morons in uniform.

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Down the Wilhelmstrasse, the Brown Shirts (whose garments only a few months ago were in need of repair) now walked like God's own people. The Swastika, the emblem of the party, claimed pride of place even as the German Eagle did in the days of the Kaiser. A new order had come to life. The people began to feel a sense of fear. No one was left to check the madness of this man, and the Grand Old Man, Field Marshal Hindenburg, was tottering to his grave. There were incidents of rowdyism, when Nazi Jew-baiters gave vent to their pent-up emotions. The shops of Jews were stoned. Some well-known anti-Nazis were made to suffer humiliation. It was Hitler's day and he was going to make the most of it.

Then as if at the right moment Hindenburg died. No Presidential election was held. No Parliaments were convened. Hitler proclaimed himself supreme in Germany, combining the Powers of the Presidency and the Chancellorship into a Reichfuhrerschaft. That was the beginning of it all—the root of the whole trouble in Germany. The cry he gave to the people was "Ein Reich, ein Volk, ein Fuhrer." And the world read about it the next morning in the papers. It was August 1934.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Acting Together

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—It is highly gratifying to learn that the Congress has decided to undertake the defence of the country and by inference to organize armed assistance to Britain. Why not then both decide to work together for common good? While it is true that India will not benefit if Britain is defeated it is also true that the British will gain nothing by stubbornly holding on to India if they lose their own country.

Although British statesmen are hesitant why should not the Congress through its Working Committee give a bold lead to the British and to the nation? If the Committee is prepared to make the following offer and cable it to Mr. Churchill and President Roosevelt I believe the present deadlock will be terminated overnight:

"If Britain accepts the Congress demand that India be declared free forthwith and that India's Constitution be built by a Constituent Assembly of the Indian people and that immediately a wholly National Government be formed both at the Centre and in the Provinces during the war emergency the Indian people will undertake as free and equal allies of the British Democracy and of other democratic elements in the world (1) to fight side by side with Britain and the allies, (2) to give as speedily as possible 1,000,000 soldiers, 50,000 pilots and 50,000 naval effectives fully equipped and completely officered by Indians at India's cost, (3) and to take full responsibility for defence or offence alone or in co-operation with the British in any sector of the war zone."

Such an offer to Britain should be immediately followed by readiness by the Congress to form strong National Governments at the Centre and in the Provinces. If the Cabinets are formed along the lines suggested herewith for the Centre they should be both successful and popular.

Here is a tentative suggestion to form the Cabinet at the Centre:—

Prime Minister
Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel.
Secretary for War
Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan.
Secretary for Foreign Affairs
Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.
Secretary for the Navy
Pandit Hridaynath Kunzru.
Secretary for Aviation
Dr. Khan Saheb.
Secretary for Industries
Sir Homi P. Mody.
Secretary for Commerce
Sir Mohammed Zafrulla Khan.
Secretary for Home Defence
Mr. C. Rajagopalachari
Secretary for Transport
Sir Mirza Ismail.
Secretary for Social Welfare
Dr. B. R. Ambedkar.
Secretary for Education
Dr. R. P. Paranjpye.
Secretary for Information
Subhas Chandra Bose.
Secretary for Labour
Dr. Syed Mahmud.
Secretary for Health
Sarojini Naidu or Vijayalaxmi Pandit.
Secretary for Indians Overseas
Sir Kurma V. Reddi.

Others may be accommodated as Under-Secretaries and Parliamentary Secretaries. Similar truly national cabinets can be formed in the Provinces and even in the major Indian States.

The moment for taking vigorous action has arrived. Let us not waver. There is no time to lose.—Yours etc.,

H. G. MUDGAL.

Marathi Literary Conference And Indianisation Of Art

To the Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—Every honest nationally-minded Indian would certainly wish that all important positions in this country must be given to competent Indians wherever available. But at the same time, we must beware of the slogan of Indianisation being exploited for other ends.

The excursion of the Marathi Literary Conference, Ratnagiri in the sphere of Art as revealed by its resolution No. 20 which was proposed by Mr. V. P. Karmarkar should not surprise those who are acquainted with the history of the Sir J. J. School of Art since the inauguration of the provincial autonomy. The resolution is a pale ghost of the scheme of the re-organisation of the School of Arts privately circulated amongst the members of the Arts Society of India. Though the scheme was forwarded to the Congress Ministry then in power, the promoters of the scheme had failed to take the public into confidence.

The promoters of the scheme and particularly the Marathi Literary Conference, ought to put their own house in order and show greater efficiency of work before they aspire to encroach upon provinces which are not legitimately their own. It might be of interest to the public to know that the medals awarded to the artists during the Art-Exhibition (a part of this Conference) in the year 1938 at the Robert Money School, have not yet been received by the said artists. It may be further pointed out that curiously enough, some of the judges appointed for the art-exhibition in the Town Hall [illegible]

(Continued on page 11, col. 2)

Frankly Speaking

"Armistice" At Work

It is better not to build anything upon the "signs of friction between the German army of occupation and the Petain Government". No one had ever had any illusions that the conquerors would necessarily observe the terms of the Armistice. Nor could there be any mistake as to their programme in the "Occupied" territory. They are out to help themselves to the fullest possible extent to every single franc's worth of resources which that territory and its population possess. And these resources include all the financial wealth of the territory too. It is, therefore, by no means surprising that the Germans should issue orders to mobilise that wealth. What is surprising is that the Petain Government should pretend to regard the order as if it was unexpected, and should moreover, pretend to criticise it as if they would thereby prevent its enforcement. They have capitulated and can do nothing.

Amery & India

We shall not jump to conclusions from Mr. Amery's declining to make any statement on India at present and from his hoping to make one in course of time. It is possible Government are still considering the Congress resolution and the people's reaction to it. The people are not very demonstrative now-a-days but their loyal support to the Congress is unquestionable. They are willing to help the cause of freedom until, in the words of Mr. Greenwood "freedom and fallen nations have been restored". But having lost their freedom long long ago, they, as befits self-respecting human beings, want to be free before they venture to help other nations to recover their lost freedom. Once they are declared free, they are bound, as the Congress President has made it clear, to participate in the war, under the resolution of the Working Committee. But they certainly need a powerful stimulus. Mr. C. Rajagopalachari puts it picturesquely when he says: "A spirit of joy and pride, a sense of fulfilment of national struggle and a recklessness of individual existence and comforts should be created so as to make men strive and sacrifice to their utmost capacity." Even Britishers like the Dean of Canterbury cherish the hope that Britain will recognise that a free India is her greatest need at the present time. If Britain at all means to do justice to India, she cannot afford to waste more time. The recent and present history of Ireland shows the danger of delay.

Muslims' Support

As was to be expected, the Central Office of the All-India Azad Muslims' Conference has issued a statement fully supporting the resolution of the Congress Working Committee and suggesting that all other parties should support it. It is said that several Muslim Leaguers, too, welcome the resolution, if only because it supports the idea of a National Government. Mr. Jinnah, however, opposes it for the reason, among others, that he wants the Muslim members of the Government to be responsible to the League, that is, to himself, and not to the elected members of the Central Legislative Assembly, as urged by the Congress.

Bombay 1938-39

The annual review of the administration of Bombay for the year 1938-39, published this week, is one of special interest as it covers the first and last year throughout which the Congress Government was in power. As the review itself states, the year was one of "brisk activity" as the Congress Ministry "continued to implement its programme, concentrating on reorganising the rural and industrial development of the province and, towards the end of the period, on a campaign against illiteracy." Other important achievements of the year were the inauguration of prohibition in selected areas, the passing of the Industrial Disputes Bill and the Bill for the return of lands forfeited during the civil disobedience movements, and the repeal of the Bombay Special (Emergency) Powers Act, 1932, reform of local bodies and primary education, and an Act to remove the disabilities of Harijans in regard to worship in temples.

TÊTE-A-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT

LONDON, July 11.

In the House of Commons, Mr. R. W. Sorensen (Lab.), asked Mr. Amery, Secretary of State for India, whether he could make a statement on the recent conversations between the Viceroy, Mr. Gandhi and Mr. Jinnah.

Mr. Amery said he had no statement to make.—Reuter.

* * * *

Sjt. Subhas Bose was arrested, according to Mr. Amery, for his intention to lead a movement for the demolition of the Holwell Monument in Calcutta.

Mr. Griffiths, the European leader, will, we fear, be now detained for supporting Sjt. Bose's objective.

* * * *

Germany, declares Mr. Cordell-Hull, is apparently indulging in a species of intimidation of the Latin American States.

Mr. Cordell-Hull, we trust, will defeat all German activities by a more vigorous resort to masterly inactivity.

* * * *

Signs of friction are reported between the German Army of occupation and the Petain Government.

We don't think so. Marshal Petain and his colleagues are sufficiently sensible to know that such a friction will surely rule them out.

* * * *

Under the authority vested in him by the —er—National Assembly, Marshal Petain has constituted himself President-cum-Prime Minister-cum-etc., etc., of France with the title of "Chief of the State."

So that's that.

By the way, the Junior Colleague has great pleasure in forwarding the information on to our communist friends.

* * * *

According to the Official German News Agency, Marshal Petain has broadcast that the French Government intends to transfer its seat to occupied France.

Quite right. The "Chiefs" would like to work in his proper atmosphere.

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LATVIA AND LITHUANIA CUT OFF FROM GERMANY
—Headline.

Some technical mistake no doubt.

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"ROME, July 11.

Count Ciano returned to Italy from his visit to Germany."—Reuter.

Still Kremlin-shy? But why?

* * * *

The Moscow radio announces that reports about a Russian ultimatum to Turkey "are inventions which do not in the least correspond with facts."

And what are the "facts", Comrade?

* * * *

Exasperation, says a report, appears to be growing in Turkey at German interference in her affairs.

Turkey had better be careful lest Russia sought to punish her for exasperation against Germany.

* * * *

RUMANIAN GOVERNMENT WORKING AS A TEAM
—Headline.

Driven by?

* * * *

Clerk: 'I have received a letter from a firm asking for a reference for that man who used to work here.'

Manager: 'Tell them he is a rogue and a thief, and that anything he knows he learnt from us.'

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

To-day's worry is often the result of yesterday's blunder.

Nothing succeeds like the efforts of a man to be disagreeable.

It is difficult for a stout woman to get away from solid facts.

No man can tell what his wife is going to do by what he tells her to do.

Possibly the tide has something to do with the number of knots made by a vessel.

Our respect for old age depends greatly on whether it is applied to men and women or to boarding-house poultry.

Daylight Attack On Oil Depot In Ruhr

British Bombers Carry Out Heavy Raids Inside Germany: Many Killed In North-East Scotland When Nazi Raider Dropped Bombs

LONDON, July 12.

The Air Ministry announces that an enemy bomber flying at a great height dropped a number of bombs, which fell in various parts of a town on the northeast coast of Scotland this afternoon. Damage was caused and a number of persons killed and injured. The bomber was intercepted by fighters of the R. A. F. and shot down in the outskirts of the town.

HEAVY RAIDS ON GERMANY

It is learned authoritatively that an additional enemy aircraft was brought down yesterday, making the total 23.

Four enemy aircraft shot down off the East Coast to-day were among the twelve which attacked shipping.

During R.A.F. raids on Holland and France yesterday one bomber penetrated far into Ruhr District by daylight, attacked oil depots and returned safely.

There were heavy raids on Germany again last night when military objectives were attacked. Three British bombers failed to return.

Nazi Bombers Shot Down

It is officially announced that four German bombers were shot down off the East Coast to-day.

It is reported that a raider dropped six bombs on a Southwest town this morning. Some houses were damaged. There were no casualties.

Losses Since Attack On England Began

British fighters, which sent a German plane to-day crashing on to a building in the course of construction on the North-east coastline, have brought enemy aircraft shot down since the first mass attack on Britain on June 18 to over a hundred. Anti-aircraft defences in South-west England also accounted for another German bomber.

In addition to these 102 definitely lost, it is probable a number of others never reached their bases. The figure of known German losses in less than a month is more than half those claimed by the Air Ministry since the War began. The total up to to-day is 176.

Anti-aircraft batteries in Southwest England yesterday collected a bag of four Nazi planes.

Patrol Yacht Sunk

It is officially announced that His Majesty's patrol yacht "Warrior 2" was sunk in the enemy bombing attack in the English Channel yesterday. One rating was killed and the remainder of the crew landed at an English port.—Reuter.

TEN GERMAN BOMBERS DESTROYED

LONDON, July 12.

An Air Ministry communique states: "Last night the R. A. F. bombers attacked enemy aerodromes in Holland and munition works, blast furnaces and other objectives in Germany. Three of our aircraft are missing.

In the course of reconnaissance over Boulogne yesterday aircraft of the Coastal Command bombed a concentration of barges, machinegunned enemy flyingboats, moored in the harbour and damaged lock gates.

This morning in an attack upon a convoy off the south-east coast, six enemy aircraft were destroyed and others damaged by our fighters.

This afternoon three other bombers were brought down, one on the outskirts of a Scottish port and two others off the south-east coast. Two of these were destroyed by fighters, the other by anti-aircraft fire.

In all to-day ten enemy bombers have been destroyed, including a Heinkel, which was shot down into sea by an Anson aircraft of the Coastal Command. Two of our fighters are missing.

It is now confirmed that in the engagements round our coasts yesterday a total of 23 enemy aircraft were destroyed.—Reuter.

Nazi Raiders Chased Away

The Air Ministry and Ministry for Home Security announced on Thursday: "Enemy aircraft carried out attacks on towns on the South Coast this evening. Bombs were dropped causing damage to buildings. There were some casualties, a few of which were fatal. Our fighter aircraft and anti-aircraft guns went into action and heavy losses were inflicted on the enemy.

"It can now be stated that twenty-two enemy aircraft (thirteen bombers, eight fighters and one float plane) have been destroyed in to-day's operations round our coasts.

Of this total, three have been accounted for by our anti-aircraft guns, eighteen by our fighters and one by reconnaissance aircraft of the Coastal Command. Many others have been so severely damaged that it is unlikely they have reached their bases.

"The day's air actions fell into two main series, fought over two different parts of the South Coast.

In the first series of actions, which extended over about three hours, ending at lunch-time, twelve enemy aircraft were destroyed in all, two of these being brought down by anti-aircraft fire and others were damaged and are not likely to have reached home. The pilots of another Hurricane squadron who took part in this first series of actions, shot down four fighters in rapid succession, two Hurricane pilots bringing down two each.

In another battle over south-east England between seven enemy machines and Spitfires, one enemy bomber crashed and four German airmen were rescued from a fiercely burning wreck. The remainder of the invading planes were chased out over the Channel. Three high explosive bombs dropped in the vicinity, exploded in a field without causing damage. Two more aeroplanes, believed to be German bombers, crashed into the sea about five miles away.

PATROL'S EXPLOIT

The twenty-two German aircraft mentioned in the official communique had been destroyed round the coasts of this country up to 8 p.m. (G. M. T.) on Thursday, states the Air Ministry news service.

A Hurricane pilot was the first to attack. When on patrol over the South Coast on Thursday morning the Hurricane pilot dived after a Dornier bomber to within fifty feet of sea-level and then his squadron harried the enemy by turns and eventually saw it crash and break up. In all, this squadron certainly accounted for eight enemy aircraft during the day, possibly several more.

"We found a formation of at least fifty planes," stated one of the pilots from a second patrol off the same part of the coast about an hour later.

"We engaged them individually and in the course of the fights shot down at least three, and probably more."

"On Thursday evening in another part of the south coast, the same squadron shot down three bombers and also an escorting fighter and scored hits on other aircraft. This squadron had shot down at least twelve enemy aircraft before Thursday's actions and the Squadron-Leader was lately awarded the E. F. C."

NAZI PLANES RETREAT

A German plane was shot down by anti-aircraft fire off the south-east coast to-night. One member of the crew baled out and landed in the sea.

Between twenty and thirty German planes appeared over the coast but after some fighting they turned back to the sea and, when last seen, were being engaged by fighters which repeatedly dived to attack.

'There were civilian casualties in a south-east town after a raid by three waves of German aircraft to-night. High explosive bombs were dropped. Some fell without doing any damage and others hit two cottages, which were completely demolished, and a hotel and a building on the outskirts of the town. Damage was done to property and hundreds of windows were broken.

It is believed that two German planes were brought down in this raid. Two German airmen jumped by parachute.

During raids on South-East England fifteen high explosive bombs were dropped. One fell on a First Aid post killing the people in it. Ten people in Anderscn shelters, sixteen feet from where one of the bombs fell, escaped uninjured.

Twenty-four machines participated in the raid and it is believed four were brought down. The principal thoroughfare in one town presented the appearance of an earthquake having taken place. Two hotels and several large business establishments were damaged as were of a bank and a police station.

'A second series of actions was fought out in the evening over another part of the South Coast. After one squadron of Hurricanes had shot down four enemy aircraft, another patrol of Hurricanes attacked a formation of eleven Heinkel bombers which were escorted by fighters. The Hurricanes began by snooting down one of the escorting fighters and then turned on the bombers and shot down three of these.

Rumania To Nationalise Oil Concerns

BUCHAREST, July 12.

A new decree governing holdings in various Rumanian oil companies provides that all shares must be registered and details presented to the Minister of National Economy within 30 days.

Shares held abroad must be presented through diplomatic and consular representatives showing holders dates and places of purchase and henceforth transfer of such shares cannot be effected without the authority of the special Rumanian Commission which is being created.

Some quarfers regard the decree as the first step towards nationalisation. Germany is endeavouring to induce Rumania to requisition the British, French, Belgian and Dutch Danubian fleets, barges and tugs of a total tonnage of approximately 60,000 and including thirty former French craft chartered to Britain before the Franco-German armistice.

Rumania refuses to allow this fleet to leave the Danube and have also immobilised four British tugs, thirteen grain lighters and three oil tankers at present in the Danubian ports.

This action has been taken despite the fact that there are British contracts amounting to a hundred thousand tons still outstanding which cannot be fulfilled under the present restrictions.

Following very strong representations, assurances have been given that no further expulsions of British subjects working for oil companies are contemplated. —Reuter.

CANADA SPEEDS UP NAVAL BUILDING

OTTAWA, July 11.

The building of eighty ships for the Canadian Navy is now proceeding at sixteen shipyards in Canada as part of a ten million sterling two-year programme to construct a hundred ships. Three general type of vessels are being built but the classification and the dates of commissioning are being kept a secret.

ATTACK ON HITLER CALENDAR

CALCUTTA, July 12.

"The offensive by the Royal Air Force in all parts of enemy territory and the resolute action by the Royal Navy in the Mediterranean and on the seven seas have braced the nation now rededicated to the vigorous conclusion of the grim struggle," states a cable received here today by the Associated Chambers of Commerce of India from the Federation of Chambers of Commerce of the British Empire.

The cable adds: "The magnitude of the task is not underestimated, but throughout the country reasoned confidence is unshakable and the Hitler calendar is being attacked with vigour and assurance.

"Through the organisation of local defence volunteers, an unbroken net work of watchers ensures that no landing from aeroplanes is possible without immediate detection and speedy destruction by mobile forces."—A. P.

Dutchmen In Britain Called Up

LONDON, July 12.

All Dutchmen in Britain between the ages of 20 and 35, who had registered for military service, will shortly be called up for training, 'Reuter' learns in well-informed Dutch circles. Dutch military authorities have already ordered most modern equipment from America.—Reuter.

The Travancore Government have extended the period of the continuance of both the Houses of the Travancore Legislature to June 20, 1942. The life of these Houses is thus extended by one year as otherwise, they would normally have expired in June, 1941. —A. P.

Mr. Amrit Lal, President of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry. He is also President of the Indian Colliery Owners' Association and ex-President of the Indian Chambers of Commerce, Calcutta.

VICEROY'S VISIT TO BOMBAY

Governor's Party At Ganeshkhind

BOMBAY, July 12.

The Governor of Bombay and Lady Lumley will give a Garden Party at Government House in honour of Their Excellencies the Viceroy and the Marchioness of Linlithgow during Their Excellencies' visit to Ganeshkhind next month.

Owing to the war, this will be the only social function at Government House during Their Excellencies' visit.—A. P.

WAR RISK INSURANCE FOR INDIA

Scheme Before Govt.

SIMLA, July 12.

It is understood that a war risk insurance scheme to cover commodities in India is being examined by the Government of India, modelled on the British scheme, it is expected to make the following principal provisions:—

All sellers of goods who in the course of business handle stocks valued above a certain figure should be compelled to join the scheme on a penalty:

The scheme should apply to certain specified commodities, excluding such "indestructible" items as iron ore, bricks, tiles, gold, silver, platinum, etc.

Rates of premia should vary according to the description of the goods and the place and circumstances in which they are situated;

Rates to be subject to periodical revision in the light of experience;

A fund to be built out of the amounts of premia paid.—A. P.

FRENCH COLONIES AS ENEMY TERRITORIES

Govt. Of India To Ban Trade

SIMLA, July 12.

Following the notification issued by His Majesty's Government, the Government of India are likely to declare European and African possessions of France as enemy territory for trade purposes.—A. P.

Labour Worker Arrested

Abdul Wahab, a Labour worker, was arrested by the city police under the Defence of India Rules, on Friday afternoon in connection with a speech, which he delivered in Bombay.

Ratlam Peoples' Leaders Externed

(From A Correspondent)

RATLAM, July 11

News received from Sitamau State indicates that Mr. Shankarlal Kailani, the General Secretary of the Prajamandal and a member of the State Legislative Council has been externed, and Mr. Nandlal Dalal, the Propaganda Secretary of the Prajamandal is being prosecuted under Section 124-A of the I. P. C.

It is alleged that Messrs. Ratanlal Upadhyay and Shamoo Sanyasi of Indore undergoing the terms of three years' and nine months' R. L under the Defence of India Act are suffering from hardships such as the want of writing materials and are, it is further alleged, being treated as ordinary criminals.

Alexandria May Be Declared Danger Zone

80,000 People Evacuate City

ALEXANDRIA, July 11.

Some 80,000 people have hitherto evacuated from Alexandria where since Sunday enemy aircraft have been carrying out air reconnaissances day and night.

The Governor has issued a notice that no siren warnings would be given when an enemy aircraft is sighted at a high altitude far outside the danger area, even though anti-aircraft batteries might be in action.

The recent Ministerial decree fixes certain localities in Alexandria as danger zones where tenants may terminate immediately contracts with landlords if they desire to evacuate.

Consideration is being given to declaring the whole city as a dan ger zone.

Voluntary evacuation is accelerated by each raid when the railway station is crowded, extra trains run, while carts piled high with furniture accompanied by Egyptian families slowly wend their way from the city into the country.—Reuter.

NO EVACUATION OF CHILDREN ABROAD

LONDON, July 12.

The Ministry of Information has announced that the Government's scheme for evacuation of the children abroad has been postponed for the present.

The announcement says that in view of the fate of "Arandora Star" the Government are unable to take the responsibility of sending shiploads of children away without convoy. It is understood while ample shipping is available for transport of children there are no sufficient naval vessels available for convoy duties owing to great demands now made on the admiralty.—Reuter.

HOW FAR IS EGYPT VULNERABLE TO ITALIAN ATTACK?

Inhospitable Sand-Dunes Which Make Bombing Futile

Mr. Richard Dimbleby in a recent broadcast talk from London said:—

In the forward fighting area of the western frontier of Egypt is the little village of Sollum. It is a huddle of little white houses at the foot of a huge cliff or escarpment, which runs from the coast at the frontier at an angle back into the desert. Any advance by the Italians must be made over this escarpment along an Alpine type of road with hair pin bends.

It would be rather difficult for the Italians to advance into Egypt. During the whole descent of the slope they would be fine targets for us.

If they did succeed in crossing the plain and entering the village they would find 30 to 40 miles in dusty and inhospitable sand-dunes between them and the next village. Further back is the little village of Sidi Barrani, whose inhabitants have long ago been evacuated by the Egyptian Government. It is a favourite village of the high-flying Italian bombers, which is proved by the number of pock-marked walls and bomb craters, but the damage inflicted appeared to be surprisingly small in comparison with the size of the bombs.

SLIT TRENCH

One thing has emerged from this new type of warfare which is being waged here. If regular use is made of shelters, enemy bombing raids do not cause much loss of life. This applies equally to you at home. Protection against everything except a direct hit can be obtained by what is called a slit trench, in which you crouch with your tin hat level with the top, and even if a 250 lb. bomb falls quite near, it does no more than shake the ground and throw up splinters.

E. P. Tax Adviser Takes Charge

SIMLA, July 12.

Mr. C. W. Ayers, Excess Profits Tax Adviser to the Government of India has arrived here and taken over charge of his new duties.—A. P.

R. S. Pandit To Visit Abbottabad

PESHAWAR, July 12.

It is understood that Mr. Ranjit S. Pandit, secretary of the All-India Congress Volunteer Corps, intends to visit Abbottabad, where a Frontier Provincial Volunteers Training Camp is proposed to be used.—A. P.

Italian Attacks On British Fleet Fail To Impress

British Forces At Work In Lybia: Raid On Malta: Attack And Counter Attack In Somaliland

LONDON, July 12.

It is learned in official circles that there were eight bombing attacks on units of the British fleet yesterday and information received in London shows that one Italian fighter was shot down and one British fighter became unserviceable after landing. There was no other damage.

IN LYBIA

British forces are making life extremely unpleasant for Italians in Libya, say Military circles in London.

On the outbreak of war, British armoured forces immediately crossed the frontier of Libya, completely surprised Italians and captured two forts and had successful encounters against smaller forts, the outstanding feature of the operations being the extraordinarily good co-operation between air and ground forces.

For ten days after the outbreak of the war British armoured forces were more or less dominating a zone about 60 miles deep on the Italian side of the frontier. They were continually coming into conflict with small Italian forces inflicting losses upon them, taking prisoners and capturing tanks and lorries.

Italians, who had a quarter million troops in Libya sent forward fairly strong forces of Italian soldiers to replace native troops and succeeded in reoccupying forts, but the British light mobile forces are harassing their supply columns and cutting off their water supply.—Reuter.

MALTA RAIDED FOR HOUR AND HALF

MALTA, July 11.

The island had an air-raid on Wednesday night lasting 90 minutes. Several bombs were dropped. There were no casualties but there was some damage to civilian property.—Reuter.

ITALIAN ATTACK ON MOYALE

NAIROBI, July 12.

A 'communique' states:

British Moyale has been heavily attacked since dawn Wednesday by heavy enemy forces. Over a thousand shells have already been fired into the post, but so far as is known, our casualties are comparatively light. The post was surrounded by small arm fire all night but the Defence is still holding out and reinforcements are 'en route.' Ground defences are being repaired during intervals of artillery bombardment.

Early on Saturday morning three Caproni bombers dropped many bombs on Ajir, but no damage was done. They were pursued by three of our aircraft, resulting in one enemy machine being shot down. A second was last seen with its star-board engine in flames. One enemy airgunner was killed. All our aircraft returned undamaged.—Reuter.

British Counter-Offensive

CAIRO, July 12.

A British War 'communique' states at British Moyale our defences damaged by heavy artillery fire supporting the original attack on July 9 were repaired during the night. Counter-attack on July 10 inflicted heavy losses on the enemy and fighting continues.

In Somaliland Camel Corps patrols continue their offensive action against frontier posts and daily losses are inflicted on the enemy.—Reuter.

On Kenya-Abyssinia Frontier

NAIROBI, July 12.

The Garrison at the British Moyale on the Kenya-Abyssinia Frontier, which Italians have been attacking since Wednesday morning had not at noon to-day made contact with the troops coming to its relief.

An official Communique announcing this states that relieving troops were holding positions on the Escarpment.

The Communique adds: "The enemy casualties are not yet known, but are believed to be very heavy. Our aircraft carried out reconnaissances and attacks against machinegun posts and artillery positions in Moyale area. two machinegun posts being destroyed.

About 17-00 yesterday our machines met three Capronas and two fighters and put them to flight."—Reuter.

EXPLOSION IN LUCKNOW

Walls Of House Crack: Woodwork Scattered: Occupants Arrested

LUCKNOW, July 12.

A serious bomb explosion occurred this morning in a house on the western outskirts of the city, as a result of which the walls of the house cracked and the woodwork damaged and scattered all over the place. The adjoining houses were rocked but no persons were injured.

It is reported that six occupants of the house were sleeping on the first floor and the bomb, which it is alleged was left by some unknown persons on the ground floor, exploded in the early hours of the morning.

The District authorities have detained the occupants pending investigations.—A. P.

WAFD PARTY AND BRITAIN

Nahas Pasha's Statement

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

CAIRO, (By Air Mail.)

A special meeting of the Egyptian Wafdists under the presidentship of Nahas Pasha was held in camera and it is understood that the problems facing Egypt at present juncture were discussed in the light of the Anglo-Egyptian Treaty signed in 1936. A statement has been issued by Nahas Pasha saying that Egypt is bound to honour her obligations towards Great Britain. Nahas Pasha has also asked for a new Government with fresh staff and a free election.

Nahas Pasha interviewed Sir Miles Lampson, the British Ambassador, at Cairo, and had also an audience with H. M. King Farouk during the past two weeks. It is learnt he has placed before the King certain demands on the name of his Party, among the demands is the withdrawal of the army from certain points.

Rumours are current here that Italy will use poison gas against Egypt, as she used in Abyssinia, in order to force her to change her policy towards Italy. Nearly two lakhs of citizens from Alexandria, Suez and Marsa Matroh closed to Lybia have been evacuated.

The feeling of Muslims against Italy is running very high.

HULL WARNS GERMANY

Keep Your Hands Off Pan-American Parleys

NEW YORK, July 12.

Mr. Cordell Hull at a press conference informally warned Germany to keep her hands off the Pan-American parley by saying that the Havana Conference was being held by agreement of American nations for the purpose of considering matters relating solely to the American Republics and nations, states a Washington despatch to the "New York Times".—Reuter.

U. S. AMBASSADOR AND STAFF LEAVE FRANCE

MADRID, July 11.

Mr. William Bullitt, United States Ambassador to France, arrived in Barcelona from the frontier to-day accompanied by various members of the staff of the American Embassy in France.

He is expected in Madrid tomorrow.

The wives and families of most members of the American Embassy in Madrid and the staff of the Compania Telefonica de Espana in which American capital is largely interested, have left Spain or are leaving to-day.—Reuter.

Personnel For War Industries

Sargent Committee Submits Interim Report

SIMLA, July 12.

A short intensive course of training to fit technical personnel for work in Government's war industries is understood to have been suggested in an interim report made by the Committee presided over by Mr. Sargent, Education Commissioner to the Government of India, which is examining the training at present given in technical institutions in India and is to recommend ways of making that training better suited to the war time needs of industries. A special syllabus for the proposed course of training is also believed to have been drawn up by the Committee.

Representatives of munitions and ordnance factories and civil aviation have now been asked to make a study of conditions of training in a number of institutions, and make a report to the Committee. They will endeavour to ascertain the number of students who are willing to take up the new course. The Committee will thereafter make its final report.

The proposal is stated to be that the men trained under the new course together with the skilled personnel requisitioned from private industries under the powers of the recent compulsory national service ordinance should be used to fulfil the needs of Government's war industries.

Thereafter, the needs of private industries both in war and peace are to be enquired into and arrangements made to meet them. —A.P.

Assam Ministry's Gesture

SHILLONG, July 12.

Addressing the Assam War Committee meeting yesterday, His Excellency the Governor referred to a gift out of public funds of Rs. 1 lakh for war purposes, and said that it was one of the finest gestures which the Ministry had made and, so far, it was unique in India.

Concluding his appeal, His Excellency hoped that the War Committee would do much to encourage gifts of money for all kinds of war purposes and investments of money in Defence Loans.—United Press.

Recruitment In Bengal

CALCUTTA, July 12.

Recruitment for the Sixteenth Bengal Battalion (Indian Territorial Force) will shortly commence throughout the Province. Recruits, after final enrolment, will be sent to Unit Headquarters in up-country. The period of enrolment will be for the duration of war, and 12 months and thereafter if required.—United Press.

Y. M. C. A.'s To Serve Troops Overseas

CALCUTTA, July 12.

It is learnt that the Indian Y.M.C.A.'s are engaging in service for troops overseas, as they did in the last war. Three Y.M.C.A. Secretaries will shortly leave for Egypt for work among Indian troops in that area. This development has been made possible by a grant from the Committee of the amenities for troops fund. The three secretaries appointed are: Frank S. Thakur Das, of Forman Christian College Staff. Frank Khair Ullah, formerly on staff of Murray College, Sialkot. Sadiq Dyal Chand, of the Lahore Y.M.C.A. staff.—A.P.

CIVIC GUARDS ORDINANCE FOR JAIPUR

JAIPUR, July 11.

At an extraordinary meeting of the Council of State, Jaipur, His Highness the Maharaja presiding. It was decided to form Civic Guards in the State and a special ordinance is to be promulgated in this connection.—A.P.

TEMPORARY COMMISSIONS IN NIZAM'S ARMY

HYDERABAD (Dn.), July 12.

The Defence Committee has decided to select a limited number of volunteers twice a year for temporary Commissions in the Hyderabad Army to serve as reserve officers, says a press note. —A.P.

Gonda's Response To Governor's Fund

GONDA, July 12.

Rani Abhairaj Kunwar of Dhanawa announced a donation of rupees four thousand to the Governor's War Purposes Fund on the occasion of the opening ceremony of a hospital at Bargadi. A further contribution of Rs. 200 was made by the employees of her Estate.

At a meeting held at Colonelganj under the Presidentship of Mr. Islam Nabi Khan, Deputy Commissioner, the traders and residents announced a contribution of Rs. 10,000 to the Governor's War Purposes Fund by raising subscriptions among themselves.

Women of Gonda are consolidating their efforts through a women's War Committee to help Britain in the war.—A.P.

POLITICS AND DEFENCE

Camar Tyabjee's Statement

BOMBAY, July 10.

Mr. Camar Tyabjee, in the course of a statement says: In many ways I have a great respect for Mr. Gandhi but his doctrine of non-violence is so impracticable and fraught with such grave dangers to society that even his own Congress followers have refused to take it up.

I cannot understand why politics should be mixed up with the Defence of India.

Now when each one is expected to do his bit towards the Defence of India, is it fair that you should take shelter behind politics? Rather come out and help us to form our own squadrons of aeroplanes by subscribing generously to the Bombay War Gifts Fund."

Mr. Camar Tyabjee is Secretary of the War Gifts Fund Committee, Bombay.—A.P.

The Half-Column
By "Dim"

What has the world come to with France going Fascist and a new constitution being voted upon by so large a majority in the National Assembly? Is it the influence of Hitler or the bitterness of defeat?

* * * *

A very genial person and full of charm is Lady Rama Rao who is on a visit to Bombay.. Like Mrs. Naidu she is a very likeable person.

I feel it is an occasions for women's institutions to get her to speak on various problems of interest to us.

Paul Reynand said in a broadcast as early as Feb. 29, 1940: "If Hitler has not attacked us, it is not simply through fear of a new Verdun. It is because he has some ulterior motive". To-day we see that Petain of Verdun has served up France on a dinner table in the railway wagon. Was that the ulterior plan?

Which is a more dangerous pastime—to be a Civic Guard or a rummy player? A rummy player— may lose something.

Headline in paper—Versailles to be the seat of French Government.—The irony of it.

Reply To Berlin Propaganda

Indians Have No Illusion About Fate Of Country If It Falls Into Nazi Hands

NEW DELHI, July 12.

Following is the summary of a broadcast given by Mr. M. L. Chawla from the Lahore station of the All-India Radio to-night on the subject "News from Berlin":—

"In Hindustani broadcasts a great deal of sympathy has been expressed with the national movement in this country. Berlin went to the extent of saying that when Germany has defeated Britain she will not stand in the way of India's national aspirations. Of course since the outbreak of the war stories of British atrocities have been related. And Hitler has been made to appear as the hero who will liberate us from the clutches of British imperialism—though they have skilfully concealed it, the Germans could not of course be oblivious to the fact that whatever the aspirations of nationalist leaders in this country, there is not one, who has not expressed his condemnation in unequivocal terms of what Nazism stands for. I challenge Berlin to produce the statement of a single Indian leader where there is a word of praise for Hitler, or for his political methods. No one has ever desired Hitler's victory. We have no illusion in this country about the fate that awaits us if we fell into the hands of the Fuhrer for that is what our declaration on the side of Germany could mean.

WHAT HITLER WILL DO.

"Hitler will extirpate completely the British tradition, says a daily journal. He would take the youth of the country and see that they were brought up with no knowledge that such ideas had never existed. All Indians would be brought up as slaves much as the Harijans were once brought up by the Brahmins. They would be taught to hug their chains and realize the privilege of serving the great and glorious German overlord The population question he would deal with by sterilization so that it would correspond in size entirely with his economic plans and all Indians would be educated in the religious duty of serving the Germans.

"Let Berlin note that the overwhelming majority of Indians agree with this."—A. P.

Bombay War Gifts Fund

Have You Subscribed.
He Who Gives Early
Gives Twice.

AIRCRAFT FACTORY IN BANGALORE

BANGALORE, July 12.

The next step towards aircraft production in India by Mr. Walchand Hirachand, after his meetings for discussion of the proposals in the matter with the officers of the Government of India last week is directed towards exploring the possibilities of establishing an aircraft factory at Bangalore in consultation with the Government of Mysore.

Accordingly, Mr. Walchand Hirachand had an interview with Sir Mirza Ismail, Dewan of Mysore, this morning when it appears discussion centred round the help that the Mysore Government could render towards the location of the factory here.—A. P.

Round-Up Of Leftists In Calcutta

Arrests & Convictions Galore Under Defence Of India Rules

CALCUTTA, July 12.

A round up of Left Wing Congressmen was made by the special branch of the Calcutta Police this morning when they took into custody five of them under the Defence of India Rules.

The arrested persons include Messrs. Viswanath Mukherjee, Ram Kamal De, Aswini Ganguli, Assistant Secretary of the B.P.C.C. (suspended), Phani Majumdar, of the "Forward Bloc Weekly" and Amer Bose, all of them prominent Congress and Forward Bloc workers.

Arrested At Bajaj's House

WARDHA, July 12.

Mr. V. S. Dandekar, who came here yesterday from Nagpur to see his wife who is studying in the Mahilashram, was arrested this afternoon at Seth Jamnalal Bajaj's residence by the Sub-Inspector of Police of Wardha under Rule 36 of the Defence of India Rules, under orders from Nagpur Police. He was taken to the police station from where he will be transferred to Nagpur.

Seth Bajaj was present in his house at the time of the arrest.—United Press.

Arrest In Benares

BENARES, July 12.

Sisir Roy, said to be an externee from Bihar and Bengal under the Defence of India Act, was arrested at the Railway Station by Benares Police under the Defence of India Act.—United Press.

Kisan Leader Convicted

CHAPRA, July 12.

Babu Ramdahin Pandey, President of the District Kisan Sabha, who was arrested under the Defence of India Act, was sentenced to undergo ten months' rigorous imprisonment and to a fine of Rs. 300 in default to six months' further imprisonment by Rai Saheb K P. Narayan, S.D.O., Sadar.—United Press.

Dharbhanga Convictions

DHARBHANGA, July 12.

The Sadar S.D.O. passed orders to-day sentencing Pandit Ramanandan Misra to three years' rigorous imprisonment and Babu Jadunandan Thakur and Babu Ramanand Choudhury to two years' rigorous imprisonment each under the Defence of India Act.

Babu Ramekbal Sinha and another have also been sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment each. All of them have been placed in the "B" division.—United Press.

Calcutta Editors Convicted

CALCUTTA, July 12.

Mr. Makhanlal Sen, Editor, and Mr. D. N. Mukherjee, Printer and Publisher of the "Bharat", a vernacular daily, were convicted today under the Defence of India Rules by the Chief Presidency Magistrate for publishing comments on the Government order of April 5 last prohibiting the publication of news or comments in connection with the National Week organised by Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose and Swami Sahajanand.

The accused were released with admonition.—United Press.

City Father Arrested

SARGODHA, July 12.

Ram Piara Lal, pleader and Municipal Commissioner, Sargodha, has been arrested under the Defence of India Act.

His bail application was rejected by a local magistrate.—A. P.

Jagannath Misra Jailed

PURI, July 12.

Mr. Jagannath Misra, President of the Ganjam District Congress Committee, has been sentenced to eighteen months' rigorous imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 200, in default six months' imprisonment more, by the sub-divisional officer of Puri under the Defence of India Rules.

Mr. Misra was prosecuted in connection with an alleged objectionable speech delivered by him at a meeting at Puri in April.—A. P.

Madras Labour Leader Served With Notice

MADRAS, July 12.

Mr. M. Natarajan, Secretary, Madras Press Labour Union, Madras Pencil Factory Workers' Union and Madras Tobacco Workers' Union, has been served with an order under the Defence of India Rules directing him to abstain from making any public speeches until the Order is cancelled.—A. P.

UJJAIN LEADERS' HOUSES SEARCHED

(From Our Correspondent.)

UJJAIN, (By Mail).

The Gwalior State Police accompanied by British Government Police, simultaneously raided the houses of Syt. Shivshankar Raval, President of the Gwalior Rajya Sarwajanik Sabha, Syt. Kanhaiyalal Manana B.A., LL.B., Vice President of the Local Sarwajanik Sabha, Labour leaders Dr. Hariram Choube, Swami Ramanand Mangliprasad, Jagannath Choube and Avantilal and searched their houses.

The local Labour Union office was also searched.

The search warrants were issued by the City Magistrate, Ujjain, and it is reported that all the searches were made in connection with some alleged revolutionary conspiracy.

NO HUNGER-STRIKE IN RAJANPUR JAIL

LAHORE, July 12.

The Superintendent of Rajanpur Jail has informed Mian Iftikharud-Din, President of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee that no political prisoner is on hunger-strike in Rajanpur Jail.

He adds that the political prisoners confined there are all well and cheerful.—A. P.

Protest Against Alleged 'C' Class Diet In Rajanpur Jail

LAHORE, July 12.

Further enquiries in connection with the hunger-strike of political prisoners in the Rajanpur Jail reveal that the total number of hunger-strikers is 10. They went on hunger-strike from yesterday as a protest against the alleged "C" class diet given to them,

It is learnt that Mian Iftekharuddin, President of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee who sent a wire to the Superintendent of the Rajanpur Jail enquiring about the condition of the hunger-strikers. has not yet received any reply.—United Press.

A requisition signed by several Councillors has been sent to the Mayor of Karachi Corporation suggesting that Municipal servants drawing salaries upto Rs. 100 be paid war allowances at the rate of 10 per cent.—United Press.

MUTT AND JEFF—Another Little Job for the Booby-Hatch Wagon — By BUD FISHER

I WANT MY MONEY BACK! WHAT KIND OF A PLACE IS THIS ANYWAY?
WHAT'S THE TROUBLE?
I BOUGHT THESE CANARY SEEDS HERE SOME TIME AGO, AND THEY'RE ABSOLUTELY NO GOOD!
I BEG YOUR PARDON, OUR CANARY SEEDS ARE THE BEST IN THE COUNTRY!
THAT'S NOT TRUE AND YOU KNOW IT--
I PLANTED THOSE CANARY SEEDS LAST SPRING AND NOT ONE CANARY CAME UP!
?
HELLO, HELLO-- I'M CALLING THE NUT HOUSE!

Mother! Here's the Friend you often need

Always keep Cuticura Ointment at hand for use when the children injure themselves. Its soothing, medicinal and antiseptic action kills germs, keeps cuts and scratches clean and free from blood-poison, and encourages new skin to grow. When the skin is sore, chafed, smarting, burning and inflamed, a touch of Cuticura gives soothing, cooling relief.

Use Cuticura Ointment for any stubborn itching skin trouble. It stops the itching instantly and quickly restores the skin to a clear, healthy condition.

Sample of Cuticura Ointment, Soap and Talcum sent on receipt of 3 annas. Address: Maller & Phipps (India) Ltd., P.O. Box 773, Bombay.

Cuticura Ointment is equally successful when used for **Pimples, Boils, Prickly Heat, Inflamed Rashes and Chronic Itching Eruptions.** It quickly stops Itching and Smarting Pain and soon Clears the Skin.

Sold by all Chemists and Bazars.

13A

Cuticura OINTMENT

SOOTHES AND CLEARS THE SKIN

WHEN *I am out of sorts,*
I always take
CASTOPHENE!

Constipation is the root of many ills. Bad headaches, dizziness, pains in the back, blemishes, bad breath and other ailments are usually due to constipation. But by taking Castophene your system is cleansed and purified—surely it is worth one rupee to enjoy a healthier life.

Start taking Castophene, today—a chocolate laxative which contains pure Castor oil. It is sweet and acts gently, but effectively. All good chemists stock it.

CASTOPHENE
CASTOR OIL CHOCOLATES
Available at all chemists and stores or from P. O. Box 88, KARACHI.

QUICK—
EASY WAYS OF SERVING
CHIVERS JELLIES

A delicious cooling refreshment after playing or watching games.

Here is a most attractive and exceptionally easy way of serving Chivers Jellies, they set very quickly when made up in this manner and a small portion of cream and a wafer biscuit just adds the final touch to their dainty appearance.

CHIVERS & SONS, LIMITED, THE ORCHARD FACTORY, HISTON, CAMBRIDGE, ENGLAND. 8.

GOLVALA WATER POLO LEAGUE

Four Matches On Sunday

Bombay is to have its first open water polo league. The Golvala Water Polo League will commence next Sunday morning with a programme of four matches. His Highness Maharana Shree Vijayadevji, of Dharampur, has offered a trophy for the winners. Four matches are to be played every Sunday up to August 25 when the competition will terminate. All the matches will be played at Victoria Swimming Bath on Back Bay, the duration of each being seven minutes each way, with time off and an interval of three minutes.

Eight sides have been entered for the competition—Dharampur Boat Club, the Bombay Otters, the Golvala Hindu Team, the Cathedral Old Boys, the Zionists and three purely Parsi teams sponsored by the Golvala Brothers and called Golvala "A", "B" and "C" Teams.

THE OFFICIALS

The following have been selected to act as referees and goal-scorers; Messrs. L. F. Richards, Kurshed F. Golvala, Rustom F. Golvala, M. Cohen, Sunderdas Morarji, N. C. Kapadia, Mancherji C. Kapadia, Kaikhusroo D. Kapadia, Framrose E. Tavadia, Rustom M. Pochkhanawala, E. Solomon, S. Haskell, M. Robottom, C. N. Mulla and J. R. Kapadia. Messrs. Phiroz C. Kapadia, L. F. Richards and Rustom F. Golvala will act as time-keepers.

THE TEAMS

The personnel of these sides will be chosen from amongst the following whose names have been submitted:—

DHARAMPUR BOAT CLUB:—R. M. Pochkhanawala (captain), F. E. Tavadia, N. S. Writer, D. S. Daver, M. K. Sethna, N. B. Bhathena, M. N. Dick, N. C. Kapadia and C. A. Dastur. Joint Honorary Secretaries: N. B. Cooper and M. F. Mavji.

BOMBAY OTTERS.—L. F. Richards (captain), V. Stewart Jacks, R. Brown, H. Bebbington, R. K. Love, H. Mills, G. Tait, M. Robottom and T. Yearsely. Honorary Secretary: L. F. Richards.

GOLVALA HINDU TEAM.—J. P. Kapadia (captain), S. Morarji, J. D. Kapadia K. Nyalchand, N. K. Ghosh, G. R. Kapadia, D. C. Jhaveri, R. Champsi, J. D. Mehta, M. Dharamsey and D. Champsi. Joint Honorary Secretaries, K. F. Golvala and R. F. Golvala.

CATHEDRAL OLD BOYS.—W. Abraham (captain) E. Solomon, S. Haskell, M. Hillel N. Gordon, M. Dean, H. Brown, T. Carey and E. Spilling. Honorary Secretary: W. Abraham.

ZIONISTS.—S. Gahtan (captain), J. Meyer, A. Solomon, M. Cohen, P. S. Gourgey, V. Moses and A. Gourgey. Honorary Secretary: A. Solomon.

GOLVALA "A" TEAM.—K. D. Kapadia (captain), E. R. Billimoria, D. R. Billimoria, C. N. Mulla, K. R. Avari, H. D. Sanjana, M. E. Merchant, N. A. Dubash, C. J. Wadia and P. P. Dubash. Joint Honorary Secretaries: K. F. Golvala and R. F. Golvala.

SUNDAY'S FIXTURES

The following are the matches arranged for Sunday:—

9-30 a.m.—Golvala "A" Team vs. Golvala Hindu Team. Referee: E. Solomon.

10 a.m.—Golvala "B" Team vs. Golvala "C" Team. Referee: M. Robottom.

10-30 a.m.—Dharampur Boat Club vs. Zionists. Referee: L. F. Richards.

11 a.m.—Otters vs. Cathedral Old Boys. Referee: Sunderdas Morarji.

BETTER BREEZE AT HALF THE COST

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For this DREADFUL DISEASE
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6, Chowringhee Road, CALCUTTA.

N. Y. K. LINE

BOMBAY-JAPAN VIA PORTS

Steamers.	Arrive. Bombay.	Leave. Bombay.	Leave. Colombo
PENANG MARU	10 July	22 July	——
ONOE MARU	16 July	31 July	——
x*HAKUSAN MARU	24 July	24 July	27 July
*GINYO MARU	30 July	15 Aug.	18 Aug.
x*HARUNA MARU	5 Aug	5 Aug.	8 Aug.
*ANYO MARU	15 Aug.	31 Aug.	3 Sept.
DURBAN MARU	——	8 July	13 July

COLOMBO-BOMBAY LIVERPOOL VIA DURBAN, CAPE TOWN AND LISBON.

Steamers	Leave Colombo.	Arrive Bombay.	Leave Bombay.
*HAKONE MARU	——	14 July	15 July
*HAKOZAKI MARU	23 July	26 July	27 July

*Passenger Steamer. x From Europe.
Other Passenger Services are:—Hongkong-S'Frisco via Japan & Honolulu, Japan-Seattle via Vancouver, Japan-Australia, Japan-South America (West Coast).

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Football

Caltex Lose Again

Bombay Gymkhana Win Scrambling Game

Caltex it appears are destined to finish at the bottom of the Senior Division League Table, for, on Friday they lost a further two points, going down to the Bombay Gymkhana by three goals to one. Fans felt that Caltex would improve their position in this match by beating the Gymkhana. This was not to be, as the hustling tactics of the winners proved to good purpose. Two goals came in the first half. After the interval the Gymkhana added a third point and Caltex reduced the lead six months from the close.

GYMKHANA LEAD.

Caltex enjoyed the early exchanges, but in the fifth minute the Bombay Gymkhana took the lead. A long shot from the inside-left, got the better of Cohen, who failed the field the ball perfectly, it slipped between his legs and over the line. The Gymkhana had to defend dourly after this, as the Caltex were hot after the equaliser. They, however, were destined to concede yet another goal. The Gymkhana worked their way across, U'ren in the area gave the ball to Blackburn who tapped it to Bolliger. The latter sent in the ball high and fast well out of Cohen's reach.

Caltex were unfortunate, when Edden, in the Gymkhana goal, just managed to tip a beautiful long shot from Pickering over.

Despite a lot of trying the Caltex entered on half time without having reduced the lead the Gymkhana held.

LOST CHANCES.

In the second minute Edden saved the Gymkhana, he intercepted a great shot from Brown that looked all over a goal.

Immediately after the Gymkhana were unlucky, Lindford on his own broke past the opposing defence but saw his effort to score strike the upright and go out of play. The Gymkhana lost another great opportunity to gain a further point, Blackmore, three yards out with only Cohen in point, put the ball wide. Blackmore, however, made amends two minutes later, when he raised the Gymkhana tally to three.

Caltex hopes faded away after this, but they fought on to save things if possible. The Gymkhana, however, were a determined eleven and with plenty of hustle and hustle managed to keep Caltex out till six minutes from the close when Brown reduced the lead, using a nice pass from Raphael via Wilkins. This encouraged Caltex and they might have been two up but for a splendid bit of goal-keeping by Edden. They kept on trying, but retired beaten by three goals to one.

The teams were:—

CALTEX SPORTS CLUB:—Cohen, Blake and Corton; Lloyd, Pickering and Middlecoat; Jones, Brown, Duprattt, Wilkins and Raphael.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA:—Edden; Preston and Morrey; Murray, Williams and Tait; Lindford, U'ren, Blackmore, Bolliger and Love.

R. A. F. BEATEN.

Earlier in the evening the Royal Air Force met the W.I.A.A. Staff in a friendly game. The latter won by three goals to one.

The Airmen took the lead in the early half and held this advantage till ten minutes after the breat. The W.I.A.A. then staged a splendid rally and scored two quick goals to get the upper hand. Towards the end of the game the winners completed the tally.

TO-DAY'S GAME.

Cooperage—5-40 p.m. South Kanara vs. Young Goans.

Racing

Eclipse Stakes Of India

Tant Mieux Among First Entries

Sixty-Five first entries have been received for the Eclipse Stakes of India, the most valuable race in this country, the winner getting Rs. 50,000 and a gold cup value at 5200.

Among the first entries are horses who have already earned names on the Indian Turf. There are other animals of repute which have won laurels in other climes in class company.

The following are the first entries:

H. H. the Maharaja of Kolhapur:—The Prince (late Zoltan), Maratha Emperor, Chanak, Gangasagar, Portmarnock, Orleans, Bacchus II and Tant Mieux.

H. H. the Maharaja Gaekwar of Baroda:—Vesperian, Spadassin, Mondragon, Calf Love, Respirator and Neuvy.

H. H. the Maharaja of Kashmir:—Illuminate, Harlem, Pierrot (Late Le Beau Pierro) Steel Helmet and Cornfield.

Mr. E. Esmond:—Brocanteur, Sun Beam, Shrift and Wheatland.

Sir David Ezra and Mr. E. Esmond:—Heizephron.

Mr. Seeve Donoghue:—Cognizant.

Mr. Marcel Boussac:—Adaris and Horatius.

Mrs. A A. Spear (Jnr.):—Zingano.

Messrs. A. H. Ahmedbhoy and G. Dharamseys:—Crushed Corn and Coeur de Lion.

Messrs. A. H. Ahmedbhoy and M. J. Vardman:—King of Sports (late Towton Rose).

The Raja of Akalkot and Shrimant Jaysinhrao P. Ghatge:—Mackann, All Alone (late Glen Loan), Lights On (late Lightship).

Nawabzada Zemin-ul-Mulk of Bhopal: Ati.

Mr. Diamond:—Baglava.

Mrs. P. D. Bolton:—Panaster.

Mr. N. D. Bagree:—Earnest.

Mr. G. McElligott:—Winning Lot.

Mr. A. Higgins:—Cosmopolitan, Ravioli Terrace, Billy of Spain, Moorsotis and File de Vaals.

Maharaja of Parlakimedi:—Rossenver and Good Fare.

Mr. A. Svamvur:—Linguaphone and Tall Story.

Mr. M. L. Bajoria's:—Promenade.

Mrs. Thomas:—Springway.

H. H. the Maharaja of Rajpipla:—Bhandstar.

Mr. B. K. Poddar:—Bistolin.

Shri Paswanji Sahiba of Idar:—Fulham, Cockpit and El Obro.

Messrs. P. D. and E. D. Pandole:—Cave Man.

H. H. the Maharaja Scindia of Gwalior:—Caerloptic and Talma

Mr. J. Gazdar:—Passe-passe II.

Mr. H. Madath:—Foxhound.

Mr. M. D. Petit and Dr. J. J. Naegamvala:—Dominic.

Mrs. Justice:—Monte Carlo and Knocklayd.

Hon'ble Mr. R. Gujadhur:—Kindom.

CALCUTTA LEAGUE

Mahomedan Sporting Win Championship

CALCUTTA, July 12.

There were scenes of great jubilation when the match between Mahomedan Sporting and Bhowanipore concluded this evening, the former winning by a goal to nil. With this victory the Mahomedans win the Championship of the First Division of the Calcutta Football League.

Mohun Bagan had won the League Championship last year, but this season the Mahomedans have regained the Championship which they held from 1934 to 1938. Whether the Mahomedans win, lose or draw their next match, which is the last one, they will be champions.

The following are the results of the League games played to-day:—

Mohamedan Sporting 1; Bhowanipur 0
Kalighat 0; Sporting Union 0

TO COUNTER ENEMY PROPAGANDA

Publicity Committee Plans Broadcasts By Public Men

Realising the importance of propaganda by the spoken word, in a vast city like Bombay to counteract the false propaganda and rumours of enemy broadcasts, the Bombay War Publicity Committee has completed arrangements for the installation of a network of loud speakers, divided into three zones, throughout Bombay City, by which broadcasts by eminent men and announcers in all languages will be made throughout the day at a time to be notified later, says a Press note issued by the Committee.

The purpose of the scheme is to broadcast official information as to the course of the War, measures of any nature proposed to be taken by authority in regard to the war effort, refuting of rumours and lying propaganda and factual and informative talks and addresses.

The Committee will attempt to adhere to a regular programme just as is done by the Radio and the scheme will enable all classes and communities to get at the true day to day facts.

PRIZE FOR ARTICLE OF MUSLIM INTEREST.

The Jamiat Shubban Al-Muslimeen offers a prize of Rs. 5 in Cash to the writer of the best article on any subject of Muslim Interest.

The article must be in English. It must be either typed or in clear hand-writing. It must not be more than six foolscap pages, and addressed to the Editor "Shubban's Voice," 138, Nagdevi Street, Bombay 3, and reach him before or on 31st July. The Editor's judgment will be final.

Around Courts

BOMBAY. Friday.

At the resumed inquest on the body of Fardun Khashru Irani (25) a resident of Dhobi Talao. Deceased was stated to have been involved in a motor car accident while cycling.

This happened on July 8 and deceased died in the G. T. Hospital on July 9, the Coroner recorded a verdict of death by extradural haemorrhage due to a fall when he collided with a motor car at Kemp's corner.

ASTROLOGER AND SON ACQUITTED

Baba Saheb Alias Shanker Keshav Phansalkar and his son, Rao Saheb Alias Waman Shanker Phansalkar, of the Universal Astrological and Statistical Bureau, who were arrested on 7th June last for alleged spread of alarmist news about war were acquitted this morning by the Chief Presidency Magistrate.

FINED FOR BREACH OF LIGHT RESTRICTIONS

Mr. D. S. Babrekar, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Police Court, delivered judgment in the case in which Mr. C. F. K. Watson, a European merchant residing at Carmichael Road, was convicted for the breach of lighting regulations.

The accused was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 75.

Congress Has Taken Correct Stand

PESHAWAR, July 12

For the first time, the Congress has emerged from the world of theoretical dogmas and has taken a practical policy, observed Master Tarasingh, the President of the Shromani Gurdwara Prabandhak Committee in a press interview to-day. He said the prevelence of an atmosphere of uncertainty and indecision in the country had created communal mistrust and apprenhension. It was upto the British Government to accept the offer of help from the Congress. Master Tarasingh was glad that the Congress had taken a correct stand.—A. P.

SOCIALISTS TO MEET

To Consider New Issues Arising Out Of Delhi Resolution

CALCUTTA, July 12.

"So far as the Congress Socialists are concerned, nothing that has happened since the Ramgarh Congress has altered their attitude said Mr. Yusuf Meherally, General Secretary of the All-India Congress Socialist Party, in the course of an interview to the "United Press."

Mr. Meherally added: "The last resolution of the Congress Working Committee has created altogetner a new situation. It has come very suddenly, and in view of its importance and reactions it is going to have on the various political parties in the country, specially on the Congress, I am convening a meeting of the National Executive of the Congress Socialist Party, to consider in all its bearings, at Poona during the A.I.C.C. session."

Regarding Mr. Rajagopalachariar's recent statement Mr. Meherally said "It has created great confusion in the country, and filled many Congressmen with apprehension. The Poona meeting of the A.I.C.C. will really be important, as it would clarify and enunciate the Congress policy that will have far-reaching effects on the future political developments of the country.—United Press.

Meherally's Tour Programme

CALCUTTA, July 12.

Mr. Yusuf Meherally, General Secretary of the All-India Congress Socialist Party, leaves for Santiniketan to-morrow and from Santiniketan he proceeds to Fyzabad to meet Acharya Narendra Deo.

He will then visit Lucknow, Delhi and Lahore where the Annual Conference of the General Body of the Party will be held on July 20 and 21.

He will reach Bombay on July 23 and Poona on July 24 when the National Executive of the Congress Socialist Party will meet to consider the Congress Working Committee's resolution.—United Press.

Meherally Asks Communists To Resign From Socialist Party

CALCUTTA, July 11.

Mr. Yusuf J. Meherally, General Secretary of the All-India Congress Socialist Party, addressed an emergent meeting of the Provincial Executive of the Party and Secretaries of the District Committees on reorganisation of the Party in the light of its recent decisions.

After explaining the Party's relation with the Congress, Mr. Meherally pointed out how the Party, with a view to uniting Socialist forces in the country, took the unique step of allowing Communists and members of other groups to become members of the Socialist Party, at the same time retaining the membership of their own groups independently. But, he revealed, this did not work well and the Party had to make itself homogeneous, and he called upon the members of other groups to resign their membership of the Socialist Party.

The speaker declared that a Board would be formed to organise the Party in this Province on the above lines.—United Press.

BALUCHIS CONDEMN PAKISTAN SCHEME

QUETTA, July 8.

The third annual session of the Jamiat-ul-Ulema was held here. The session was opened by Hakim Abdul Hamid, President of the Baluchistan Jamiat-ul-Ulema, who traced the history of this organisation.

Pir Faizul-Hassan, the Ahrar leader who has come to Quetta in connection with this session urged that practical leadership was needed and advised everyone to join the Jamiat-ul-Ulema, the Ahrar and the Anjuman-e-watan organisation and put up united efforts in the struggle for complete Independence of India.

A number of resolutions urging the granting of reforms to Baluchistan were passed. Another resolution condemned the Pakistan Scheme of the Muslim League.—A.P.

HE'S AS YOUNG AS THE YOUNGEST because Father's got 'that Kruschen feeling'

That's Father Kruschen—secretly envied by many a man 20 years younger! The children adore him. He's the best playmate they have. No game is too fast or too furious for Father Kruschen. How does he do it? If you ask Father, he will gladly tell you. "If you want to keep young," he will say, "do as I do—take Kruschen every morning!"

MINERAL SALTS THAT KEEP YOU YOUNG. Kruschen keeps you young, because every dose you take contains those vital mineral salts which Nature decrees as essential to good health. The 'little daily dose' of Kruschen Salts gives your system a chance to maintain itself in good working order. When your system is doing its work properly, your bloodstream is cleansed of all impurities, and clean, healthy blood goes coursing through your veins, filling you with a feeling of youthfulness and energy —"that Kruschen feeling"! You say good-bye to headaches, constipation, rheumatism and other ailments which rob you of health and vigour.

READ THIS TRIBUTE TO KRUSCHEN FROM A MAN IN POONA WHO HAS REGAINED HIS YOUTH AND LOST HIS RHEUMATISM:

Rheumatism Conquered—Youth Renewed. "Every cold weather I used to have pains in my shoulders and could hardly use my arms. Five years ago, I tried Kruschen Salts, and after a week I felt great relief. At the end of a month, the pains disappeared completely. Moreover, I experienced a feeling of renewed youth and health within me. And this renewal was lasting, instead of being merely temporary, as one might have been tempted to think."—C.A., Poona.

YOU TOO CAN HAVE THAT Kruschen FEELING

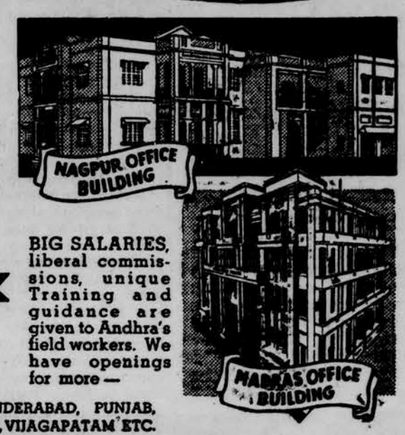
Tasteless in Tea

DEPENDABLE PROTECTION

The name "Andhra Insurance Co." on a Life Insurance Policy, is a symbol of maximum dependable protection at minimum rates; behind it is the financial strength of one of the oldest Indian Life Offices, with a conservative but progressive management, that has brought fullest Insurance benefits within the reach of modest incomes.

LATEST FIGURES

Assets exceed	Rs. 30,00,000
Life Fund	Rs. 26,30,356
Premium Income	Rs. 8,06,546
New business in 1939	Rs. 34,30,620
Expense ratio in 1939 (Excl. commns.)	22.4 per cent
Yearly bonus per 1000	Rs. 15/-



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WHAT SHOULD WEIGH WITH WORKING COMMITTEE

M. N. Roy's View

DEHRA DUN, July 11.

Mr. M. N. Roy in the course of a statement on the resolution of the Congress Working Committee hopes that the Viceroy will favourably respond and make it easier for the Congress leaders to end the deadlock. He says:

The situation is too serious to insist on prestige. Nor will active co-operation in the struggle against fascism in any way prejudice the prestige of the fighters for freedom and democracy. The issue is not the defence of India. The danger of foreign invasion being remote that issue is next there. Nor is it a matter of helping imperialism. The stake is much greater. It is human liberty and the achievements of modern civilisation.

"If we wish to act as an independent nation and honest in our anti-fascist profession, we should have no scruple in joining actively to fight against the curse upon modern civilisation. The fact that British imperialism is momentarily a party to that struggle is an accident, and should not prevent us from acting according to conviction."

Mr. Roy earnestly hopes that "the final decision of the Working Committee will be influenced by these considerations of larger issues".—United Press.

POONA SESSION OF A. I. C. C.

POONA, July 12.

The Secretary, Publicity Committee of the forthcoming session of the A. I. C. C., in a notification to the press says:—

"In view of the fact that the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee has received instructions not to allow visitors at the time of the session, it would seem to follow that admission to the press correspondents would also be very limited.

The M. P. C. C. has, however, requested the President of the Congress for further instructions. Meanwhile, we have to request the press not to take it for granted that all will be admitted to the press gallery".—A. P.

SHREELEKHA makes a debut in New Theatres' "Andhi" at the Krishna Theatre.

This Saint Democratized Religion

(BY SIR S. S. PATKAR.)

Prabhat's new film "Sant Dnyaneshwar" will be equally effective like "Tukaram" in appealing to the faith, piety and religious emotions of the public, and stands in a different category from other motion pictures which cannot claim to influence higher emotions.

DEMOCRATIZED RELIGION

Dnyaneshwar's mission in life was to overthrow the supremacy of the priesthood in keeping the knowledge of the Vedas and sacred books written in Sanskrit exclusively to themselves, and to open the gates of spiritual knowledge to the Hindu community of any Varna by translating the Bhagvad Gita in beautiful and poetical and learned commentary named "Bhavartha Dipika" popularly known as "Dnyaneshwari" in the Marathi language.

Whether one believes in miracles or not, it is difficult to withhold admiration, respect and wonder at the intellectual feat of writing monumental works like Dnyaneshwari and Amritanubhava during a very short span of life of a little more than two decades. The moral and religious elevation of the masses effected by Dnyaneshwar during his life of very short duration is in itself a marvel and miracle. Dnyaneshwar was the first saint and prophet of Maharashtra and founder of the Bhagvat Dharma and was a leader of the reform movement like Luther in Western Europe in overthrowing the authority of the clergy and the priests. Just as Bible which was previously the special preserve of the priestly class who knew Latin and was made accessible to all by translation of it into English, Dnyaneshwar opened the flood gates of spiritual knowledge by translating Bhagvat Gita into Marathi.

TULSIDAS TO SPEAK HIS OWN LANGUAGE

The Hindustani version of "Sant Tulsidas," the popular Ranjit film, will be released next week at the Royal Opera House. The picture which had a most successful run in its Marathi version boasts a stellar cast led by Leela Chitnis, Pagnis, Datey, etc.

KANARESE FILM AT IMPERIAL ON SUNDAY MORN.

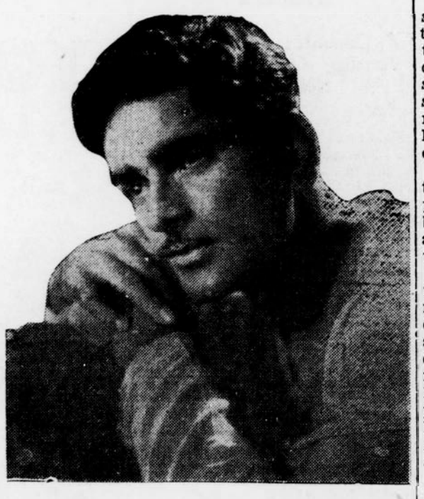
Also Indian Army News-Reel

The Bombay Talkies' documentary film, "A Day In The Indian Army" will be an additional attraction at the Imperial on Sunday morning at 10 a.m. when the Kanarese picture, "Druva Kumar" will be screened. The picture was shown last week and proved very popular with Kanarese film fans.

Men, Marriage & Maniacs!

About Single-Theme Pictures And Ranjit's "Pagal" In Particular

(By Our Film Critic)



PRITHVIRAJ who, after his fine work in "Chingari" and "India To-day", achieves a third triumph in "Pagal", at Imperial.

If I have written it once I have written it a dozen times that many of our films suffer from diffused theme patterns. With their half-baked ideas about social issues, the scenarists, directors and dialogue-writers try to put in every conceivable problem into the same picture—Village Life versus City life; Ideal Hindu wife against an educated vamp; Rich versus Poor; Harijan welfare and Rural uplift. Every courtesan delivers long and tiresome tirades against the ever-convenient *Samaj;* every poor character talks the sort of socialism that was out of date in the 19th century and poor Bharat Mata is dragged in unnecessarily in every third dialogue. Then to provide entertainment for the so-called masses, dozen songs, at least one *nautch* scene, an amateur dance recital, and Holi or Divali scenes etc. are added without caring to interweave them into the main pattern of the story. The result is the sort of hotch-potch picture we get so frequently.

"Admi", "Rebecca", "Woman"!

If only our producers, directors and scenarists analysed the recent successful pictures, both Indian and foreign, they would immediately find out that each of them was characterized by unity of theme. In "Rebecca", the entire length of the film was haunted by one single invisible personality; "My Son, My Son!" did not deviate for a foot from the conflict of father against son that was the main theme; "Admi" became a dramatic triumph because each single scene was directly related to the two main characters and their personal problems and "Woman" has scored so well because the character played by Sardar Akhtar has been successfully drawn to dominate everything else. Even an artistically poor picture like "Mother India" became so popular because it played on the mother love theme to the exclusion of everything else. Thus it will be seen that dramatic concentration on a single theme is the first essential of a successful photoplay.

This digression has been necessary because "Pagal" provides the latest example of this thematic homogenity.

Devil Is Roused

It is concerned with a single theme and, essentially, with a single personality. I do not know how the author himself would describe the theme of "Pagal" but to me the picture illustrated a fundamental axiom of psychology. In every man there is the angel and the devil. Both good and bad instincts are present in every human mind. We are all born morally blank with the potentialities of both good and evil within us. And it is the sum total of our social environment, economic circumstances, intellectual training and, equally important, accidents of friendships, love and marriage that determine which of the two contradictory elements—moral or amoral—will more strongly influence one's conduct. It is not infrequently seen that something happens in the life of a perfectly decent person that upsets his moral balance and all his good qualities suffer an eclipse. The devil in him, hitherto kept in check by religion, by social obligations and ethical considerations, is suddenly released. The good man becomes bad. It is the business of a rational society to analyse these cases of psychological metamorphosis and to minimize their recurrence by removing their causes.

Physician, Heal Thyself!

"Pagal" tells the unusual story of a Doctor, a mental specialist in charge of a lunatic asylum, who himself goes mad! This in itself is a highly intriguing and dramatic theme but it gains in a certain social significance by the circumstances that cause this change. Doctor Vasant was a cheerful, conscientious and perfectly decent young man. He was a kind officer, a good friend and a devoted son. His parents arrange a marriage for him and allow him to remain under the impression that he is to be married to an attractive emancipated girl whom he comes to love. He builds a castle of hopes and happiness which tumbles to the ground when he discovers he has been married to the plain looking, uneducated, cow-like elder sister. The situation is not unusual but the consequences are. Less imaginative men, under similar circumstances, would have stoically submitted to their fate. But it is enough to effect a complete change in the personality of the sensitive Doctor Vasant. (In this respect it reminds us more of "Manzil' than of "Dr. Jeykyll and Mr. Hyde" in which the change in mind was represented by physical transformation).

Inevitable Doom

Prithviraj who plays the main role helps to make this process of psychological transformation *visible* to us. A tall man like him

ANOTHER SAINT STALKS THE SCREEN—Pagnis in Prakash's "Narsi Bhagt," shortly to be released.

may look a trifle awkward in the rather too exuberant earlier scenes but soon after that he simply dominates the picture. With remarkable understanding of his difficult role he makes of it an essay in psychological delineation.

We watch him suddenly frozen as he sees the face of his wife for the first time, getting moody and bitter, his old cheerfulness gone, a new and growing callousness instead of his usual kindliness, the neglect of his official duties and the almost brutal treatment with his subordinates until the climax where, throwing all moral sense to the winds, he actually plans to kidnap the girl he loves, his sister-in-law.

The way this grim process has been worked out gradually and dramatically is a tribute to the director as well as the actor. Fascinated by the sheer horror of it we breathlessly await the inevitable doom of this once good and kind man as the tragedy mounts up like wild music reaching a crescendo.

Too Many Doctor Vasants

Irrelevancies there are a few in the story but they have been reduced to a minimum. The very force of the latter sequences makes us forget Khatoon's insipid portrayal of the wife, Madhuri's persistent Anglicised accents and her mannequin-like coiffure and gaudy dress which is supposed to represent the modern educated girl and we are even prepared to tolerate Sitara once again masquerading as a co-ed. The Romeo-Juliet sequence is well worked into the story and for once Charlie is ideally cast as a lunatic and his undoubtedly entertaining antics are not allowed to intrude too much. Nothing else matters, however, except the sad thought that the picture leaves that so many Doctor Vasants in this country are going mad to-day because.....But then one need not emphasize the obvious moral!

That Hollywood Touch

"Unprejudiced by "Holi" we shall look forward to see Director Kardar's "Pagal". This is what this reviewer had written some months ago. And now it is a pleasure to be able to sum up that the Ranjit Movietone's "Pagal" released last week at the Imperial is not only infinitely better than "Holi" but, by itself, is a notable addition to the year's outstanding Indian productions.

Indeed, "Pagal" is a good example of what fine results can be achieved when the producer and the director concentrate their best efforts on a story with a definite dramatic theme and give it the advantage of excellent technique. Thanks to Director Kardar's cutting and editing and Krishna Gopal's fine photography. The picture has that general finish and polish that we have always envied in Hollywood productions.

K. A. ABBAS.

ROXY BEING RENOVATED

Campaign For Better Theatres Yields Results

The recent press campaign for better, cleaner theatres, is yielding results. Although, unfortunately for our picturegoing public, it cannot be said that bad theatres are being improved, there is at least a tendency for good theatres to be made better ones.

With the recent change in management, the West End received a large touch of renovation. Now (without change in management) the Roxy is being renovated.

The renovation of the Roxy by the Kapurchands is a commendable example which, one can only hope, may be copied. Comparatively, the Roxy has always been one of the best kept theatres showing Indian films. Now, it will probably turn out to be the best one; in any case a lot better than some popular theatres releasing some of the best Hollywood product.

Kapurchands are reported at the moment to be spending a fairly large sum on improving the amenities of the public. The seating is being re-holstered, the walls are taking over fresh paint and murals, arrangement is being made for diffused lighting in the auditorium, there is a new and expensive curtain to cover the screen.

By far the most important improvement from the theatre patrons' point of view, is the new exhaust arrangement being made, to maintain a perpetual replacement of the air inside the auditorium. This device will be greatly appreciated by the public. Not only will it tend to maintain level temperature inside the theatre, but it will prevent that suffocating atmosphere which makes many of our Indian-film houses places of punishment rather than of entertainment.

The Roxy, when this renovation is completed, may well be proud of its place as one of the largest as well as the best theatres in this city. The work of refurnishing and fitting will take a few weeks yet, and it will be a new and greater Roxy that will greet Bombay Talkies new picture "Bandhan" next month.

STUDIO SPY'S 5TH COLUMN!

My colleague the Film Critic did start something when he wrote that article last week suggesting that the lives of Tilak and other contemporary immortals of India should be filmed. Seldom has a suggestion made in a newspaper received such prompt and wholehearted support from all sections of the film industry.

One of the leading Maharashtrian producers told a press representative that it was his ambition to produce—and perhaps act in—a picture on the life of the great Tilak.

I am also in a position to state that certain enthusiasts are already busy on a scheme to produce patriotic 'shorts,' of one reel and two reels, which would include pictures on the life of several great men and women of India. A very prominent local producer is said to have promised his support for the scheme which is likely to go into action within a month or two.

"SLIGHTLY EXAGGERATED"

Which reminds me that the poor Critic who had been having visions of fat cheques for making such a good and profitable suggestion has been the victim of a rumour to the effect that he has been sacked from this paper. I heard this rumour in practically all the studios I happened to visit this week and traced it to some local papers which had published the news. Like the report of Mark Twain's death, the Critic describes the rumour as "slightly exaggerated."

GIRL FROM CALCUTTA

A new addition to the cast of Wadia's Hindustani-Bengali-Eng-

PROTIMA DAS GUPTA, well-known Calcutta Socialite, arrived last week to appear in Wadia's Modhu Bose production "Raj Nartaki."

lish Modhu Bose production, "Raj Nartaki," is Protima Das Gupta who arrived from Calcutta last week. I have not yet met her but from the account that has been published in our evening paper, she appears to be a remarkable young woman—who actually reveals her date of birth, has toured Europe, actually refused an offer from Alexander Korda and plans to leave for Hollywood the moment "Raj Nartaki" is over!

"HINDUSTANI MAIN BOLO"

No one can deny that more than any other medium the screen has helped to propagate Hindustani as the national language. In most of the studios, however, people generally converse either in English or in Gujarati and Marathi. It is gratifying to hear, therefore, that Prakash Studio executives have issued an order asking the members of their staff to use only Hindustani while on the studio premises. Even on the telephone, "Kon Chho?" will not be heard!

I Hear

That Wadias have bought the screen rights of one of Poet Tagore's stories for a triple-version picture,

That Comedian V. H. Desai appears as a school-teacher in Bombay Talkies' "Bandhan",

That, during rehearsals for "Padosi," Director Shantaram spent many hours teaching certain prominent members of the cast how to laugh,

That Prakash's "Iqrar" (Rose and Jairaj) has now been retitled "Mala",

That Sudama's "Sajni" may be released during Sawan holidays but that their "Sawan" will follow later.

Readers Support

TILAK FILM IDEA

Will Producers Consider The Suggestion?

We print below two of the several letters we have received in support of the suggestion made by K. A. Abbas in his article, published last Saturday, that the lives of the great ones of India should be filmed:—

I

Mr. V. P. SATHE writes:—

I have no doubt, that your laudable suggestion to the Indian Film producers to produce pictures on the lives of the great ones of modern India will receive warm support from all those who clamour for progressive and purposeful film fare. It is to be earnestly hoped that the producers will give your suggestion the close attention, it so rightly deserves.

As to your concrete suggestion and a challenge addressed to the Maharashtrian producers, I am confident, that some of the most enterprising of them would come forward to accept your challenge and it would not be surprising if in near future an announcement appears in the press to the effect that a certain Maharashtrian producer has decided to produce a picture based on Lokmanya Tilak's life. To-day, Lokmanya Tilak is recognised as the greatest and most dynamic personality born in Maharashtra after Shivaji. And one who picturizes his life is assured of record box-office success.

In this connection I offer some practical suggestions which would prove useful to the producer intending to film Tilak's life. It would be readily admitted that the two most competent persons who can write an authentic story of the life of Lokmanya Tilak for the screen are Mr. N. C. Kelkar and Mr. K. P. Khadilkar. For, both are renowned Marathi dramatists and had the opportunity to be in close association with Tilak for years together. But as it is reported that Mr. Khadilkar has now retired from all activities, I think, Mr. Kelkar would be the best choice as a story writer. Besides Mr. Kelkar who has already written the life of Lokmanya Tilak in full details, can as well act as a technical adviser for maintaining authenticity in even minute details. With the renowned mimic Bhonde, whose perfect imitation of Lokmanya Tilak with all his characteristic mannerisms and life-like make-up have evoked much admiration from almost all those who had seen Tilak, to perform this memorable role on the screen, the producer's problem to secure an artiste suited for this role is also solved. Now that we are fortunate in having amidst us the playwright who can write the dramatic life of the great leader, most of which he has himself witnessed, and the artiste who has already won appreciation for enacting superbly the role of that great leader, need it be emphasized that this is the most opportune time to picturize the life of Lokmanya Tilak.

Undoubtedly, the film biography of Lokmanya Tilak will usher a new era in our screen entertainment. It will give screen a new and vital significance. In other words, it will revolutionize thescreen. But will our producers show the enterprising spirit? Let us at least hope they will.

II

Mr. VENKATRAMAN, writes:—

"Your fervent plea in the film page of the "Chronicle" for the production of films depicting the lives of our illustrious leaders, prophets, priests and kings, such as Akbar, Shivaji, Rana Pratap Singh, Nana Fadnaviz, Tilak, Gokhale, Surendranath Banerjee, Mohamedali, Lajpatrai, Dadabhai Nowroji, Subrahmanya Bharati etc., should make an irresistible appeal to such young directors and producers as Shantaram, Mukerjee, Kishore Sahu, K. Subrahmanyam etc. Fortunately, we witness to-day the encouraging development in Indian Film Industry of young idealists imbued with the spirit of adventure and conquest and untrammelled by little prejudices replacing the "ever-idea-less" conservative mammon-worshipping class of share bazaar and cotton market producers.

HOMI M. MISTRY, a Bombay youth, who has recently returned after a study tour of Hollywood and other film production centres of U.S.A.

"There is absolutely nothing impracticable or impossible in Mr. Abbas' recommendations. To doubters the most convincing answer one can give is that whereas a few moments and incidents in the lives of great men in the West are picturised to advantage and profit, why should we not translate the life stories of our historic celebrities and contemporary luminaries which abound in such a rare wealth of dramatic interest and incidents? Experience has also definitely proved beyond the shadow of a doubt that such pictures are remarkable box-office successes.

There is many a forgotten worthy of local importance throughout the length and breadth of India who are even to-day remembered with admiration, reverence and gratitude and the connected legends are still extant in the various linguistic zones of the country. The lives of these legendary heroes are crowded with incidents of rare dramatic power, human interest and theatrical value. Why should our producers hesitate to utilise those vast resources and materials.

I take this opportunity of commending to the public as well as the producers Abbas' plea for the production of pictures portraying the lives of eminent Indians. I hope and trust that more among the intelligent critics and cinema fans will come forward with their contribution on the subject which must take root in the minds of those who count by dint of propaganda and healthy controversy in the press; for nothing succeeds so much as propaganda in the propagation and [illegible] idea.

A scene from "Vijay Kumar" at Lamington.

PREM ADIB plays the role of an artist in Hindustan Cinetone's "Saubhagya" at the Roxy

BOMBAY FILM DIARY

CENTRAL — "Sant Dynaneshwar" Prabhat's new Mythological, starring Shahu Modak with Sumati Gupte, Yeshwant, etc., in Marathi and Hindustani versions. Excellent. Must be seen. (Ninth week).

KRISHNA—New Theatres' "Andhi" starring Molina, Pankaj Mullick, K. C. Dey, Shreelekha, Muzamil, etc. (Third week).

IMPERIAL—"Pagal" Ranjit film, starring Madhuri and Prithviraj. (Reviewed on this page).

MAJESTIC—"Rukmani," a Devadatta Films production.

MINERVA—India Artistes' "Bahurani," starring Rose. Anuradha and Kishore Sahu. Average entertainment. (Fourth week).

OPERA HOUSE—"Madari Mohan."

PATHE—National Studios' "Woman" starring Sardar Akhtar, Surendra with Yakub, Jyoti, etc. Excellent. Most Popular. Must be seen. (Tenth week).

ROXY — Hindustan Cinetone's "Saubhagya" starring Shobhana Samarth, Snehprabha Pradhan, Prem Adib, etc. (Fourth week).

WEST END—"Ardhangi," Huns' picture in Marathi starring Leela Chitnis, Baburao Pendharkar, Meenakshi and Winayak. Excellent entertainment. Very popular. (17th week).

Meenakshi Varmala and Winayak in "Lapandav", the maiden Marathi film of Navyug Chitrapat Ltd., shortly coming to West End

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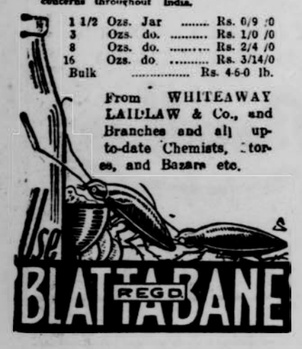

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Marathi Literary Conferenee & Indianisation Of Art

(Continued from page 6)

Bombay Art Society have been foreigners.

May I, therefore, suggest that the Literary Conference, in future, should not dabble in the province of Art, which can hardly fall within the scope of the term 'literary'. And, even if it dabbles, it must certainly not be misguided into passing resolutions as the one sponsored by Mr. Karmarkar.

Let me once more emphatically assert that I for one definitely stand for Indianisation. But I would certainly not lend support to those who exploit every occasion for the propaganda against the school and the manner in which they have been working.—Yours etc.,

"INDIANISATION".

Justice Reilly's Remarks

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—The remarks of the Chief Justice of Mysore, Sir D'Arcy Reilly regarding the national character of Indians in his judgment while disenrolling Mr. H. C. Dasappa from practising in any court in the State, are not only unwarranted and sweeping but highly presumptuous and even provocative. To say that in this land truth has been degraded to the level of political catch-words betrays a sense of racial arrogance on the part of Sir D'Arcy Reilly. We have no quarrel with the Chief Justice for having debarred Mr. H. C. Dasappa from practising as a lawyer. Mr. Dasappa does no more suffer than his comrades who defied or attempted to defy the magisterial order at the Kolar Gold Fields. Suffering is inevitable in up-holding a righteous cause. Truth is not the monopoly of one race but it is universal. To cast a slur on 400 millions of people having a great heritage of culture and civilization would not befit the position, Sir Reilly now occupies. It affects not only all from the highest to the lowest in the State, but also those living beyond her borders. This is not the first occasion that the same gentleman has given vent to his vituperations against a whole nation. It is high time that the powers-that-be should pull him up and warn him not to transgress the limit of judicial propriety and indulge in utterances wholly unconnected with the issues in question. We are extremely surprised that his Indian colleague Mr. T. Singaravelu Mudaliar should have subscribed to such sweeping generalisations which are of the nature of condemnation of one's own national character.

Sir D'Arcy talks of an advocate of the court having subordinated his conscience to an outsider who happens to be no other than Mahatmaji himself. It is well that Sir Reilly should know that Mahatmaji is no outsider at all in the sense that Sir D'Arcy himself is.

At a time when Britain is passing through a most critical period in her history and while the Viceroy and the Secretary of State are making earnest endeavours to secure the co-operation of Indian spokesmen to their cause, justice Reilly has ill-served his own country by making such irrelevant statements. The statement of Justice Reilly referred to above is as follows:—

"Among other things His Lordship observed that it would be an evil day for any country wherein morality was divorced from politics. In the present case, the respondent's professions and practice were different. It was surprising that an Advocate of this court should preside over a meeting of the Working Committee of a political body which passed a resolution questioning the impartiality of an honourable judge of this court appointed by the Government to inquire into the alleged police excesses which allegations have neither been substantiated nor withdrawn. And such people wanted responsible government. The Judge's personal view was that a kind Government could have not chance of success in any country. In this country truth has been degraded to the level of catchwords. It is sad, indeed, for an Advocate of this Court to allow himself to be deprived of moral standards. The Judge could not accept the excuse offered by the respondent that he along with his colleagues took the advice of an outsider and acted accordingly. No advocate of this Court could subordinate his conscience to an outsider. Concluding the Judge said that he considered such a man who had debased his morals not to be allowed to associate with members of the honourable legal profession and he was, therefore, unfit to continue as Advocate of this Court or any other in the State."—Yours, etc.,

(Sd.) S. RANGARAMIAH & Others.

Stock Exchange Crises

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—It is an unfortunate thing that the Stock Exchange should be at the present time suffering from what may be termed as unprecedented crisis. Emergence of a crisis is unfortunate in itself but when one remembers that though these crises have become a regular phenomenon in the Stock Exchange, one feels sorry that the past suffering has gone in vain and the experience gained during previous crises has not been utilized in preventing future crises.

What are these crises due to and how can they be stopped or at least how can they be reduced in their intensity and thus lessen the evil consequences? Strange as it may sound, I am inclined to attribute these crises to a short-sighted policy followed by the brokers. I remember to have heard a talk given on the radio by some one wherein the speaker questioned if the brokers had full sense of responsibility. What actually happens is that the attention of the public is not drawn to the market when the factors contributory to a rise are on the scene, primarily because very few brokers are able to take a proper prospective of things that are happening. When the market has already gone up fairly high, the brokers and clients both feel that the trend is changed and almost invariably public interest centres round at a wrong moment. Purchases are made and the market appears to be in a buoyant mood. People think that they have entered the market at the right time and as they see the market going up higher they make more purchases forgetting that their purchases alone are responsible for the apparent buoyancy of the market. These late buyers make the technical position of the market rather bad and either as a result of natural reaction which should inevitably follow a decent rise or because of some unforeseen circumstances, market begins to decline. Late purchasers and their brokers try to deceive themselves believing that they must be prepared for both side fluctuations in a speculative market, but that ultimately they would be able to square their business with profit. Purchases have been made by all and sundry who have no holding power. The market is in the state of a flattened balloon and any pin prick is good enough to burst it and then comes the crash which the short-sighted brokers have come to regard as a normal part of their existence. Immediately we have the veteran and weather-stormed Stock Exchange President, Mr. K. R. P. Shroff giving a lecture to his fellow-brokers impressing upon them the desirability of closing the market, unmindful of the interests of thousands of investors who have contributed to the well being of the brokers. The usual two-decade-old methods are employed, including asking for books of the brokers with a view to find out who has made heavy short sales. Apart from anything else this is a very objectionable method because the whole of the Stock Exchange Board who is sitting on judgment on the doing of his fellow-brokers consist entirely of jobbers, speculators and other brokers and are, therefore, interested in finding out who are the clients whose business is being done by other brokers.

While writing, I have not got before me a copy of the Stock Exchange Rules and Regulations and this I do not know if it is permissible but I know for a fact that people who have compounded with their creditors are allowed to trade. To me it appears illegal. A man may not have declared an insolvent, but if you know him to be in financial difficulties and if you still allow him to incur further liability, I think one is guilty of something, if not of a legal law, at least a moral law. I call this nothing but putting a premium on unscrupulousness. If a man fails to meet his liabilities on the due date, the only logical course to adopt is to stop him from trading any more. If this is not done because of brotherly feeling said to prevail amongst the brokers, I believe that this brotherly feeling is mis-placed for which the investors have to pay very heavily. I know of clients who have not as yet paid their full dues to their brokers and still they can find other brokers to do their business. Similarly, there have been cases where brokers in financial difficulties have been allowed to trade. Is this not a short-sighted policy?

LOOK AT THE RECENT CRISIS

Three or four brokers are reported to be in difficulties. Some one might be willing to pay 75 per cent of his obligations whereas somebody else may pay 50 per cent. of his liability. Now how can these, who propose to settle their claims or those who have paid their obligations by borrowing from friends be allowed to continue their membership of the Stock Exchange? Where is the guarantee that they will not gamble again and bring ruin to thousands of small investors? It is definitely bad business to have business relations with those who are known to be financially weak. The Stock Exchange claims to protect investors' interest. The only way it has served the public so far is by encouraging speculation and keeping the market closed in the most arbitrary way. If the Stock Exchange brokers claim to serve the public, may I in the words of the gentleman who recently gave a broadcast talk on the working of the Stock Exchange, ask:

1. How many brokers care to study a company's balance sheet before they recommend purchase of its share?
2. How many brokers can actually read a balance sheet?
3. How many brokers read Tariff Board Reports on various industries and the circumstances under which protection given to the industries is likely to continue?
4. What useful publication is being published either by the Stock Exchange authorities or the brokers?
5. Why do they not agree to listing of good up-country scrips for cash transactions?

Government has often tried to introduce measures which for one reason or the other have not become effective. Vested-interest can always raise some objection to the proposed reform.

Adoption of at least some of the following methods should, in my opinion, improve matters considerably. The measures suggested below appear to me so reasonable that I will just enumerate them without discussing their merits.

1. The immediate introduction of margin system or immediate payment of differences if the market has fluctuated beyond a fixed limit.
2. Fortnightly settlements or at least fortnightly clearings with monthly settlements.
3. The members should definitely be classed either as brokers or jobbers. The plea that this is not possible because business is often done on the telephone between Bombay and up-country centres is absurd. The member must make up his mind whether he wants to work as a broker or as a jobber and stick to his decision failing which he should run the risk of payment of a heavy fine for the first offence and suspension for the second.
4. The present tactics of allowing the brokers to issue brokers' contracts and/or principals' contracts at their sweet will should be abolished.
5. The Board should consist of two nominees of jobbers, five nominees of brokers, two nominees of non-trading members, one nominee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, one nominee of the Cotton Exchange and one nominee of the Bullion Exchange, who should not be a member of the Stock Exchange and provided these two Exchanges are willing to take a member of the Stock Exchange on their Board, one representative of the clearing banks, one representative of the shareholders' Association and one nominee of the Government. The President will be an ex-officio member. He should, however, be not a member of the Stock Exchange and should be well versed with economics and finance and in the bye-laws of the Stock Exchange.—Yours, etc.,

A ONE-TIME BROKER.

Public Urinals

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—There is a great dearth of public urinals in the whole city and, unless this complaint is removed, the people at large will not take to sanitary habits in this respect. Moreover, the existing urinals are in many cases kept in unclean and insanitary conditions and the Municipal Corporation is in duty bound to look to this matter as urgently as possible.—Yours, etc.,

A CITIZEN.

Bombay, 1st July, 1940.

Municipal Vagaries

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—The other day I had an occasion to pass through Bhawanishankar Road and owing to heavy rains I was compelled to seek shelter for the night with a friend of mine living in "Indira Niwas," Bhawanishankar Cross Road.

At about two o'clock in the early hours the piteous howling of a dog came to my ears and the whole household was aroused. When we located the place wherefrom the moaning howls emanated, it was found that a poor dog had fallen down into a man-hole near the building.

Practically every man-hole surrounding this building is devoid of cover and I am informed this has been the state of affairs for over two months. Cases were told me regarding the many times when ducks, dogs, goats and some other pets had been rescued. A time will come when some children will fall into these vile pits.—Yours, etc.,

G. B. VELKAR.

POINTS FROM LETTERS

LL. B.

S. P. (Ghatkoper) says that many of those who are compelled by failure to join the new course will find it extremely inconvenient to do this as so many have a job and others have to fill in their M.A. course. He suggests, therefore, that some consideration should be shown by the authorities to their case.

A. R. P.

Secretary B. B. & C. I. Rly. Men's Union, writes: Because of Air Raid precautions the lights in the B. B. & C. I. (Central) Yard are put out by 10 p. m., but that shunting of wagons still continues to take place which is a most risky and dangerous operation.

Sind Bar Council

G. N. Quadri says: "I beg to draw your attention to a rule passed by the Sind Bar Council which makes it compulsory for every new law graduate of a University other than Bombay to take legal training for one year under some senior pleader on payment of not more than Rs. 500 to him, before he is eligible for legal practice. It also provides that bachelors of Laws of Bombay University who are also bachelors of Arts and Science are exempted from producing such certificates of practical training for one year." He therefore suggests that the Bombay University should look into this matter which is likely to cause grave hardship to the Bachelors of Laws and to alter the position if possible.

200 CIVIC GUARDS TO BE RECRUITED

(From Our Correspondent.)

JUNAGADH, July 10.

A meeting of the War Civic Guard Sub-Committee was held on July 7th inst., under the Chairmanship of Mr. Abdul Majid Khan, Additional Law Member Junagadh State Council.

It was resolved that the recruitment of 200 men might be made in the beginning and that half the number might be reserved for Junagadh city while the remaining half be distributed in the several Mahals of the State. Each recruit member of the Civic Guard should be paid an allowance of Rs. 15 p.m. Regarding the expenses it was further agreed unanimously that a grant of Rs. 20,000 might be asked for from Namadar Dewan Saheb to meet with the expenses of the committee.

Will Hitler March Into Spain?

German Units Already On Frontier

(Specially cabled from London).

The Diplomatic Correspondent of the "Daily Herald" writes:—

Germany, there is good reason to believe, is putting the strongest possible pressure on the Spanish Government to join in the war and to permit German forces to occupy Spain as "Allies."

So far General Franco has clung to his decision to remain "non-belligerent" despite much urging towards war by the vehemently pro-German faction in his Government.

But the French armistice has radically changed the position.

Germany now has for military purposes a common frontier with Spain.

FORMIDABLE ARMOURED UNITS ON THE FRONTIER

She has already concentrated formidable armoured units on the border at Hendaye between the Pyrennees and the Bay of Biscay.

Consequently she is now in a position in the last resort to threaten Spain with an invasion if her demands are refused. The passage of German troops across Spain to attack Gibraltar by air, to Spanish Morocco to hold Tangier, Ceuta, and the southern shore of the Straits would be one obvious item in any German plan.

The curious arrangement by which a German armoured division is parading towards San Sebastian—a dozen miles across the border—may well be a preliminary step.

The parade may be intended only as a demonstration to Spain of the strength of the force which Germany could bring to bear against them if she chose.

But it may also be a first step in a much bigger move.

Spain has got to be watched in the days to come. She may well be Hitler's choice for his next victim.

And then Portugal will have to look out.

PIPELINES FROM IRAQ TO THE MEDITERRANEAN

Not Of Vital Importance To Britain But Enemy Must Be Kept From Using Them

(By Special Cable from London)

Referring to the pipelines from Iraq to Tripoli (Lebanon) and Haifa, the "Tablet" writes:—

The all-important matter is not so much that we should be able to continue to use them as that the Germans and Italians should be prevented from doing so. So long as we retain the command of the sea we can without difficulty obtain sufficient petrol along other routes, if necessary from the same wells as supply the Haifa line but by way of the Persian Gulf. In peacetime 75 per cent of the petrol from Haifa and Tripoli together went to France; France could not afford to lose them as easily as we can.

In the event of the lines falling into enemy hands with the terminal ports left intact, there is still reason why they would not avail the enemy greatly. For the whole of their great length they are extremely vulnerable to sabotage. It is impossible adequately to guard them; their maintenance so far has depended on the goodwill of the native populations and guards in places of particular importance.

Even should Haifa and Tripoli (Lebanon) both pass out of our control it is most unlikely that the enemy would obtain much petrol that way for Arab, Jew and Turk in Palestine and Syria are united in one respect to-day as they have never been before for generations, that is, in hatred of the enemy we are fighting.

GENUINE CORK-TIP OR Coloured Paper?

LIGHT A MATCH AND BURN THE TIP IF IT'S GENUINE CORK, IT WILL BURN TO BLACK ASH, OTHERWISE IT WILL TURN TO WHITE ASH

Too many cigarettes in the market are palmed off to the public as "cork-tipped" where as they're only tipped with coloured paper.

PALACE Cigarettes

made by a reputable English firm are tipped with genuine cork and contain pure Virginia tobaccos. That's why they give a cool, rich smoke.

SAFEGUARD YOUR HEALTH

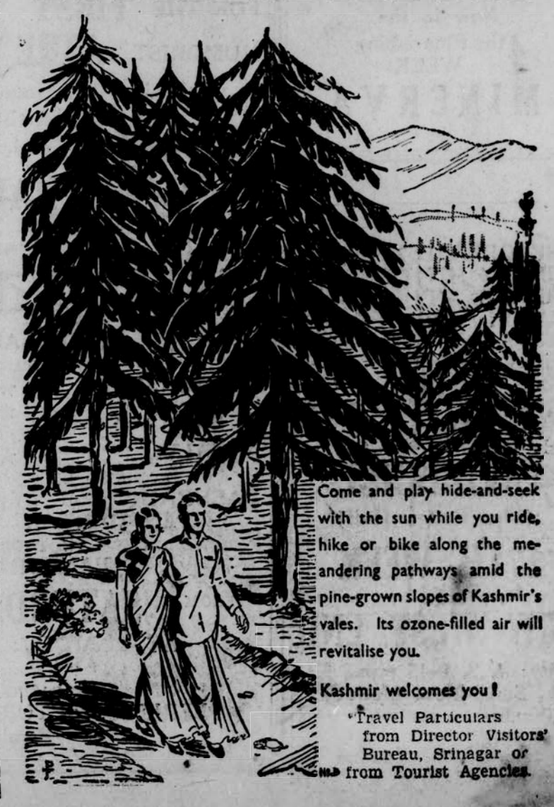
Smoke PALACE CORK VIRGINIA CIGARETTES

2 1/2 ANNAS FOR 10

Made by
WALTHAM TOBACCO CO.
London, England.

EASTERN CONCESSIONAIRES
P. O. Box No. 897, BOMBAY.

KASHMIR



Come and play hide-and-seek with the sun while you ride, hike or bike along the meandering pathways amid the pine-grown slopes of Kashmir's vales. Its ozone-filled air will revitalise you.

Kashmir welcomes you!

Travel Particulars from Director Visitors' Bureau, Srinagar or from Tourist Agencies.

FILM FOR THE WEEK END

is here

HINDUSTAN'S
Purposeful Social
with a suspense
that Bewilders you

SAUBHAGYA

Starring:
★Shobhana Samarth,
★Prem Adib,
★Miss Pradhan,
★K. N. Singh

Director:
C. M. LUHAR, B.Sc.

4TH FAMILY WEEK

NOW AT

ROXY

Daily: 4, 7 & 9-45 p.m.
Mat. at 1 p. m. on Sat & Sun.

Who pays the WAGES of SIN while the sinner escapes?

India Artists' Great Screenplay

BAHURANI

Answers this pertinent question

★ KISHORE SAHU
★ ANURADHA
★ ROSE

"A mirror of Indian Social Life"
—Bombay Chronicle

Daily 4-30, 7-15, 10 P.M.
Sat., Sun., & Holidays
Matinee. at 1-45 P.M.

Now in the 4th Flourishing WEEK

MINERVA

THE GREATEST COMEDY HIT OF THIS OR ANY SEASON

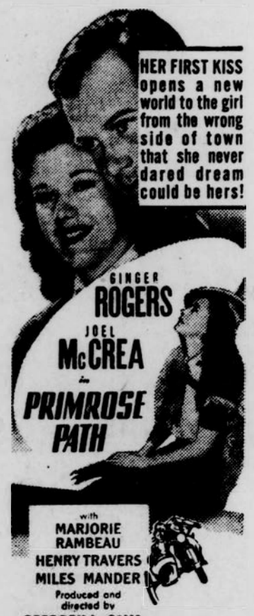
HUNS' SPICY FUN FARE

ARDHANGI
(The Better Half)

17TH WEEK
at
NEW WEST END

Daily: 4, 7, 9-45 p.m.
Sat., Sun., Mon. Matinee 1-30 p.m.

Tues., Thurs. Zanana show 1-30 p. m.


HER FIRST KISS opens a new world to the girl from the wrong side of town that she never dared dream could be hers!
GINGER ROGERS
JOEL McCREA
in
PRIMROSE PATH
with
MARJORIE RAMBEAU
HENRY TRAVERS
MILES MANDER
Produced and directed by
GREGORY La CAVA
RKO RADIO Picture

NEW EMPIRE
4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

FORWARD MARCH!

J. B. H. WADIA
PRESENTS

"HE'S IN THE NAVY"

WADIA MOVIETONE'S
DOCUMENTARY SHORT

Photography By DR. PATHY

Direction & Commentary By G. Radcliffe GENGE

IT'S AUTHENTIC!
IT'S REAL!!!

PRODUCED WITH THE CO-OPERATION OF
VICE ADMIRAL H. FITZ HERBERT, C.B., C.M.G.,
of the Royal Indian Navy

NOW SHOWING AT

REGAL

Along With

ZANZIBAR

Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

FOR THE HUMORIST FIRST ATRE TIME

Goes Serious & Reveals Artistically one of the vital social problems in

NAVYUG'S MAIDEN OFFERING

Lapandav

(HIDE-AND-SEEK)

STARRING

★ MEENAXEE,
★ WINAYAK,
★ SALVI,
★ VANMALA, B.A., B.T.,
★ BABURAO PENDHARKAR,
★ PAWAR

PRODUCED BY BABURAO PENDHARKAR

DIRECTED BY K. NARAIN KALE

PHOTOGRAPHED BY PANDURANG NAIK

FROM SATURDAY 27TH AT NEW WEST END

RELEASED THRU'
PEERLESS PICTURES, 116, Charni Rd., Bombay 4.

Declaration Does Not Meet Demand Of People

BURMESE PRESS CRITICISES BROADCAST OF GOVERNOR

RANGOON, July 11.

While generally welcoming the broadcast of the Governor made early this month in regard to the future of Burma, the Burmese Press comments that the declaration does not fully meet the demand of the people.

The "Sun" criticises the "uncertain and round-about" way in which the Secretary of State has replied, and hopes that when a declaration is made by the British Government concerning India's future, Burma will also have the opportunity of getting a clear declaration, which will be in no way inferior to that regarding India.

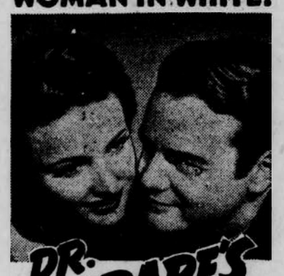
PLEA FOR CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY.

The "New Light of Burma" expresses gratefulness to His Excellency for the declaration, but, referring to the promise of a constitution, points out that the desire of the Burmese people is really the establishment of a Constituent Assembly, which would frame a constitution that will satisfy the people.

The "Progress" emphasises that all Counsellors to the Governor should be Burmans. It regrets that His Majesty's Government did not say that directly after the termination of the war, Burma will be granted self-government, but that they would be quite willing to enter on a discussion on Burma's constitution.

METRO
DAILY AT 3-30-6-30-10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045

FOR HIM... THE RED LIPS OF A WOMAN IN WHITE!



DR. KILDARE'S STRANGE CASE

A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer PICTURE

with
Lew AYRES • Lionel BARRYMORE
LARAINE DAY • SHEPPERD STRUDWICK
SAMUEL S. HINDS • EMMA DUNN
NAT PENDLETON
Screen Play by Harry Ruskin and Willis Goldbeck
Directed by Harold S. Bucquet

EXTRA!
M.G.M. CARTOON
JOHN NESBITT'S
"PASSING PARADE"
FITZPATRICK TRAVELTALK
ROMANCE OF CELLULOID
A DAY WITH THE INDIAN ARMY

TO-MORROW MORNING
AT 10 A.M.
THOSE MONARCHS OF MIRTH
LAUREL & HARDY
in Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's
"BLOCK-HEADS"

LOCAL BOARD'S ADMINISTRATION

The year witnessed notable changes of Government policy, says the report on the administration of District Local Boards in the Northern Division, of Bombay Province for 1938-39.

The general elections, following the elimination of all but elected seats, resulted in the emergence of an almost entirely new set of members on the Boards. While giving evidence of zeal and enthusiasm in the discharge of their duties, these members not infrequently lacked the experience of the older men who had been displaced.

Another notable change related to village water supply and the provision of village approach roads. The grants made by the Government were handsome, but, says the report, "it is feared that there has been a good deal of misapplication and waste, mainly because, it was the exception rather than the rule for a district to have a well considered programme and because many Boards, in their eagerness to show what could be done, budgeted for works which were not strictly necessary and could not be hoped to be completed within the financial year. The Government has since altered the procedure for the preparation of the water supply programme and it is hoped that the results will be satisfactory."

The working of the Boards in the Division was satisfactory on the whole and the various Presidents deserved commendation for their labours.

States' People's Convention

BOMBAY, July 10.

The Standing Committee of the All-India States' People's Conference will meet at Poona in the afternoon of July 29, and the States' People's Convention will also be held on the following day. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru will preside over the Convention which will be held in the new Congress House, Poona.—United Press.

Gandhi Scholarship For Harijan

PATNA, July 9

The Harijan Sevak Sangh announces that Mr. Jagadish Narayan Chaudhury, a Harijan of Bihar, has been awarded the Gandhi scholarship of Rs. 10 for the year 1940-41 for studies in the Shastri course.—United Press.

Standard Round Tours

The Great Indian Peninsula Railway have issued attractively printed booklets in English, Hindi and Marathi giving detailed information about the nine kinds of tours arranged by them, throughout India. Maps of different routes, together with the places covered by the routes, are given besides descriptive notes on places of interest with few illustrations. The booklets are issued gratis by the Publicity Officer of the Railway.

BOMBAY NORTH AND SUBURBAN TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION'S ACTIVITIES

The Bombay North and Suburban Secondary Teachers' Association's Third Annual Report, 1939-1940, "inter alia" states:—

Through the courtesy of the Bombay Branch of the Safety First Association of India we were able to arrange for the benefit of our members, a course of 4 lectures on "Air Raid Precautions".

We had a very instructive and useful talk on "Curriculum Problems in Secondary Schools" by Miss R. Reuben, one of our Vice-Presidents.

We arranged this year also, a free Revision Class for those of our members who were going in for the S. T. C. Examination.

At the request of the Special Literacy Officer of the Government of Bombay, the Executive Committee had nominated, Mr. V. K. Joshi, Mr. R. D. Rambhar and Mr. D. W. Joshi as the representatives of the Association on the Adult Education Committee.

We were able to enrol 97 new members this year. We earnestly appeal to all teachers in the area to enrol themselves as members of the Association and thus strengthen our organisation.

WAR CONTRIBUTIONS FROM NIZAM STATE JAGIRDARS

HYDERABAD (Dn.), July 12.

Under the patronage of the Nizam the Jagirdars of Hyderabad are contributing towards the cost of three fighter planes to be presented to the British Government through the Hyderabad Government.

Nawab Kamalyarjung, President of the Jagirdars' Association, has appealed for funds and has himself contributed Rs. 50,000.—A. P.

RESTORE PROHIBITION

B. P. T. U. C. Call To Workers To Observe 'Prohibition Day' On August 1

A resolution declaring its resolve to strive its utmost for the restoration of Prohibition, and calling upon the workers to observe 1st of August as "Prohibition Day" by holding demonstrations, was passed at an urgent meeting of the Bombay Provincial Trade Union Congress held on Wednesday, at the Servants of India Society's Hall, Mr. Zulmiram presiding.

The B. P. T. U. C., regretting "the unfortunate verdict of the High Court of Bombay, rendering null and void the Prohibition programme launched by the Congress Government on technical grounds", stressed the necessity of its immediate restoration, called by a resolution upon all workers and affiliated unions to do their utmost to bring it about by means of agitation, propaganda and demonstrations, and has directed the affiliated unions to co-operate with any other bodies for the purpose.

Resolutions requesting the Government of India immediately to repeal the Ordinance amending the Payment of Wages Act, protesting against the arrest of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, and supporting the workers of the Raghuvamsi Mills as also the strike of the textile workers of Nagpur were adopted at the meeting.

Government Examining Legal Positions And Will Consider All Representations

Enquiries in authoritative circles show that the report appearing in one of the Madras papers that the Government of Bombay has addressed a communication to the Government of India, asking for permission to re-introduce prohibition, is without any basis.

A representative of the Bombay Government told a "Chronicle" representative that the Government was busy examining the legal position created by the High Court's ruling. All suggestions put forward by individuals or organisations with regard to meeting legal difficulties would receive the careful attention of Government.

MAKING WOMEN SELF-RELIANT

Work Of Seva Sadan Society For 32 Years

The 32nd anniversary of the Seva Sadan Society was celebrated with great enthusiasm, at the Malabari Memorial Hall on Thursday evening, with Mrs. Taraben Manekial Premchand as the president.

The proceedings opened with an interesting programme of drill and recitation by the students of the Sadan and were followed by the reading of an essay on the life and work of the Seva Sadan's founder, the late Mr. K. Merwanji Malabari. The essay was read by a student of the Society.

Mrs. Manekial Premchand, in her presidential speech referred to the good work of the Seva Sadan in the last 32 years, and how steadily its many activities had contributed to women's uplift. The feature of the education and practical training imparted in the Seva Sadan was that it aimed at making women useful and self-reliant members of Society.

The Seva Sadan did not make any communal distinctions; it entered to the needs of all women without considerations of caste and creed. Its outlook was truly humanitarian.

She made an appeal to the public, to the education department and the Government to support the Society, for it deserved all the encouragement that one could give.

The president's speech was preceded by a few remarks from Mrs. Sirur, who said that men like the late Mr. Malabari who had devoted all their life for the cause of women deserved to be remembered with gratitude.

Nizam's Govt. Ban On Pamphlets

BOMBAY, July 10.

A message received from Hyderabad (Dn.) states that all the pamphlets in Kanarese and Marathi, "Kisan and Mazdoor", Civil Liberties in Hyderabad State and others published by Swami Ramanand of Hyderabad has been declared as confiiscated by the Hyderabad Government, and reproduction of those pamphlets in any language is also banned and made punishable.—United Press.

JUNIOR RED CROSS SOCIETIES IN INDORE.

INDORE, July 10.

A campaign for organising Junior Red Cross Society in each and every school of the State was launched by Pandit Moudgil, Director, School Education, on July 7.

Announcing
A SCREEN GIFT TO 1940
BY THE MAKERS OF "PUKAR"!
MINERVA MOVIETONE'S
MIGHTY & MAGNIFICENT SOCIAL SUPER

Bharosa

Directed by SOHRAB MODI

Starring: CHANDRAMOHAN, SARDAR AKHTAR, MAZHARKHAN, SHEELA MAYADEVI, NAVAL, ERUCH TARAPORE, GULAB, MENAKA.
NOVEL THEME
DEFT DIRECTION
TUNEFUL MELODIES
PERFECT PORTRAYALS
PSYCHOLOGICAL TREATMENT

Coming soon to your favourite Theatre.

"HITLER— Beast of Berlin"

EXCELSIOR 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

SMILING—
—as the Rose Smiles to the SKY.... —WILL IT BE SUNNY OR STORMY?

Romancing to Your Heart's Content
in BOMBAY TALKIES'
LEELA CHITNIS
and
ASHOK KUMAR
with
V. H. DESAI, P. F. PITHAWALA, SHAH NAWAZ, POORNIMA, SURESH, JAGANNATH.

Bandhan

Next Change at
ROXY

FOUR KILLED IN ENCOUNTER

Clash Between Police And Dacoits In Fatehpur Jungle

CAWNPORE, July 11.

Four persons including two constables are reported to have been killed and another constable seriously injured in an encounter between a police party and armed dacoits in a jungle in Fatehpur District. The military authorities co-operated with the police.

Acting on information, a posse of police, it is stated, set out in search of the culprits, but found their car abandoned on the road at Kalyanpore. It was, further, revealed that the dacoits had entrained a few minutes earlier.

The chase was, however, continued, resulting in the dacoits being located in a jungle near Berbigwan Railway Station.

Further reinforcement were rushed and an attempt was made to drive the dacoits out of the jungle, when they opened fire killing one constable.

The police lay in ambush all night and military aid was sought this morning, the dacoits, however, kept up a continuous fire and it was not before a second constable was killed that their guns were silenced.

Eight rounds of ammunition and two guns were recovered from the dacoits.—A. P.

BANDRA TALKIES
Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
From July 13th to 16th.
The screen silver throated boy
BOBBY BREEN
The screen's silver throated boy to whistle in R.K.O.'s
HAWAII CALLS

Sunday 14th. July at 10-30 a.m.
JOHNNY WEISMULLER
MAUREEN O'SULLIVAN
in
TARZAN ESCAPES

With a view to giving greater relief to debtors, the Government of Bengal propose to bring forward a bill to amend the Bengal Agricultural Debtors Act of 1935, in the ensuing session of the legislature.

TRADE AND FINANCE

Money Remains Easy At 1/2 Per Cent

Investment Buying In Government Securities

BULLION MARKET DULL & FEATURELESS

Weekly Market Reviews

(From Our Special Correspondent.)
BOMBAY, July 12.

MONEY.

The short-term money market continued to be well supplied with funds with the result that day-to-day loans were freely quoted at between 1/2 and 3/4 per cent. 3 to 6 months' money was in demand around 1-1/2 per cent per annum.

A return of the Reserve Bank of India, compiled up to 5th July 1940, reveals that Rs. 286.98 lacs worth of gold, which was so far held outside India, is now held in India. The Bank's holding of sterling securities is up by Rs. 2 crores, whilst Rupee Coin has declined by Rs. 133.27 lacs during the week. Total of notes issued records an increase of Rs. 166.33 lacs, whereas the active note circulation in India is higher by Rs. 70.50 lacs. In the Banking Department, Government Deposits are lower by Rs. 183.63 lacs, whilst Bankers' Deposits and other Deposits show an increase of Rs. 308.59 lacs and Rs. 41.65 lacs respectively. Ways and Means Advances to Government are up by Rs. 5.75 crores, and the item of Balances held abroad is substantially down by Rs. 5.15 crores.

A statement of the Imperial Bank of India, made upto 5th July 1940, shows an increase of Rs. 17.17 lacs in Deposits and of Rs. 14.77 lacs in the item of Investments. Advances by the Bank are up by Rs. 64.90 lacs, whilst the Cash holding is down by Rs. 43.43 lacs to Rs. 13.49 crores.

GILT-EDGED

The present lull in the war situation in Europe brought out investors in gilt-edged and there was a fair inquiry in all scrips, with sellers restrained. 3-1/2 per cent. Rupee Paper, in consequence, advanced from Rs. 85-12 to Rs. 88 at the close although there was no change in the London market, where 3-1/2 per cent. India Sterling Stock was quoted unchanged at £91-1/2 throughout the week. Amongst other dated bonds 2-3/4 per cent. 1948-52 loan gained well nigh a point at Rs. 93-8, and 3 per cent. 1951-54 loan advanced from Rs. 93 to Rs. 93-10 at the close. Whilst 3 per cent. 1941 bonds were fairly well maintained around Rs. 100-6. 3 per cent. 1963-65 loan moved up from Rs. 85 to Rs. 86, 3-1/2 per cent. 1947-50 loan from Rs. 98-13 to Rs. 99 and 4 per cent. 1943 bonds from Rs. 103 to Rs. 103-2. 4 per cent. 1960-70 loan ruled firm at Rs. 101 and 5 per cent. 1945-55 (Tax free) loan at Rs. 108-2. 4-1/2 per cent. 1955-60 loan was in request at Rs. 105 and 5 per cent. 1940-43 loan at Rs. 100-8.

EXCHANGE.

Sterling exchange was quietly steady during the week under review, sellers of interbank spot T. T. uoting 1s. 5-63/64d. and buyers 1s. 6d. Small business was reported in connection with security conversions. Merchant rates fixed by the Exchange Banks' Association were as under:—

Sellers—T. T. for spot delivery and upto six months 1s. 5-31/32d.

Buyers—T. T. for spot delivery and upto six months 1s. 6-1/32d.

In the free foreign exchange market in New York, the sterling/dollar cross-rate was almost static during the week. Opening at 382.50 cents, the quotation declined to 368.50 cents the same day and thereafter varied between 377.75 and 374 cents, closing at 366.50 cents. In Sterling for three months' forward delivery was unquoted during the week. In the Far East, the Shanghai dollar was practically pegged around 3-3/4d., whilst the sterling/yen rate varied between 1s. 3-3/16d. and 1s. 3-13/16d.

The rates fixed by the Bank of England for buying and selling various foreign currencies were as under: Sterling/dollar between 402-1/2 and 403-1/2; sterling/franc between 176-1/2 and 176-3/4; and sterling/Swiss franc between 17.75 and 17.85.

GOLD.

Compared to the hectic period in the bullion market a few weeks ago, the present was a featureless one with small variation in rates. Opening at Rs. 42-2-6, the highest of the week, spot gold moved within the narrow range of Rs. 41-10 and Rs. 41-15. The rates, at one time, went under export parity and some business in connection with shipments to U. S. was reported during the week. Ready delivery gold continued to command a premium of about an anna over August settlement, while business for September settlement was extremely limited. Some buying by the 'special' source was also reported. Sovereigns, after being quoted at Rs. 28-8 at the opening, were static at Rs. 28-5-6 throughout the rest of the week. Arrivals from upcountry are said to have averaged about 15,000 tolas a day. The floating stocks are estimated at 1,50,000 tolas and the daily offtake is thought to be around 5,000 tolas. The highest and lowest rates touched were: Rs. 42-2-6 and Rs. 41-10 for spot and Rs. 42-1-6 and Rs. 41-9 for August settlement.

SILVER.

The silver section of the local bullion market in sympathy with gold was dull and featureless throughout the week under review. Opening at Rs. 63-1-6, the highest of the week, spot silver was quoted between Rs. 62-11 and Rs. 62-4-6 for most part of the week except on Wednesday when it went down to Rs. 61-15. August settlement silver was quoted at a discount of four annas under spot with little business being booked for September. In London, too, spot silver was static at 21-11/16d. for most part of the week, but went up to 21-15/16d. on Wednesday, closing lower at 21-13/16d. The discount on two months' forward delivery narrowed from 1/8d. to 1/16d. on Monday, but again widened to 3/16d. at the close. Floating stocks in the market are estimated at about 6,500 bars. The highest and lowest rates touched during the week were: Rs. 63-1-6 and Rs. 61-15 for spot and Rs. 62-12-6 and Rs. 61-11-6 for August settlement.

SHARES.

A steady tone characterised the local stock market throughout the period under report. There was a moderate turnover, especially in the steel group of shares. Mill shares, which were almost neglected in the earlier part of the week, were also in a little better demand.

In the steel bloc, Tata Iron and Steel Deferreds, after opening firm at Rs. 1,775, ranged between Rs. 1,760 and Rs. 1,767-8 for cash, whilst Ordinaries moved within a narrow compass around Rs. 339. Business for July settlement for purposes of adjustment of outstanding contacts was also done. In the textile group, Bombay Dyeing after touching the bottom level of Rs. 900, recovered and closed better at Rs. 912-8. Centuries improved from Rs. 255 to Rs. 261 and Central Indias from Rs. 250 to Rs. 257 at the finish. Colaba Lands were fairly well maintained around Rs. 133, Gokaks around Rs. 183 and Kohinoors around Rs. 349. New Greats changed hands at Rs. 311. Hydro-electric shares were steady; Tata Powers moved up from Rs. 1275 to Rs. 1,300 and Tata Hydros from Rs. 154 to Rs. 160, whilst Andhra Valleys gained about 10 points at Rs. 1,490. Bombay Trams closed unchanged at Rs. 125. Bank shares were also on the upgrade in sympathy with gilt-edged. Bank of Indias moved up from Rs. 130-8 to Rs. 133-8, Central Banks from Rs. 32-4 to Rs. 33-12 and Reserve Banks from Rs. 97-12 to Rs. 99-12. Imperial Bank Fully Paids gradually improved from Rs. 1,422-8 to Rs. 1,440 and Partly Paids changed hands at Rs. 348-12 as against the opening level of Rs. 342-8. Amongst Railways, bargains were reported in Ahmedabad Railways at rates varying between Rs. 950 and Rs. 1,007-8, whilst Tapti Valleys were done at Rs. 778-12. In the miscellaneous section, Scindia Steams and New Indias were particularly strong at Rs. 19 and Rs. 38-8 respectively at the close. Bombay Burmas, on the other hand, were almost neglected around Rs. 530, whilst Belapurs hardened from Rs. 201 to Rs. 207 at the close. Associated Cements, after touching Rs. 114-8 mid-week, closed a shade quieter at Rs. 113-4.

CALCUTTA.

The Calcutta Stock Exchange reopened for business yesterday after a prolonged holiday. The undertone of the market was reported to be cheerful.

FREE TRADING IN SEEDS

Bombay: July 12.

The local Seeds Market is now left free and fixed minimum prices are removed

CALCUTTA SHARE BAZAR STEADY

CALCUTTA, July 12

Share Market continued steady and active and fair turnover resulted alround. Government securities appreciated further on fresh buying support.

Govt. Securities: 3 1/2 per cent Govt. Paper 87/12; 3 1/2 per cent Loan 1947/50 99/6; 4 per cent Loan 1960/70 101/3; 5 per cent Loan 1940/43 100/8 small lot; 5 per cent Loan 1945/55 108/6; 4 per cent Punjab Bonds 1948 101/14.

Banks: Allahabad pref 145; Central Bank 33; Reserve 98/8.

Railways: Bukhtiarpur Bihar Rly 44, Darjeeling Himalayan pref 97; Saraseraiganj 98.

Coals: Equitable 32/4; South Karanpura 5 ct; Union 33/12.

Jutes: Agarpara 23; Caledonian pref 156 c div; Kelvin pref 154; National 20 ex-div; Presidency 4/2 ct.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corpn 5; Consolidated Tin 2/15; Indian Copper 2/1 ex-div; Dacca Elec 14/4 ex-div; Indian Iron 2"/9 small lot; Steel Corporation ord 15/5; Steel Corporation pref 100/8; Assam Match 12/4 ex-div small lot; Balmer Lawrie 281/8 ex-div small lot; British India Corporation ord 3/15; British India Corporation pref 150; Dunlop Rubber second pref 108; Indo-Burma Petrol ord 100; Orient Paper ord 7/12 ct; Titaghur Paper (right share) 14/4; Titaghur Paper pref 107 ex-div; Buland Sugar 15/4; Hasimara Tea 38/15.—A. P.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

DISTRIBUTION OF PROFITS

We give below for your information a note of the net profits for the half-year ended 30th June 1940 and their distribution:—

	Rs.
Net Profits for the half-year ended 30th June 1940	44,69,800
Brought forward from 31st December 1939	31,88,300
TOTAL	Rs. 76,58,100
The Directors have declared a dividend of 12 per cent per annum free of income-tax absorbing	33,75,000
Transferred to Reserve Fund	2,50,000
Transferred to Pension Funds	70,600
Carried Forward	39,62,500
Total	Rs. 76,58,100

SHIPPING NEWS

EXPORTS

Bombay, July 12

9240 bags tale ground D Abraham and Sons; 265 pkgs cotton grey yarn K Gordhandas and Co; 800 bales raw cotton G K Kaisha Ltd; 59 bags white rapeseed D Abraham and Sons; 25 bales raw wool The Anglo-Thai Corptn Ltd; 19 bales cotton grey yarn James Finlay and Co Ltd; 13 cases brassware The India Merchandise Co Ltd; 10 bales cotton grey yarn Ralli Bros Ltd; 76 bags psyllium seed husk D Abraham and Sons; 175 bags gum N Devidas and Co; 54 bales d/s goat skins D Abraham and Sons; 438 bales cotton yarn W H Brady and Co Ltd; 50 bales lamb skins with furs A K Haruni; 56 bags gum D Mavji and Co; 23 bags linseed Ralli Bros Ltd; 100 bales cotton raw M S Kaisha Ltd; 24 bales cotton raw A Clayton and Co.

IMPORTS

332 bundles printing paper; 84 bundles writing paper; 137 ctns razor blades; 50 cases corn syrup; 141 bundles corrugated paper boxes; 36 cases syrup; 85 cases writing ink; 103 cases news printing ink; 458 bales cardboard; 250 bales newspaper; 200 drums aniline dyes; 1173 drums dyestuffs; 170 drums hydrosulphite of soda; 241 drums sodium hydrosulphite; 34 ctns clay tales; 40 pcs auto wheels; 76 cases files; 50 brls skin milk powder; 225 cases quaker oats; 80 cases corn flakes; 40 pkgs soda ash; 36 bales second-hand clothing; 160 boxes cadmium sulphide; 76 ctns toilet requisits; 1809 lse rubber pneum tyres and tubes; 65 pkgs radio sets and parts; 50 drums sulphur black; 31 pkgs graphite powdered; 129 pkgs auto parts; 567 pkgs medicines; 25 cases bromo paper; 22 boxes elect machy; 204 lse rubber pneum auto casings; 40 staps dental cream; 26 staps soap; 101 cases bolts and nuts; 44 cases elect antifriction equipment; 64 pkgs cotton fents; 101 boxes tin plate; 260 coils galvd plain wire; 345 pcs plain galvd sheets; 70 bundles w i galvd tubes; 820 coils galvd wire; 2541 coils wire rods; 69 cases auto storage batteries; 40 bundles paper wrapping; 57 pkgs bichromate of potash; 70 bdls tubes; 41 cases wood screw; 75 ctns camphor powder; 21 cases cigarettes; 142 bags dry fruits; 36 pkgs d s fish; 75 pkgs dry batteries; 42 bags garlic; 116 sacks leatherwaste; 54 bundles metal rods; 80 lse metal rods; 178 bundles stl conduit tubes; 44 cases electrodes; 455 bales cotton; 318 drums sodium hydrosulfite; 40 boxes sodium powdered; 3a cases hurricane lanterns.

LONDON GOLD

	London: July 11.
Gold Bars Fine per Oz.	£8/8/0

ASST. JAILOR DISMISSED

Sequel To Writing Letter To Jawahar Dictated By Political

LAHORE, July 11.

Dismissal of S. Gurucharan Singh Brar, assistant jailor of Central Jail, Faridkot, under orders of His Highness for, it is alleged, writing a letter to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, as dictated by Bhai Jaswant Singh 'Khtnda' formerly connected with the Ferozepur District Congress Committee and now an under-trial in the State Jail, has been reported from Faridkot.

It is stated that the latter was intercepted by a Jail official who produced it before the authorities concerned. The matter was ultimately brought to the notice of His Highness who ordered his dismissal.

The letter is stated to contain a reference to the ill-treatment meted out to political prisoners in the State Jail.—United Press.

WHEN IS ISSUE OF RUPEE COINS LIMITED

CALCUTTA, July 11.

The limitation of issuing rupee coins to the extent of rupees 50 by the Reserve Bank of India is confined merely to persons wishing to change notes without giving reasons and is designed to avoid imposing restrictions on small transactions.

Thus states the Reserve Bank of India in reply to a communication from the Indian Chamber of Commerce, complaining of alleged difficulties experienced by industrial concerns in getting sufficient number of rupee coins for payment of wages, which under the law they are required to do regularly.

The Reserve Bank of India adds that any party can get his reasonable personal business requirements provided he states what they are and the payment of wages is naturally included in "reasonable requirements".—A. P.

NEW COMMERCIAL SCHOOL STARTED BY ANJUMAN-I ISLAM

(From A Correspondent.)

The great need of vocational training is being increasingly recognised and the futility of passing the Matriculation and B. A. examinations and thus swelling the ranks of the unemployed is dawning on all those who are interested in education and concerned with educational problems.

The New Commercial School started by the Anjuman-i-Islam is, therefore, a step in the right direction. The school will rightly not confine itself to teaching commercial subjects only, but in addition to book-keeping, accountancy, shorthand and typewriting, commercial geography and other commercial subjects the pupils will be given a thorough grounding in English and General Education. Sport, Physical Culture and general school-discipline will be encouraged and kept up to the same standard as in the best High Schools. All boys who have passed the 3rd English or Anglo-Vernacular Standard will be eligible for admission. The course will be a five years' course, so that by the time the boy has completed his schooling he will not only have had a good commercial education but his knowledge of English will be at least equal to that of the Intermediate Class of the Bombay University. Very great attention will be paid to the correct speaking and writing of English as it has been found that even boys who have passed the B. A. Examination can hardly write a sentence of correct English.

It is felt that this Commercial School (which will immediately apply to Government for recognition) will meet the needs of boys who will have to seek employment as clerks, accountants and typists and employees in commercial firms. It will also meet the needs of those boys whose parents desire their sons to join them in their own business after what will be the equivalent of a High School Course and thus avoid the 4 years spent in High School Education and further 4 years in College Education. Experience has shown that after the 8 years of study in the High School and College the boys are as unfit for any real work as they were immediately after their Middle School Education. This state of affairs will, it is now hoped, be remedied.

Further particulars of the school and a copy of the prospectus is available in the Office of the Secretary, Anjuman-i-Islam, 92, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

The school will be equivalent to a full fledged High School but the standard of English and general education will be much higher that is to say upto that of the Intermediate examination of the Bombay University. The school will apply for recognition as a Vocational School to Government and it is expected that it will be recognised before the end of the academic year.

The school course will be of 5 years and at the end of that period boys will be sent up for the L. C. C., the D. Com. (I. M. C.) and the G. C. D. Examinations.

The school will have a well qualified staff and a Headmaster who is a Bachelor of Commerce and has already had considerable teaching experience.

The subjects taught will be the following:—1. English, 2. Gujerati, 3. Practical Commerce and Finance, 4. Mercantile Law, 5. Commercial Geography, 6. Salesmanship, 7. Business Correspondence, 8. Commercial Arithmetic, 9. Secretarial Work and Practice of Joint Stock Companies, 10. Bookkeeping and Accounts, 11. Insurance, 12. Islamic History, 13. Indian History, and 14. Shorthand and Typewriting.

After passing through this school, boys will be qualified if they so desire to appear for higher commercial and accountancy examinations.

The school will start working from 1st August, 1940.

BOMBAY GOVT. GAZETTE

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS

Mr. A. C. J. Bafley, C.I.E., on return from leave, to officiate as Inspector General of Police, Province of Bombay, vice Mr. G. A. Shillidy, C.I.E., proceeded on leave preparatory to retirement from 22nd June, 1940.

Mr. F. E. Sharp to continue to officiate as Deputy Inspector General of Police, Criminal Investigation Department, vice Mr. A. C. J. Bailey.

Mr. A. E. Davies to continue to officiate as Superintendent of Police, G. I. P. and M. and S. M. Railways, vice Mr. F. E. Sharp.

Mr. Mir Qasimali, Inspector of Police, Kaira, to officiate as Deputy Superintendent of Police, G. I. P. and M. & S. M. Railways, vice Mr. R. A. D. Hall reverting as Inspector of Police.

Mr. S. J. M. Peerzada, Deputy Superintendent of Police, Belgaum, to officiate as District Superintendent of Police, Bijapur, vice Mr. F. R. Ommanney.

Mr. F. R. Ommanney, District Superintendent of Police, Bijapur, on relief, to be District Superintendent of Police, Ahmednagar, vice Mr. M. R. Price.

Mr. M. R. Price, District Superintendent of Police, Ahmednagar, on relief, to be District Superintendent of Police, Nasik, vice Mr. J. W. Rowland transferred.

Lieutenant-Colonel Jelal M. Shah, M.B.E., I.M.S., Superintendent of Mahableshwar, to be on general duty at the J. J. Group of Hospitals, Bombay, in addition to his own duties as Superintendent of Mahableshwar.

Mr. F. C. Davar, Officiating Lecturer in Logic and English, Gujarat College, Ahmedabad, to officiate as Lecturer in English at the same College.

LONDON SILVER

	London: July 11.
Spot	21 13/16
Forward	21 5/8

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Here is the Ideal Remedy for Children's Colds

✓ **Avoids dangers of "dosing"**
Vicks VapoRub is simply rubbed on throat, chest, and back. No danger of upsetting a little stomach and thus lowering a child's strength just when he needs it most to fight the cold.

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With VapoRub, you do not need to hesitate about treating a cold at the first sign—or about repeating the treatment as often as you wish. VapoRub is safe even for the youngest child.

✓ **Brings extra quick relief**
Gets right at the roots of a cold. Its medicinal vapours are inhaled with every breath, direct to the air-passages. *At the same time* it acts like a poultice direct through the skin. It is this direct, *double* action that quickly loosens phlegm, relieves coughing, breaks up congestion, makes breathing easy.

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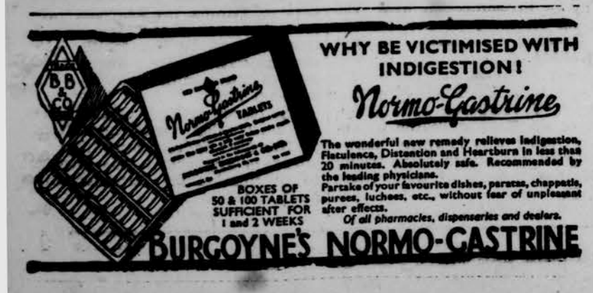
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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JULY 13, 1940

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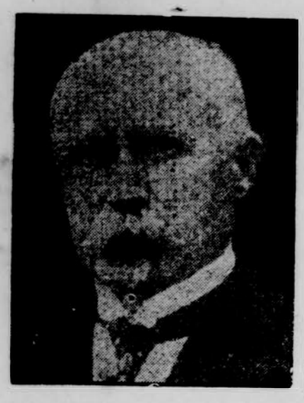
Petain Proclaims Himself Dictator Of France

Deposes Lebrun And Becomes "Chief Of French State"



Marshal Petain.

Says Will Place Country On "Entirely New Basis"

And Will Exercise Legislative Functions Till New Representative Bodies Are Formed

LONDON, July 11.

THE Bermounster (Swiss) Radio stated that Marshal Petain has signed a decree under which he takes over functions hitherto vested in the President of the Republic and the Prime-Minister.

Marshal Petain thus deposes M. Lebrun, who has been the President since 1933, as the head of the French State.

Another decree signed by the President regulates the powers of the Head of the State. He will exercise the full power of the Government in co-operation with ministers and under-secretaries of State who will be responsible to him.

PETAIN ON WORK AHEAD

A Geneva dispatch to the German News Agency quotes Marshal Petain as saying that the full powers conferred on him by the National Assembly would enable the Government to place the life of the country on an entirely new basis. Government had to face the greatest difficulties that France had ever known. Transport must be re-established and Frenchmen brought back to their homes and work.

France's New Constitution

The new political organisation in France was described by Marshal Petain as follows:—From now on twelve Ministers will have charge of the country's administration and they will be assisted by general secretaries.

The provinces will each have a Governor at their head.

The machinery of the administration will be simplified.

The activity of civil servants will no longer be obstructed by regulations and in this way officials will be able to act more rapidly.

Dealing with internal problems Marshal Petain is stated to have said that money had too often been the means of getting power in the France which had gone off the rails. In the France which had been built up anew money would now be the reward for achievement. Marshal Petain promised that henceforth work and family would be protected, the French family remained the guardian of the French tradition.

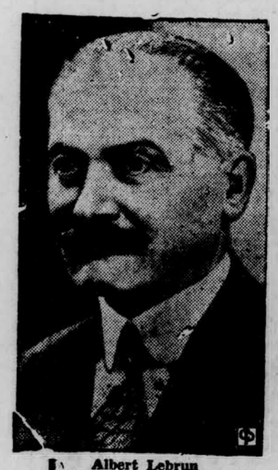
PETAIN'S THREE DECREES

The German News Agency announced that Marshal Petain under the New Constitution had signed three decrees which will appear in to-morrow's official Gazette.

In accordance with these Marshal Petain will undertake personally the duties previously discharged by the President and the Prime Minister, and will have the title "the Chief of the French State".

Marshal Petain will exercise legislative functions until the formation of new representative bodies. After their formation he will also exercise legislative functions during serious foreign and domestic crises.

The Senate and the Chamber of Deputies will remain in existence until representative bodies, to be established under the New Constitution, have been formed. They can, however, only be convened by the Chief of the State.



Albert Lebrun
President of France

PETAIN VESTED WITH PLENARY POWERS

The Havas Agency explains that the voting by the National Assembly of the resolution empowering the Government under Marshal Petain to promulgate the new constitution invests the Marshal automatically with plenary powers.

"In addition to powers to proclaim the new constitution the Marshal combines in his person the powers of the head of the State and those of the head of the Government as is allowed by the constitution of 1875".

VERSAILLES TO BE SEAT OF FRENCH GOVT.?

The French Government intends to transfer its seat to occupied France, Marshal Petain stated in a broadcast to-night, according to the Official German News Agency. Marshal Petain is stated to have asked the German military authorities whether Versailles could be placed at the Government's disposal.—Reuter.

Sir Sikander Hyat Khan, Premier of the Punjab, addressing a public gathering held at Juliundur.

AIRCRAFT FROM AMERICA

Britain's Policy Is To Buy All She Could

LONDON, July 12

"British policy regarding aircraft imports from America was to buy everything we could get," Lord Beaverbrook told the House of Lords this evening. He said, "In aircraft, the sky is the limit. In pursuit of that programme we spend ten million dollars daily, Altogether with the French purchases, we have spent over 600 million dollars, out of the total programme of a thousand millions. The money was wisely spent."

There had never been an hour's delay on account of the treasury. The Americans were up to date with the programme and had so far delivered everything they had promised and were a little ahead of time. We had no shortage of air craft but we must continue developing the programme as fully as possible—Reuter.

New Type Of Bombing Planes For Britain

BURBANK (California), July 12.

The contract for bombing planes of a new type, both larger and faster than the Hudsons, has been awarded to Lockheedvega Company by the British purchasing Mission. The value of the contract is 30 million dollars according to Dow Jones Agency.—Reuter.

U. P. GOVT. APPEAL TO FEDERAL COURT.

NEW DELHI, July 12.

The United Provinces Government has filed an appeal in the Federal Court against the full bench decision of the Allahabad High Court declaring the regularisation of Remissions Act XIV of 1938 'ultra vires' of the Provincial Legislature.—A. P.

Relief To Be Provided To Persons In Defence Area

LONDON, July 11.

Relief to persons in respect of rent, rates and other local debts is provided in regulations published under the emergency powers applying to any part of defence area declared to be evacuation area.

Rent and rates are not to be payable on premises becoming compulsorily unoccupied and no sum is to be recoverable during the compulsory evacuation period for the supply of water, gas electricity and telephone services to such premises. No sum is recoverable under hire purchase and there will be no remedy arising in consequence of default of rent, rates or any other such payment.

The regulations give power to Regional Commissioners to remove property, sell or otherwise dispose of goods perishable or otherwise.—Reuter.

BRITAIN TO RESPECT JAPAN'S NEUTRALITY

LONDON, July 11.

So long as Japan remains neutral, Britain has no intention of interfering with her legitimate trade, declares a statement issued by the Ministry of Economic Warfare on the subject of the Pan American Conference at Havana on July 20 on America's surplus production problem.

The statement says "Britain's interest in the Conference is in the prevention of supplies finding their way to Germany and Italy or German-occupied countries. Reports have sometimes bracketed Japan with Germany and Italy in connection with the blockade. Such reports are erroneous since Japan is a neutral country.

"While the Havana Conference is not concerned with the blockade question," adds the Ministry, "shipments from the Americas if destined to enemy or enemy occupied countries will be intercepted by our contraband control.

"In the face of ruthless German blockade of the United Kingdom, it will not be for us to relax any of our blockade measures but rather to persevere with them to the utmost believing that any relaxation would serve to lengthen the war".

The ministry added that Britain was anxious to see whether she could co-operate in finding possible solutions of America's surplus production problems, which has been accentuated by the war.—Reuter.

"Britain Will Fight On Until Fallen Nations Are Restored"

Greenwood Reiterates Commonwealth's Firm Resolve To Carry War To Victorious End

LONDON, July 11.

"The withdrawal of France kened Britain's determination to end. Indeed, Britain's will to win Mr. Arthur Greenwood, Minister menting on the war situation to from the war has in no way weacarry on the war to a successful has become stronger", declares without portfolio, when com-Reuter's Lobby Correspondent.

Mr. Greenwood, who is also the Chairman of the Production Council and has been designated by the War Cabinet to co-ordinate war production, added, "We shall never cease to struggle until freedom and fallen nations have been restored and our own freedom consolidated. Our navy has shown its powers of initiative and proved its intrepid spirit.

Our air force has daunted the German air arm. Britain on her own soil is defended by a larger army than ever before. Men from our Dominions and from small over-run nations are standing side by side with our home troops.

The productive capacity of the country increases. Larger supplies are coming to us from overseas. The spirit of the people is firm, steady and confident, whatever trials and sufferings may befall us. Britain fights on and fights to win."—Reuter.

Measures For Hindering Hostile Attacks

LONDON, July 11.

An order-in-council under the Emergency Powers gives the Home Secretary powers to direct the occupiers of premises to carry out measures for hindering a hostile attack. He may prohibit or regulate the use of vehicles on roads in order to prevent the spread of fire from incendiary bombs and order rooms to be cleared of articles.

With a view to preventing interruption of work by trade disputes the labour minister is empowered to establish Settlement Tribunals.—Reuter.

Sardar Patel For Wadha

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel left for Wardha by the Nagpur Mail, on Fridy, in connection with the opening ceremony of the Govindlal Saksseria Commerce College at Wardha.

NAGPUR, July 12.

Mr. S. Y. Kulkarni, vice-President of the Nagpur Textile Union, was arrested this morning immediately on his return from Poona under the Defence of India rules.—A. P.

Nagpur Mills Strike

Ruiker Seeks Viceroy's Intervention

NAGPUR, July 12.

It is understood that Mr. R. S. Ruiker, President of the Textile Labour Union, has addressed a letter to His Excellency the Viceroy drawing his attention to the textile strike situation in Nagpur and urging upon him to intervene with a view to ending the deadlock.

In the meanwhile, the notice issued by the management of the Model Mills expired to-day, and workers not having turned up, the Mills are closing down indefinitely.

The deadlock in the Empress Mills continues.—United Press.

Empress Mill Authorities' Terms To Workers

A fresh notice was put up by the management of the Empress Mills to-day stating that workers will be allowed to resume work with effect from July 15, provided they do not go on strike in sympathy with Model Mills workers or on the question of counting of days for payment of monthly wages which has been left in the hands of Government whose decision will be accepted by the management. If Government decides in favour of a thirty days' basis, the mills are prepared to pay arrears for May and June on that basis. If after joining, workers go on strike, the present offer will no longer hold good, and in case of non-fulfilment of the above conditions, the workers will have no claim to dearness allowance at all, and will cease to be employed of the mills from July 15. If workers give a written assurance to the Labour Officer by noon on July 14, accepting the above conditions, the mills will be opened on July 15 and the workers would retain lien on their jobs.

The notice adds that the responsibility for the present situation is entirely with labour representatives.—A. P.

Baroda Mill Strike

AHMEDABAD, July 12.

The workers of one more mill, the Jagdish mill have to-day joined the strike of textile workers in Baroda for dearness allowance, according to information received by the textile labour association here. About 4,000 men of three mills have so far gone on strike.

The representatives of the Labour Association saw the Dewan of Baroda and requested him to intervene and submit the dispute to conciliation or arbitration.—A. P.

Exploits Of Charlie Chan

Hollywood Murder

By Alfred Andriola

OKAY, VAN! THE NEXT SCENE I AM READY TO MAKE! LUGO GET INTO YOUR COSTUME!
ALL RIGHT, J.C.!
AS THE TWO MEN TALK, CHARLIE'S QUICK EYE SEES VAN CARR PASS A SLIP OF PAPER TO LUGO MANCE ...
KIRK, CAN YOU PERFORM PETTY LARCENY ON LUGO MANCE? WOULD LIKE VERY MUCH TO SEE PAPER WHICH HE PUTS IN BREAST POCKET OF COAT!
I COULD PERFORM ALMOST ANY CRIME ON LUGO MANCE! CONSIDER IT DONE, CHARLIE!
AS MANCE ENTERS HIS DRESSING ROOM...
J.C.'S WAITING, MR. MANCE!
ALL RIGHT! MUST I CRINGE AT THE VOICE OF THE GREAT J.C., TOO?
LATER..

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